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LEE'S
*Early Stringless
Wax Beans*
Packet 15¢

Arthur G. Lee
Fort Smith
Arkansas

LEE'S
*Big Boston
Lettuce*
Ounce 20¢
Packet 10¢

LEE'S SEEDS

SPRING
1923

LEE'S
Tom Watson Watermelon
Ounce 15¢ Packet 10¢



ZINNIAS
MIXED

PETUNIAS
STRIPED and
BLOTCHED

MORNING GLORY
JAPANESE

FOUR O'CLOCKS

**My
Special
Free Offer of
Flower Seeds for
1923**

I would like to see flowers around every home and will help you get them. The flowers illustrated are Sweet Alyssum, Mixed Four-o'Clocks, Striped and Blotched Petunias, Mixed Zinnias, and Japanese Morning-Glories, all beautiful and easily grown. I will send, **ABSOLUTELY FREE**, one packet of each of these beautiful flowers with every order from this catalogue amounting to \$1 or over, not including field seeds or plants. This offer is good until June 1, 1923.

ARTHUR G. LEE, *Seedsman
and Florist* **Fort Smith, Arkansas**



SWEET
ALYSSUM

Order Sheet for Lee's Seeds

ARTHUR G. LEE, Fort Smith, Ark.

Date.....192_

Name _____
(Ladies will please put the prefix MISS or MRS.)

P. O. _____

R. F. D. No. Box No. State

Express or Freight Office.....

If out of the variety ordered do I have your permission to substitute equal or better in the nearest I can supply?.....

AMOUNT ENCLOSED

Money Order, - - \$.....

Check or Draft, - \$.....

Cash, - - - - - \$.....

Stamps, - - - - - \$

Total, - - - - \$.....

Please Do Not Write in This Space.

Before Ordering Please Read Directions for Ordering in this Catalog on Page 2

[illegible]

Please Use Catalog Number and Name of Seeds, etc., Wanted When Making Out Your Order.

The Growing Demand for Plants, Bulbs and Shrubs

Realizing that the demand for plants and shrubs is steadily increasing, last year I added to my Catalog a plant department. I devoted six pages of my Catalog to the listing of flowering plants and shrubs of all kinds, which are shipped by me from my Nursery. Due to the heavy demand and large amount of orders which I received last year, for plants in this department, I have this year added one additional page, which makes seven pages in all devoted to flowering plants and shrubs. From the many letters of satisfaction which I received in regard to the stock which I supplied, I am confident that you can buy no better stock anywhere than that which I am supplying. The prices which I am asking for this stock is very reasonable, and the benefits received from the expenditure of a few dollars, in this department, are great.

I am offering some attractive combinations of plants in this department which should be especially attractive, for instance, my Dixie Rose Collection. This Collection consists of twelve of the finest varieties of roses that grow, giving you a nice assortment of colors. There are three red, three white, three pink and three yellow, giving you a variety of shades in each color. You will notice this attractive collection displayed in colors in the back cover of this Catalog; each rose is named and you know exactly what you are getting. I do not simply offer you a collection of roses of just any variety, but give you, as stated, twelve of the finest in variety that grow. I want to call your special attention to page 54 of this Catalog to my special plant offers. Look this over carefully, for I am sure you will find something that you will want, and the prices are especially attractive; also do not fail to carefully examine each variety listed on the seven pages of this plant department. Each variety is a popular sort of its kind and does well in this section of the country. On pages 47 and 48 I listed two pages of beautiful roses, all of the finest varieties.

In this Catalog, on pages 45 and 46, you will find two full pages of the best and highest grade of bulbs grown by any Seedman or Nursery in the country. All of the varieties listed are well adapted to planting in this section. A few dollars invested in these bulbs now will, in a few years, produce large beds of these varieties. Especially is this true of Cannas, Dahlias and Peonies.

For years I have listed Lee's Frost Proof Cabbage Plants,

which you will find listed on page 10. I have given this whole page to listing of Cabbage Plants and, knowing their value in this section, I do not believe I have used half enough space in telling about them, but owing to the great number of things which I list I cannot give additional space to this item. The general satisfaction and profit they have given to the growers in this section is pretty well known. It is one thing that should be in every home garden.

In the past two years in the northern part of Texas they have developed a business of growing Onion Plants. After thoroughly investigating this Onion Plant business I am convinced, beyond a doubt, that in a few years there will be more Onion Plants sold than there are Frost Proof Cabbage Plants. As you know, Onion Seed is a mighty hard thing to get up early in the spring, especially if we have a late, wet, cold spring. The seed rots easily, and especially does the weather have to be right for the seed to germinate. These Onion Plants can be planted along with your Frost Proof Cabbage Plants, and they stand any kind of weather. You will have green Onions earlier than any one else and have big Onions quicker than if you planted either seeds or sets. You will notice that I have given a whole page to Onion Plants this year and you ought to read carefully all on page 23 of this Catalog.

You will notice that I list only the Bermuda variety, which is the only variety of Onion Plants grown now. It think it a mighty good idea to plant these Onion Plants early, and a little later when the weather warms up plant some onion seed. In this manner you have Onions at all times during the season. I do not know of any plant that has been introduced recently that has equaled the popularity of the Bermuda Onion Plant.

When you have looked through my plant department of seven pages, the two pages of assorted Flowering Bulbs, one page of Onion Plants and the one page of Cabbage Plants, I feel certain that you will find something that will interest you, and I assure you that I am in position to give you as good stock, at as reasonable a price, as any one in my line of business. You have probably bought seeds and plants from me before and know from experience that I will do exactly as I say I will and that everything in this Catalog is exactly as it is represented to be. Send your order early this season.

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General Information and Suggestions

Parcel Post Zones

Weight in Pounds	1st & 2d Up to 150 miles	3d 150 to 300 miles	4th 300 to 600 miles	5th 600 to 1000 miles
1	\$0.05	\$0.06	\$0.07	\$0.08
2	.06	.08	.11	.14
3	.07	.10	.15	.20
4	.08	.12	.19	.26
5	.09	.14	.23	.32
6	.10	.16	.27	.38
7	.11	.18	.31	.44
8	.12	.20	.35	.50
9	.13	.22	.39	.56
10	.14	.24	.43	.62
11	.15	.26	.47	.68
12	.16	.28	.51	.74
13	.17	.30	.55	.80
14	.18	.32	.59	.86
15	.19	.34	.63	.92
16	.20	.36	.67	.98
17	.21	.38	.71	1.04
18	.22	.40	.75	1.10
19	.23	.42	.79	1.16
20	.24	.44	.83	1.22
21	.25	.46	.87	1.28
22	.26	.48	.91	1.34
23	.27	.50	.95	1.40
24	.28	.52	.99	1.46
25	.29	.54	1.03	1.52
26	.30	.56	1.07	1.58
27	.31	.58	1.11	1.64
28	.32	.60	1.15	1.70
29	.33	.62	1.19	1.76
30	.34	.64	1.23	1.82
31	.35	.66	1.27	1.88
32	.36	.68	1.31	1.94
33	.37	.70	1.35	2.00
34	.38	.72	1.39	2.06
35	.39	.74	1.43	2.12
36	.40	.76	1.47	2.18
37	.41	.78	1.51	2.24
38	.42	.80	1.55	2.30
39	.43	.82	1.59	2.36
40	.44	.84	1.63	2.42
41	.45	.86	1.67	2.48
42	.46	.88	1.71	2.54
43	.47	.90	1.75	2.60
44	.48	.92	1.79	2.66
45	.49	.94	1.83	2.72
50	.54	1.04	2.03	3.02
55	.59	1.14	.....	.....
60	.64	1.24	.....	.....
65	.69	1.34	.....	.....
70	.74	1.44	.....	.....

About Warranty

ARTHUR G. LEE gives no warranty, either expressed or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness or any other matter, of seeds, bulbs or plants he sends out, and will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms, they are at once to be returned, and any money that may have been paid for them will be refunded. Crops are dependent for success or failure on so many things besides seed that it is impossible for me to give any warranty or guarantee. This does not mean that I lack confidence in the seeds I sell, but I have no control over the seeds after they leave my house, especially as to the methods of planting, cultivating and fertilizing, all of which are important factors in the success of the crop. If I should warrant or guarantee seeds in any way, I could be held responsible for the failure of the crop, regardless of cause, and this is a responsibility I cannot and will not accept. NO RESPONSIBLE SEEDSMAN GIVES ANY WARRANTY.

Frequently orders reach me without name or address, and some of them with the postmark blurred. It is impossible for me to trace the senders, therefore please be careful to sign your name and full address plainly, on each and every letter sent me.

Shop By Mail--My Postpaid Prices Apply Anywhere in the United States

For those who only order seeds for garden use in packets, ounces, quarter pounds, pounds, or peas, beans, corn, etc., in one or two-pound lots, no attention need be paid to this page for calculation of postage.

On all items of seeds listed in this catalog in packets, ounces, quarter pounds, pounds, and in the case of peas, beans and corn in one and two-pound lots the price given on them includes postage prepaid by me to any postoffice regardless of the zone the purchaser may live in.

WHEN YOU ORDER

When you order seeds in quantity at prices listed by express or otherwise, not prepaid, and you want same to come by Parcel Post, you must remit an extra amount to cover cost of postage in addition to the cost of the seed. All shipments by Parcel Post must have the postage prepaid. As all seeds in this catalog that are used in quantity are quoted by pounds the weight is easily and correctly determined.

If you wish to order say 14 pounds (a peck) of corn, or 15 pounds (a peck) of beans or anything like that in addition to a general order of seeds in packets, etc., you should only calculate postage, according to the rates on this page, on the corn, or beans or whatever else you may be ordering in quantity.

You must figure the amount to be sent for postage on the quantity shipments both according to the weight of the shipment and the Postal Zone you live in according to the distance from Fort Smith, Arkansas. Your Postmaster and usually the R. F. D. Carrier can give you the proper zone information.

How to Figure Postage

Two things are necessary. First figure up the weight of the seed according to what you are ordering. Then, assuming that you know the particular zone you live in from Fort Smith, take the amount shown in the column for that zone opposite the number of pounds you are ordering. Whatever that amount is must be added to the cost of the seed so I can prepay the postage.

As an example we will suppose that you want to order 14 pounds (a peck) of corn. If you lived in either the 1st or 2nd postal zones from Fort Smith the amount to be sent me in addition to the price of the corn would be 18 cents; for the 3rd zone, 32 cents; for the 4th zone 59 cents and so on. With the above table it's very easy to figure it exactly once you know what your zone number is.

By parcel post seeds can be sent to any post office and if you live on a R. F. D. route, they are brought to your door. Seventy pounds is the weight limit. If larger quantities are wanted it would have to be split into two or more shipments. 50 pounds is the weight limit for the 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th and 8th zones.

Approximate Location of Zones

For those who cannot easily get information as to their zone I give the following approximate location of the zones. If at all in doubt as to your zone be sure and send enough to cover necessary postage. If you send too much it will be returned to you. The rates in the 1st and 2nd zones are the same.

ARKANSAS—Largely in the 1st and 2nd zones. Extreme eastern part in the 3rd zone.

OKLAHOMA—Has three zones. The eastern half is in the 2nd zone and the western half in the 3rd zone, with the exception of a few extreme western counties which are in the 4th zone.

LOUISIANA—Northern two-thirds in the 3rd zone, southern third in the 4th zone.

TEXAS—Divided among four zones. About one-third of the state in the northeastern part is in the third zone, with the exception of a few counties in the extreme northeastern corner which are in the 2nd zone. Balance of the state in the 4th zone, with the exception of a few counties in the extreme western and southern parts, which are in the 5th zone.

MISSOURI—Southwestern corner in the 2nd zone. Balance of state in the 3rd zone.

KANSAS—Southeastern part in the 3rd zone. Balance of the state in the 4th zone.

Seeds Postpaid By Mail

Remember that the prices given in this list include delivery of all seeds by PACKET, OUNCE, QUARTER-POUND, POUND AND TWO-POUND LOTS. Send me the amount named in this catalogue, and I guarantee safe delivery by mail, postpaid, in these quantities.

Cost of Sending Money

In all cases where the order for seed amounts to one dollar or more, the cost of postoffice or express money order, or cost of registering the letters from places that are not money order offices, may be deducted from the amount of the order.

Prices

All prices in this catalog subject to change without notice.

Express Charges

When paying express charges, be sure you only pay "second class" rates, which apply to all seeds. Don't let any express agent charge you first-class rates.

Lee's Bargain Collections of Vegetable and Flower Seeds

Lee's Half-Dollar Collection (No. 1) 50 cents Postpaid

LEE'S
HALF DOLLAR
COLLECTION

1 Pkt. Beet, Improved Blood Turnip.....	\$0.10
1 Pkt. Beans, Stringless Green Pod.....	.10
1 Pkt. Collards, True Georgia.....	.05
1 Pkt. Carrots, Oxheart.....	.05
1 Pkt. Cucumbers, Short Green.....	.05
1 Pkt. Cantaloupe, Rocky Ford.....	.10
1 Pkt. Mustard, Southern Giant Curled....	.05

1 Pkt. Onion, Lee's Prizetaker	\$0.10
1 Pkt. Okra, Long Green Pod .....	.05
1 Pkt. Pepper, Large Bell .....	.10
1 Pkt. Radish, Lee's Scarlet Globe.....	.05
1 Pkt. Squash, White Bush Scallop.....	.05
1 Pkt. Tomato, Stone .....	.10
1 Pkt. Water Melon, Kleckley's Sweet....	.10
\$1.05	

FOURTEEN
FULL SIZE
PACKETS

The above "Half Dollar" collection of vegetable seeds is the ideal size and selection for those who have only a small place to plant in garden. This collection gives you the mostly desired vegetables and each variety listed here is a good standard sort. This collection contains 14 full sized packets of seed which I will send you, postpaid, for 50 cents. No changes will be allowed in this collection. No others will be sold at this reduced price.

Lee's Dollar Collection (No. 2) \$1.00 Postpaid

LEE'S
DOLLAR
COLLECTION

1 Pkt. Beans, Lee's Stringless Green Pod	\$0.10
1 Pkt. Beans, Kentucky Wonder .....	.10
1 Pkt. Sweet Corn, Golden Bantam.....	.10
1 Pkt. Peas, Lee's Extra Early .....	.10
1 Pkt. Beet, Early Blood Turnip.....	.10
1 Pkt. Onion, Red Wethersfield .....	.10
1 Pkt. Cabbage, Early Jersey Wakefield ..	.10
1 Pkt. Collards, True Georgia .....	.05
1 Pkt. Mustard, Giant Curled .....	.05
1 Pkt. Cucumber, Long Green .....	.10

1 Pkt. Lettuce, Hanson (Head) .....	.10
1 Pkt. Okra, Long Green Pod .....	.05
1 Oz. Radish, Scarlet Turnip White Tip ..	.10
1 Oz. Radish, Long White Icicle.....	.10
1 Pkt. Tomato, Ponderosa .....	.10
1 Pkt. Pepper, Royal King .....	.10
1 Pkt. Squash, White Bush Scallop .....	.10
1 Pkt. Carrots, Danvers half-long.....	.05
1 Pkt. Water Melon, Tom Watson .....	.10
1 Pkt. Turnip, White Flat Dutch .....	.05
\$1.75	

TWENTY
STANDARD
VARIETIES

This dollar collection I think, is the ideal assortment for a first class home garden. It contains a complete assortment of vegetable seeds of the best varieties and has just the right amount of seed of each kind. If you want a good home garden that will produce a variety of vegetables throughout the season, I recommend this collection. For \$1.00 I will send you postpaid this collection which contains 20 varieties of seeds. No change will be allowed in this collection. No others will be sold at this reduced price.

SEE THIS BIG BARGAIN COLLECTION OF VEGETABLES SHOWN ON THE INSIDE BACK COVER.

Lee's Two Dollar Collection (No. 3) \$2.00 Postpaid

LEE'S
TWO
DOLLAR
COLLECTION

1 Lb. Beans, Stringless Green Pod.....	\$0.40
½ Lb. Beans, Kentucky Wonder Pole.....	.20
½ Lb. Beans, Henderson's Bush Lima.....	.20
½ Lb. Peas, Extra Early Alaska.....	.20
1 Pkt. Sweet Corn, Stowell's Evergreen ..	.10
1 Pkt. Beet, Early Blood Turnip.....	.10
1 Pkt. Onion, Red Wethersfield .....	.10
1 Pkt. Cabbage, Late Flat Dutch .....	.10
1 Pkt. Cabbage, Early Jersey Wakefield ..	.10
1 Pkt. Collards, True Georgia .....	.05
1 Pkt. Mustard, Giant Curled .....	.05
1 Pkt. Cucumbers, Long Green .....	.10
1 Pkt. Lettuce, Hanson (Head).....	.10

1 Pkt. Lettuce, Curled Simpson .....	.10
1 Pkt. Okra, Long Green Pod .....	.05
1 Oz. Radish, Scarlet Turnip White Tip ..	.10
1 Pkt. Radish, Long White Icicle.....	.05
1 Pkt. Tomato, Beauty .....	.10
1 Pkt. Tomato, Beefsteak .....	.10
1 Pkt. Pepper, Royal King .....	.10
1 Pkt. Pepper, Cayenne (hot) .....	.10
1 Pkt. Squash, White Bush Scallop .....	.05
1 Pkt. Carrot, Danvers Half-Long .....	.05
1 Pkt. Water Melon, Tom Watson .....	.10
1 Oz. Turnip, White Flat Dutch.....	.10
\$2.80	

TWENTY-FIVE
DIFFERENT
VARIETIES

For \$2.00 I will send the above splendid collection postpaid to any postoffice. This is the collection to buy where you have a large garden and wish to have some vegetables to sell after supplying your own needs. In this manner you have two ways in which to reduce the cost of living. No changes will be allowed in this collection. No others will be sold at these prices.

Lee's "Springtime" Flower Seed Collection (No. 4)

60 CENTS POSTPAID

LEE'S
SPRINGTIME
FLOWER SEED
COLLECTION

1 Pkt. Antirrhinum, Mixed	\$0.10
1 Pkt. Asters, Fine Mixed .....	.10
1 Pkt. Balsam, Rose-Flowered .....	.10
1 Pkt. Candytuft, Empress .....	.10
1 Pkt. Kochia or Burning Bush .....	.10
1 Pkt. Dianthus, Superb Mixed .....	.10
1 Pkt. Zinnias, Tall Double Mixed.....	.10
1 Pkt. Mignonette, Fragrant .....	.05

1 Pkt. Tall Mixed Nasturtiums .....	.10
1 Pkt. Pansy, Fine Mixed .....	.10
1 Pkt. Petunias, Finest Mixed .....	.10
1 Pkt. Phlox, Grand Mixed .....	.10
1 Pkt. Poppies, Superb Mixed .....	.10
1 Pkt. Mixed Sweet Peas .....	.05
1 Pkt. Verbena, Finest Mixed .....	.10
\$1.40	

FIFTEEN
BEAUTIFUL
SELECTIONS

I have named this Lee's "Springtime" Flower-seed collection because of the cheer and happiness it will bring to the home. The beautiful flowers produced from this collection of seed will radiate gladness and cheer as does the first beautiful days in spring. What brings more happiness to us all than those wonderful days? Don't fail to plant flowers this spring for the pleasure they bring will repay you many times for your work. Every member of the family loves flowers. I will send you this collection postpaid for 60 cents. No changes will be allowed in this collection. No others will be sold at this reduced price.

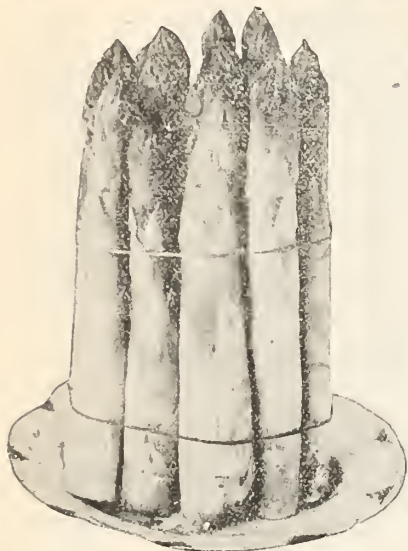
The above collections are composed only of the very finest strains of seeds. Every variety is selected for its dependability. The character and quality of the seeds in these collections are of the type that I know will create confidence in Lee's Seeds.

Lee's Dixie Rose Collection \$2.00 Postpaid

Twelve of the best everblooming Bush Roses that grow, three white, three red, three yellow, three pink. Twelve separate and distinct varieties, well rooted, healthy plants, postpaid for \$2.00. See all the varieties in natural colors on the back cover.

Lee's Dependable Vegetable Seeds

ASPARAGUS SEED



Palmetto Asparagus

Palmetto (No. 6.) This is the best variety for the south. Seed can be sown in drills about 18 inches apart and two inches deep, in rich soil, planting 15 to 20 seeds to each foot of row. When plants are well up thin to about 1 inch apart. The plants should be ready to re-set the next spring and should be set 4 to 6 inches deep in rows 4 to 6 feet apart. Be sure and use lots of manure on asparagus. If you want the earliest and best asparagus, plant this variety. **Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 15c; ¼ pound, 35c; pound, \$1.00; postpaid.**

ASPARAGUS ROOTS

Palmetto (No. 7.) By using my splendid 2 year old Palmetto Asparagus Roots you can save from 1½ to 2 years time in getting your asparagus bed in condition to cut. The permanent bed should be prepared by deep plowing or spading and thoroughly enriching the ground with stable manure. Set the plants four inches deep and one to two feet apart in rows 4 to 6 feet apart. After the plants are well started, give frequent and thorough cultivation. Early the next spring spade in a heavy dressing of manure and about one quart of salt and double the quantity of fresh wood ashes to each square rod and cultivate well as long as the size of plants will permit, or until they begin to die down. The next season the bed may be cut over two or three times, but if this is done, all the shoots, no matter how small, should be cut. A bed fifteen by fifty feet, requiring about one hundred plants, if well cultivated and manured, should give the following season an abundant supply for an ordinary family and continue productive for eight or ten years. It is best to plant the roots. While it costs more, the time saved and the better growth you get, more than makes up this difference in price. **Per dozen, 30c; 50 roots, \$1.00; \$1.75 per 100 postpaid. By express or freight, not prepaid, \$1.25 per 100; \$10.00 per 1,000.**

Green Globe Artichokes (No. 8.) Best flavored and largest of all Artichokes. Its large, fleshy, flower heads are prepared and eaten like asparagus. Sow seed in April or May in the open ground and transplant the following spring in beds, placing the rows 3 feet apart. **Packet, 10 cents.**

Brussels Sprouts (No. 9.) This plant grows 2 or 3 feet high and produces from the sides of the stalks numerous little sprouts, 1 or 2 inches in diameter resembling cabbage. The leaves should be broken down in the fall to give the "sprouts" room to grow. They are very tender and sweet after early frost. The small heads are boiled and served in the same manner as cabbage. Sow in seed-bed in May. **Packet, 10c; ½ ounce, 15 cents; ounce, 25 cents; ¼ pound, 75 cents; pound, \$2.50, postpaid.**

White Cape Broccoli (No. 10.) This vegetable very closely resembles Cauliflower and is used in the same manner. It thrives best in rich soil and during cold weather and is cultivated like Cauliflower. To obtain the best flavor, Broccoli should be cooked soon after being cut. White Cape is the best variety, making a large, compact head of creamy white color, of good flavor. **Packet, 15 cents; ½ ounce, 40 cents; ounce, 75 cents; ¼ pound, \$2.50; postpaid.**

BORECOLE OR KALE

Kale is more hardy than cabbage and is improved by frost. It makes fine greens and is planted in the spring and fall.

Siberian (No. 11.) One of the best known and most largely used varieties of Kale. It is sometimes called sprouts or German Greens. The bluish green leaves are very large and comparatively plain in the center, but coarsely cut and distinctly frilled on the edge. The plant is low but spreading and very hardy. **Packet, 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00; postpaid.**

LEE'S BUSH BEANS

Culture Beans are tender and must not be sown until the ground is warm and dry. Continuous crops may be grown through the entire summer as bush beans are sown from March to September. Rows may be made 2 feet apart, and the beans planted a few inches apart in the drills covering 2 inches. Cultivate and hoe frequently, always, however, when the vines are perfectly dry. In hoeing draw the soil up towards the rows or plants. As fast as the beans mature pick them off if you want them to stay in bearing for a long time. One pound will plant 75 feet of row; about 90 pounds (1½ bushels) per acre.

Extra Early Refugee (No. 16) One of the best and earliest green podded bush beans. It is an early form of the famous old late Refugee or Thousand-to-one, maturing its pods in about 30 days. This variety is almost certain to produce a crop even in unfavorable seasons and it has no equal when it comes to withstanding extremely wet or dry weather without serious injury. It is suitable for early or late planting and is a vigorous grower and a heavy bearer. The pods are of medium size, round, light green and of good quality. This variety has the four desirable things which makes it a good bean for the home garden and market. These four things are earliness, sureness of crop, quality and quantity. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ pound, 20 cents; pound, 40 cents; 2 pounds, 70 cents; postpaid. Not prepaid: 15 pounds (pk.), \$2.75; 60 pounds (bu.), \$10.20; 100 pounds, \$17.00.**



Siberian Borecole or Kale

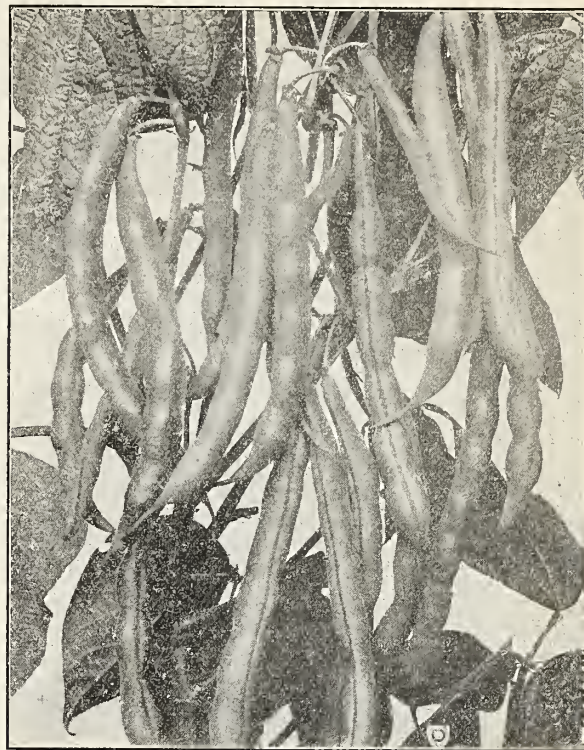
LEE'S HOME GARDEN BEAN COLLECTION (No. 18) 30c POSTPAID

To meet the increasing demand for a good assortment of Beans for a small garden, I offer this splendid collection. It contains one packet each of Lee's Stringless Green Pod, Lee's Stringless Wax Pod, Kentucky Wonder and Henderson's Bush Lima, all of which are leaders in their particular class. I know you will be more than pleased with Lee's Home Garden Bean collection. The 4 full-sized packets, postpaid, for 30 cents.

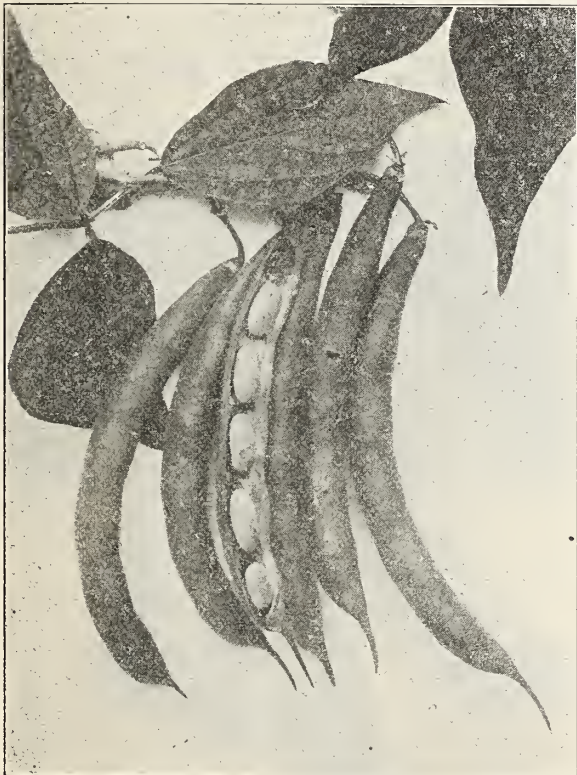
Lee's Stringless Green Pod (No. 12) This variety has become very popular because of its hardiness and productiveness. It is the only absolutely stringless, green round podded bean, which is stringless in all stages of growth. It ripens earlier than the valentine and remains tender and crisp a long time after maturing. It surpasses all other bush beans in crisp tender qualities and flavor. The plants have a spreading habit of growth, and produce large quantities of pods which are very uniform both in size and shape. Pods are pale green, long and straight, round and meaty. Through the south this variety has been proven to be without an equal. It is especially valuable for the home garden, having the desirable qualities of being very early, stringless, a heavy bearer, remains tender and edible after maturity and bears longer than other varieties. I highly recommend this variety. Packet, 10c; ½ pound, 20c; pound, 40c; 2 pounds, 75c; postpaid. Not prepaid: 15 lbs. (pk.), \$3.25; 60 lbs. (bu.), \$12.00; 100 lbs., \$20.00.

Mammoth Stringless Green Pod (No. 13)

An absolutely stringless Giant Podded Bush Bean which matures a few days later than Lee's Stringless Green Pod. The pods are round and dark green in color, measuring between 6 and 7 inches in length. This variety is grown extensively for market as it stands shipping well. It is also one of the best home garden varieties I list. It is a heavy bearer producing an abundance of very brittle, fine flavored pods which are entirely stringless. As the name indicates this bean has a longer pod than Lee's Stringless Green Pod and is a few days later but it is considered a very early variety. The pods are very meaty and of fine flavor. Mammoth Stringless Green Pod like Lee's Stringless Green Pod is very hardy and for disease resistant qualities it has no equal. It is an excellent variety for the market gardener, canner and home garden. Packet, 10c; ½ pound, 20c; pound, 40c; 2 pounds, 75c, postpaid. Not prepaid: 15 lbs. (pk.), \$3.25; 60 lbs. (bu.), \$12.00; 100 lbs., \$20.00.



Lee's Stringless Green Pod Beans



Lee's Extra Early Red Valentine Beans

Lee's Extra Early Red Valentine (Round Podded) (No. 14)

My Extra Early strain of this famous old reliable green podded bush beans is ready for the table in 32 to 35 days. You should be very careful in the purchase of the Red Valentine Beans because there is a large quantity of the old flat-podded, tough, shucky beans on the market whose only merit is a cheap price. The strain which I offer is the true, round-podded stock which has full, meaty round pods. Pods are tender and of superior flavor and make an ideal snap short bean, one that always sells well in the market. My Extra Early strain is a great improvement over the original Red Valentine and is now the most prolific and profitable bean of its kind. This variety is used extensively by truck growers as it stands shipping well. It is also one of the best home garden varieties I sell. Plant Lee's Extra Early Red Valentine and you will know you have the right quality and that you are not taking chances. Packet, 10c; ½ lb., 20c; lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; postpaid. Not prepaid: 15 lbs. (pk.), \$2.75; 60 lbs. (bu.), \$10.20; 100 lbs., \$17.00.

Extra Early Black Valentine (No. 15)

This variety is used extensively by market gardeners both for nearby markets and long distance shipping. It would be difficult to find a variety that would equal this one in handsome appearance and for this reason it is largely grown for market. Being very hardy it may be planted earlier than other varieties of beans, as it withstands considerable cold damp weather. This variety is also valuable because of its blight resisting qualities and will withstand early and late frosts that kill other varieties. The plants make a strong growth and produces a heavy crop of pods, which are dark green in color, long, straight, and nearly round. This variety is Extra Early and a good home garden sort. Packet, 10c; ½ pound, 20 cents; pound, 40 cents; 2 pounds, 70c; postpaid. Not prepaid: 15 lbs. (pk.), \$2.75; 60 lbs. (bu.), \$10.20; 100 lbs., \$17.00.

Improved Round Pod Refugee (1000 to 1) (No. 17)

With the exception of being ten days or two weeks later, this bean is the same as my Extra Early Refugee. It is an excellent summer variety being an enormous yielder and good for both early and late planting. The plants are very large, spreading, exceedingly hardy, with an abundance of foliage. The pods are perfectly round and straight, tender and of excellent table qualities. This variety is very popular with canners. The pods are ready for use in from 45 to 50 days. It is especially resistant to drought, cold and unfavorable growing conditions which make it a favorite with the market gardeners. Packet, 10c; ½ lb., 20c; lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; postpaid. Not prepaid: 15 lbs. (pk.), \$2.75; 60 lbs. (bu.), \$10.20; 100 lbs., \$17.00.



Lee's Early Stringless Wax (No. 19.) This is the second year I have been in position to offer to my customers what I call the best Wax bean that grows. This variety is early, hardy and very prolific. It is entirely stringless and as good in quality and productiveness as Lee's Stringless Green Pod. The plant grows upright, bearing the beans well off the ground and is loaded with large, handsome pods. The pods average six inches in length and are light yellow in color. They are well filled and meaty, entirely stringless and of the most delicious flavor. I have seen a good many beans introduced and some varieties improved in the last ten years, but there isn't any of them that will equal Lee's Early Stringless Wax. It is the most prolific bush bean I know of and this combined with its large, handsome, delicious, stringless pods, makes it most valuable for any and every purpose. It is an excellent bean for the home garden and for the market gardener as it holds up well in shipping. Packet, 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 20c; lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 75c; postpaid. Not prepaid; 15 lbs. (peck), \$3.00. See illustration in full color on front cover.

Sure Crop Stringless Wax (No. 20.) This variety is very thrifty and hardy, will resist blight and stands a remarkable amount of dry weather. It is early, perfectly stringless and a sure cropper. The plant grows to a medium size, and, having a strong, thick stem, stands up well even during a long season of stormy weather thus protecting the pods from dirt and dampness. While this variety resembles the Currie's Rust Proof Wax in plant, pod and bean, it is in no way related to it, but is entirely different in quality, tenderness, and is stringless at all stages of its development. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pound, 20 cents; pound, 40 cents; 2 pounds, 75 cents; postpaid. Not prepaid; 15 pounds, (peck), \$3.00; 60 lbs. (bu.), \$10.80; 100 lbs., \$18.00.

Rust Proof Golden Wax (No. 21.) This is one of the earliest and best dwarf sorts and is remarkably free from spot or rust. The pods are of medium length, about 5 inches, nearly straight, broad, flat and of a golden yellow color. It cooks quickly as snaps and shells well when green. It is a variety of the highest quality and I can recommend it as an excellent home garden sort. Packet, 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 20c; lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; postpaid. Not prepaid; 15 lbs. (pk.) \$2.75; 60 lbs. (bu.) \$10.20; 100 lbs., \$17.00.

Pencil Pod Black Wax (No. 22.) A medium early variety which is very productive. The beautiful yellow, straight pods are from 6 to 7 inches long, well rounded, meaty and deeply saddle-backed. They are always solid, brittle and entirely stringless. They produce through a long season and the pods are of excellent quality. This bean is a favorite for the home garden and its handsome appearance makes it a ready sale on the market. It holds up well in shipping and is grown extensively for market. Packet, 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 20c; lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; postpaid. Not prepaid; 15 lbs. (pk.), \$2.75; 60 lbs. (bu.), \$10.20; 100 lbs., \$17.00.

LIMA OR BUTTER BEANS

Lee's Early Stringless Wax Beans

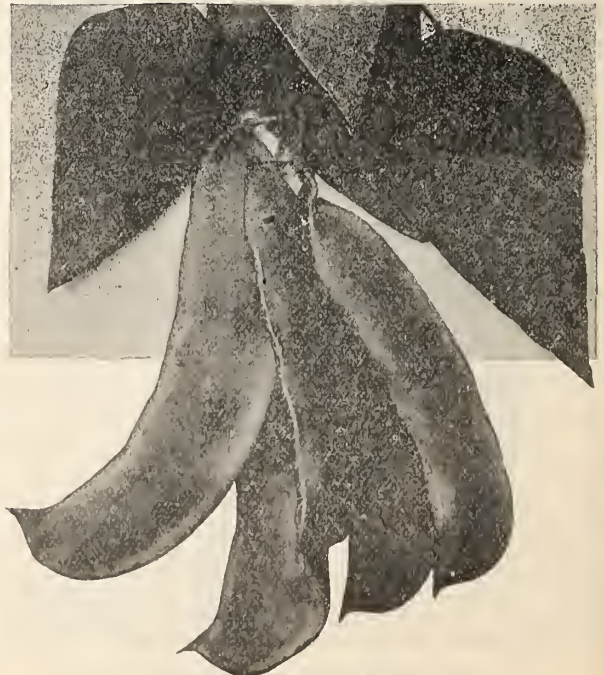
Henderson Bush Lima (No. 23) A dwarf form of the small White Lima, valuable on that account, and because of its extreme earliness, hardiness and productiveness. The pods, which are about three inches long, are medium dark green and flat. They contain two to four beans which are of excellent quality either green-shelled or dry. This variety does fine in the south and is the most used bush sort. It is used extensively by market gardeners and for the home garden. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pound, 20 cents; pound, 40 cents; 2 pounds, 70 cents; postpaid. Not prepaid; 15 lbs., (peck), \$2.50; 60 pounds (bu.), \$9.00; 100 lbs. \$16.00.

Burpee's Improved Bush Lima (No. 24.) This is the earliest maturing of the large seeded limas. The pods are 5 to 6 inches long and usually contain 4 beans. These beans are very thick, of large size and excellent quality. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pound, 25 cents; pound, 45 cents; 2 pounds, 80 cents; postpaid. Not prepaid; 15 lbs. (pk.), \$2.75; 60 lbs. (bu.), \$10.50; 100 lbs., \$17.50.

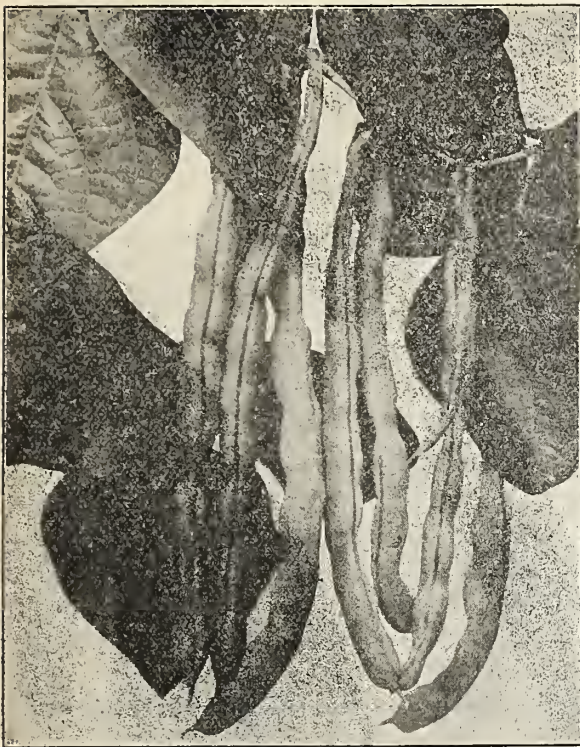
Jackson Wonder Bean (No. 25) This variety is generally known as "calico or speckled" butter bean. It is planted over the entire south and is the most prolific of all bush limas. It is practically drought proof and does well in the driest weather. The beans are of fine quality either green-shelled or dry. Packet, 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 20c; lb., 40c; 2 lbs., 70c; postpaid. Not prepaid; 15 lbs. (pk.), \$2.50; 60 lbs. (bu.), \$9.60; 100 lbs., \$16.00.

Small White Lima (No. 26.) This very early and reliable small seeded pole lima is especially adapted for planting in the south. It is also known as Carolina or Seiva Pole Lima. The pod usually contains 4 beans which are of excellent quality either green-shelled or dry. I believe that this variety is the most generally known "Butter Bean" in the south. Packet, 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 20c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 65c; postpaid. Not prepaid; 15 lbs. (pk.), \$2.50; 60 lbs. (bu.), \$9.60; 100 lbs., \$16.00.

Large White Lima (No. 27.) The Standard Large Lima pole bean. It is vigorous in growth and very productive. The pods are large and the beans are of mammoth size. Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ pound, 20 cents; pound, 35 cents; 2 pounds, 65 cents; postpaid. Not prepaid; 15 lbs. (pk.), \$2.50; 60 lbs. (bu.), \$9.60; 100 lbs., \$16.00.



Henderson Bush Lima Beans

**Kentucky Wonder or Old Homestead Beans**

be of much value when shelled green, but are fine when dry for winter use. Seeds are small, oval and pure white. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ pound, 20 cents; pound, 40 cents; 2 pounds, 70 cents; postpaid. Not prepaid: 15 pounds, (pk.), \$3.00; 60 pounds, (bu.), \$10.80 100 pounds, \$18.00.**

Lazy Wife (No. 31.) One of the best of the later green-podded pole beans for snaps. The pods, borne in large clusters, are from 5 to 7 inches long, broad, thick, fleshy, and entirely stringless. When young they have a rich, buttery flavor, which is retained until they are nearly ripe. The dry beans are excellent for winter use. Seed white. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ pound, 20 cents; pound 40 cents; 2 pounds, 70 cents; postpaid. Not prepaid: 15 lbs. (pk.), \$3.00; 60 lbs., (bu.), \$10.80; 100 lbs., \$18.00.**

Horticultural or Speckled Cranberry (No. 32.) This variety is also known as Wren's Egg. It is an excellent sort as a general purpose late green shell bean for home or market. Beans are large, ovate, flesh-colored, spotted and splashed with red, and of the highest quality. Many like this variety better than the Limas. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ pound, 20 cents; pound, 40 cents; 2 pounds, 70 cents; postpaid. Not prepaid: 15 lbs., (pk.), \$3.00; 60lbs., (bu.), \$10.80; 100 lbs. \$18.00.**

CORNFIELD BEANS

Corn Hill (No. 33.) This excellent variety of cornfield bean is also known as Red Speckled Cut Short. It is an old favorite in the south and is used extensively for planting among the corn. The vines are medium sized, but vigorous, bearing a good quantity of pods throughout the season. The snap pods are short, about 3½ inches in length, straight, fleshy and of good quality. The pods as they mature become light yellow tinged with red, the beans showing distinctly through the pod. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ pound, 20 cents; pound, 40 cents, 2 pounds, 70 cents; postpaid. Not prepaid: 15 lbs. (pk.) \$3.00; 60 lbs. (bu.), \$10.80; 100 lbs., \$18.00.**

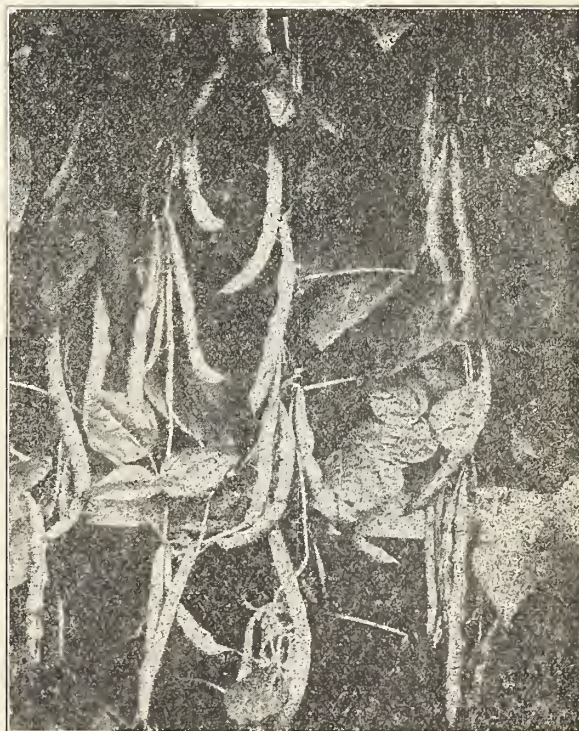
Dutch Case Knife (No. 34.) The best white seeded variety for planting among the corn. It makes good snaps when young and excellent dry beans for winter use. Vines are good vigorous climbers, bearing an abundance of very long, flat, irregular shaped pods. The pods are 7 to 8 inches in length, of medium green color, becoming lighter as they mature. The seeds are broad, kidney-shaped, flat, clear white and of excellent quality. A good old standard sort with which you will be well pleased. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ pound, 20 cents; pound, 40 cents; 2 pounds, 70 cents; postpaid. Not prepaid: 15 lbs. (pk.), \$3.00; 60 lbs. (bu.), \$10.80; 100 lbs. \$18.00.**

Lee's Climbing or Pole Beans

Kentucky Wonder or Old Homestead (No. 28) This variety, without question, is the most widely planted of all the pole beans. It has been the standard for years and no variety has been introduced that has proven to be its equal. It is an early, very prolific sort, with showy pods which are of most excellent quality. The pods are medium light green, very long, often reaching nine to ten inches, curved and twisted, nearly round and very crisp when young. The vines are vigorous, climbing well and very productive, bearing the pods in large clusters. This bean can be planted from April to August. The pods are ready for use in about 60 days and the vine continues to bear until frost if closely picked. The pods are meaty, tender and practically stringless and of the highest quality. Those who have planted this variety, fully know its value. If you have never planted it be sure and do so this season for you will certainly be pleased. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ pound, 20 cents; pound, 40 cents; 2 pounds, 70 cents; postpaid. Not prepaid: 15 lbs. (pk.), \$3.75; 60 lbs. (bu.), \$15.00; 100 lbs., \$25.00.**

McCaslan Pole Bean (No. 29.) This variety has steadily gained favor in the south during the past 8 or 10 years. It is indeed a bean of great merit and bids fair to equal the Kentucky Wonder in popularity. It has, aside from being an excellent green snap bean, the advantage of being a high quality dry bean for winter use. It produces large, quick growing vines which soon cover the poles, bearing a very heavy crop of handsome green pods. These pods are about 8 inches in length, well filled, meaty, stringless, and of delicious flavor. The vines come in to bearing early and continue to bear immense quantities of snap beans throughout the season. They are ready for the table in about 60 days. If allowed to ripen the beans are white and of good size. They make excellent soup or bake beans for winter use. Honestly, no garden can afford to be without McCaslan Pole bean. It furnishes immense quantities of delicious snap beans during the summer and fall and excellent dry beans for winter use. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ pound, 20 cents; pound 40 cents; 2 pounds, 70 cents; postpaid. Not prepaid: 15 lbs. (pk.), \$3.00; 60 lbs. (bu.), \$10.80; 100 lbs., \$18.00.**

White Creaseback (No. 30.) This green podded, white seeded variety is valuable for its extreme earliness and its habit of perfecting all its pods within a short time. The vines are medium sized, vigorous and wonderfully productive, bearing round, fleshy pods in clusters of from four to twelve. The pods are about five inches in length, nearly straight and of attractive green color. They are ready for the table in about 45 days. They are excellent as snap beans and stand shipping better than most sorts. The beans are too small to

**McCaslan Pole Beans**

LEE'S BEET SEED

Culture Seed may be sown as early in the spring as the ground can be worked. For table use sow in drills 18 inches apart, and thin to stand 3 or 4 inches apart in the row. Keep sowing throughout the season and cultivate freely. Beets will be ready for use in from 45 to 65 days. Young beets are used extensively for "greens" and are superior to both spinach and turnips. Cover the seed about 1 inch in sandy soils and not over $\frac{1}{2}$ inch in stiff or clay soils. 1 ounce of seed will sow 50 ft. of row; $\frac{6}{8}$ to 8 pounds per acre.

Lee's Improved Early Blood Turnip Beet

(No. 35.) An extra selected stock which is superior in every way to the Early Blood Turnip. The roots are dark red and nearly round or slightly flattened. The flesh is deep red, zoned with lighter shades, crisp and tender. A fine even form, very uniform in growth and medium early. It is very productive, sweet, and free from stringiness. This is an excellent market and home garden sort for summer and autumn use. **Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 40 cents; pound \$1.25; postpaid. Ten-pound lots, not prepaid, \$1.00 per pound.**

Lee's Market Gardener (No. 36) The best deep red turnip beet, not only for the market gardeners, but for home use. Its small top, early maturing and the splendid shape and color of the root makes it popular with everyone who plants it. Tops small, upright-growing, so that the rows may be close together, leaf steam and vines dark red; blade green; root globular and very smooth; color of skin dark red blood; flesh deep vermillion red, zoned with a darker shade, very crisp, tender and sweet. **Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 40 cents; pound, \$1.25; postpaid. Ten-pound lots, not prepaid, \$1.00 per pound.**

Crimson Globe (No. 37.) This Beet is remarkable for its smooth skin and good shape. It does not grow large and coarse and is a second early variety. The matured beets are medium in size and Globe shape. The flesh and skin are both very dark and quality fine, being sweet and tender. The tops are small and dark in color. This is a variety of exceptional quality. **Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 40 cents; pound, \$1.00; postpaid. In 10-pound lots or over, not prepaid, 85 cents per pound.**

Lee's Improved Early Blood Turnip Beet

Crosby's Egyptian (No. 38.) On account of its earliness and being especially desirable for bunching, this beet is very popular with the Market Grower, considered by some the best in its class. Almost globe shaped, very smooth, sweet and tender, and of excellent quality. The flesh is bright vermillion red, zoned with a lighter shade. This variety is excellent for home garden use. I offer French grown seed of the very best quality. **Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 35 cents; pound, \$1.00; postpaid. In 10-pound lots or over, not prepaid, 85 cents per pound.**

Early Eclipse (No. 39.) This variety is especially desirable for home garden and for bunching. It is noted for earliness, good shape, quality, and small tops. The roots are bright deep red, zoned with pinkish white. They are very sweet, crisp and tender; maturing in about 50 days. For home gardens it is one of the best. **Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 40 cents; pound, \$1.00; postpaid. In 10-pound lots or over, not prepaid, 85 cents per pound.**

Long Smooth Blood Beet (No. 40.) A standard long late variety of good quality which keeps well through the winter. The beets grow about eight inches long and being well down into the ground they withstand drought and heat. They are smooth, and slender, having very few side roots. The flesh is tender and sweet and is excellent for making pickles. They mature after the round varieties have gone and for this reason a few should be planted in every garden. **Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 35 cents; pound, \$1.00; postpaid. In 10-pound lots or over, not prepaid, 85 cents per pound.**

PLANT LEE'S TESTED SEED

Crosby's Egyptian Beet

Swiss Chard or Sea Kale (No. 41.) This desirable vegetable is increasing in popularity each year. It is grown for its leaves only, which are of excellent quality. The stalks are delicious when cooked and should be served in the same manner as asparagus. The leaf portion is very crisp and tender, which is cooked like spinach or turnip greens. It is not necessary to separate the leaf portion unless desired as the entire leaf can be cooked as greens. As the outer leaves are cut more come from the center. It is well worthy of a place in the home garden. **Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 50 cents; pound, \$1.50; postpaid.**

Swiss Chard Beet or Sea Kale

Lee's Mangel Wurzel or Stock Beets

There is a large increase each year in the planting of mangel or half sugar beets for stock feeding. They are an agreeable change of food for any animal kept on dry forage in the winter. With dairy cattle the increased flow of milk and generally improved condition of the animals show the great value of this crop. Plant early in the spring and when about 3 inches high begin thinning and continue at intervals until roots stand about ten inches apart.

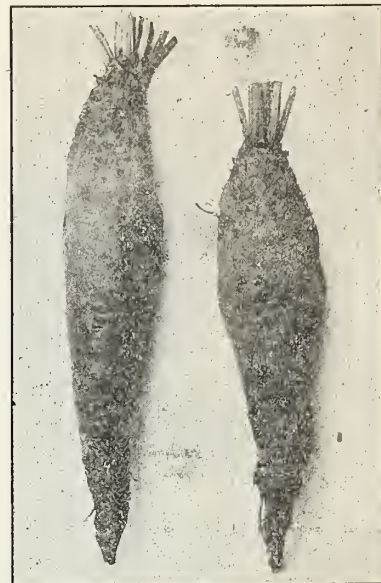
Mammoth Long Red Mangel (No. 42) The largest and heaviest yielder of all the mangels. The roots grow about one-half out of the ground and frequently measure two or more feet in length, by six inches in diameter. Mangels will increase the flow of milk, are excellent winter feed and should be planted on every farm where cows are kept through the winter. Ounce, 10 cents; ¼ pound, 30 cents; pound, 75 cents; postpaid. In 10-pound lots or over, not prepaid, 60 cents per pound.

White French Half-Sugar Mangel (No. 43) A very desirable stock mangel producing a very large crop which is very easy to harvest. This variety has a higher nutritive value than other sorts, being especially rich in sugar. The roots are light bronze green above ground, grayish white below, with white flesh. On account of the roots growing partly out of the ground and their long oval shape, this variety is especially easy to pull. Ounce, 10 cents; ¼ pound, 30 cents; pound, 75 cents; postpaid. Ten-pound lots, not prepaid, 60 cents per pound.

ENDIVE Early Green Curled (No. 44). Endive may be grown at any season of the year, but is more generally used late in the fall. Sow the seed in June or July, in drills 14 to 20 inches apart and when well started, thin the plants to 1 foot apart. When nearly full-grown, tie the outer leaves together over the center, in order to blanch the heart of the plant. It is fine for salads and flavoring. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 15 cents; ¼ pound, 50 cents; pound, \$1.50; postpaid.

WATER CRESS (No. 45) One of the most delicious of small salads. It thrives best when its roots and stems are submerged in water; is hardy and easily grown. Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 40 cents.

CRESS or Improved Pepper Grass (No. 46) Tastes the same as Water Cress. It makes a fine salad by itself or can be used with lettuce. It requires to be sown thickly at frequent intervals, as it soon runs to seed. Quick and easily grown. Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 15 cents; ¼ pound, 40 cents; postpaid.



Mammoth Long Red Mangel Beets

Corn Salad or Fetticus (No. 47)

For lettuce and spinach. It should be planted real early in the spring or late in the fall as it does not do well during hot weather. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 15 cents, ¼ pound, 50 cents; postpaid.

COLLARDS The favorite winter greens of the South. A tall, loose leaved, cabbage-like plant which grows on any kind of soil. Where the soil is too poor for cabbage this plant does well, supplying an abundance of greens usually the entire winter. Not in its best condition until touched by frost. Collards are fine for green feed for young cows in the winter and it will pay well to plant them for this purpose. One ounce of seed plants 200 feet of row.

Southern or Georgia Collards

Collards (No. 48) loose, open head, a large, or rather a mass of leaves on a tall stem. Freezing does not injure, but rather improves the quality. Sow thick in drills, transplanting when 4 inches high or sow in drills where the plants are to remain, and when well started thin to 2 or 3 feet apart in the row. Seed can be sown from early spring until September 15th. Packet, 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 75c.

Celeriac (No. 49) Or Turnip Rooted Celery. Used for flavoring soups and stews. It is cultivated same as celery except that it requires no hilling up. Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 20 cents; ¼ pound, 65 cents.



Southern Georgia Collard

CELERY

Celery should not be planted early in the South. It requires comparatively cool weather in which to mature and will not do well if matured in hot weather. The seed should be sown anywhere from April 1st to June 1st in shaded beds and transplanted in early August which will allow the plant to mature in October or November.

Culture Celery seed is very fine and slow to germinate. Sow in seed beds, scattering very thinly and cover light. The beds should be partly shaded and kept moist but not wet. When the plants are about 6 inches high, transplant to open ground. Celery is mostly grown under flat culture, without trenches, in rows 4 feet apart, plants 6 inches apart in the row. In the home garden celery is often grown in double rows 10 inches apart, and plants 6 inches apart in each row. A space of 4 feet should be allowed before setting another double row. This method of planting will give you enough soil for winter banking and the plants can be dug as needed. In order to bleach, the soil should be drawn up around the plants as they grow.

White Plume (No. 50) A very popular and valuable variety, being the first self-blanching sort to be introduced. It is considered the best celery for early crops being ready for use ahead of all other varieties. The leaves are bright green with white tips, and as the plants grow to maturity the inner stalks and leaves turn white, thus making very little earthing up necessary to thoroughly and quickly blanch it. Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 20 cents; ¼ pound, 65 cents; pound, \$2.00; postpaid.

Golden Self Blanching (No. 51) The seed offered is the best grown seed of this variety is worthless. A splendid variety of early celery and an excellent sort for the home garden. The plants are of medium size, compact and stocky, with yellowish green foliage. As they mature the inner stems and leaves turn a beautiful golden yellow which makes this variety very easy to blanch. It is crisp, tender, of a fine nutty flavor, and free from stringiness. Packet, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 50 cents; ounce, 90 cents; ¼ pound, \$3.00; pound, \$10.00; postpaid.



White Plume Celery

Lee's Frost Proof Cabbage Plants



Lee's sturdy frost proof cabbage plants are tough and hardy

There is a constant growing demand for field grown cabbage plants, known as Frost-Proof. My plants are grown from the best strains of seed, in the south where the soil and climatic conditions are just suited for growing tough, hardy, frost-proof cabbage plants.

They have stood a temperature of eight to ten degrees above zero without injury; the land freezing or the plants being covered with ice, sleet and snow did not effect them. Headed cabbage is ready ten days to three weeks earlier than from any other plants.

Frost-proof cabbage plants may be shipped to any point where they will arrive within four or five days, by parcel post, and should be planted four to six weeks earlier than home grown plants. The plants will be somewhat wilted and have a hard stunted look when received which will be disappointing to persons who have never used them before. Regardless of their appearance, however, they will produce the results.

Earliness or quick maturity of the crop is a prime necessity to the Market Gardener who grows cabbage either for shipment or nearby markets if the highest prices are to be secured.

For the Home Garden these frost-proof plants are especially desirable for two reasons. First, because of their earliness of maturity and second, because they do away with all the trouble of cabbage seed sowing and the necessary protection of early sown seeds and plants.

Lee's Frost-Proof Cabbage Plants may be planted anywhere in the central South between January 15th and March 15th with perfect safety, a thing that is impossible with hot bed or greenhouse grown cabbage plants. Lee's reputation is behind these plants and you may depend on them to produce satisfactory results. I advise ordering these plants as early as you consider safe in your particular locality.

PLEASE REMEMBER When I receive your order for these plants, I have to forward it to my growing station which takes several days. Plants are shipped direct to you from my growing station. Plants cannot be pulled or shipped in rainy or freezing weather because when wet they heat too rapidly. We sometimes have a week or ten days of continued wet weather which prevents shipment. Your order will be accepted with the understanding that you are willing to allow for delays, such as explained above, over which I have absolutely no control. Order early and state about what date you wish your plants sent. I will ship just as near the time desired as weather and other conditions will permit. Orders can be filled from December to May 1st.

VARIETIES, Early Jersey Wakefield, Large Charleston Wakefield, Early Flat Dutch and Succession

Please Read Carefully So You Will Fully Understand The Following Prices

Price by Parcel Post 500 Cabbage Plants, all of the same variety, POSTPAID, \$1.00; 1,000 or more of the same variety, POSTPAID, at \$3.00 per 1,000.

In Lots Of One Hundred On small shipments I will supply 100 plants of any one variety for 50 cents, postpaid. No orders for less than 100 plants of any one variety will be filled. Orders are filled by the hundred—not 250 or 350—but 200, 300, or 400. Also, orders for less than 500 of the same variety take the 100 rate—200 of one variety and 300 of another take the 100 rate. At 50 cents per 100 I will send any of the above varieties, postpaid to any post office in the United States.

Price by Express BUYER TO PAY EXPRESS CHARGES. In lots of 1,000 to 3,000 plants, at \$2.00 per 1,000; 5,000 or more, at \$1.50 per 1,000. Plants packed for express shipment, 1,000 or 2,000 plants of a variety to package. They weigh about 25 pounds per 1,000 plants when packed for shipment.

LEE'S DEPENDABLE CABBAGE SEED

Culture For early cabbage for the home gardens, seed can be planted very early in boxes and kept in the house or some sheltered place, taking care to cover when there is danger of freezes. Later plantings may be made in open ground as early as the ground can be worked. Sow seed in January or February and transplant in April or May to open ground. Set the plants in rows 2 feet apart, and 12 to 18 inches apart in the row. The second early varieties are sown in seed beds in April and transplanted in May, while the late varieties are sown in seed beds in April and transplanted in July. In transplanting, these varieties are set in rows 3 feet apart and 2 feet in the row. One ounce of seed will produce about 2000 plants; 4 to 5 ounces per acre. In hot weather twice as much seed is needed.

Lee's Selected Early Jersey Wakefield Cabbage (No. 52)

This excellent variety is the earliest and surest heading of first early cabbage. For those desiring the earliest pointed cabbage for shipping and for the home garden this variety is unequalled. The plants are exceedingly hardy, not only in resisting cold but other unfavorable conditions. They are compact and erect with few outer leaves. The heads are of medium size, very solid, uniformly pointed and of excellent quality. The strain of seed I offer is surpassed by none, regardless of price. **Packet, 10c; ½ ounce, 15c; ounce, 25c; ¼ pound, 85c; pound, \$2.50; postpaid.**

Charleston or Large Wakefield (No. 53) This is a fine variety to follow the Early Jersey Wakefield on account of its earliness, exceeding hardiness and size of head. The heads are more blunt, about twice the size, and mature about a week later than the Early Jersey Wakefield. This variety is becoming one of the leading early sorts. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 15 cents; ounce, 25 cents; ¼ pound, 85 cents; pound, \$2.50; postpaid.**

Lee's Copenhagen Market (No. 54)

This is the earliest round-headed cabbage yet produced. It has the two desirable qualities of being both early and large, maturing the same time as the Early Jersey Wakefield. It produces fine large globe-shaped heads with well developed outside leaves. It is short-stemmed, the heads being produced almost on the ground, and matures all at practically the same time. I believe this variety to be the best early sort for both the market gardener and for home use. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 20 cents; ounce 35 cents; ¼ pound, \$1.25; pound, \$3.75; postpaid.**

Lee's Genuine All Head Early (No. 58)

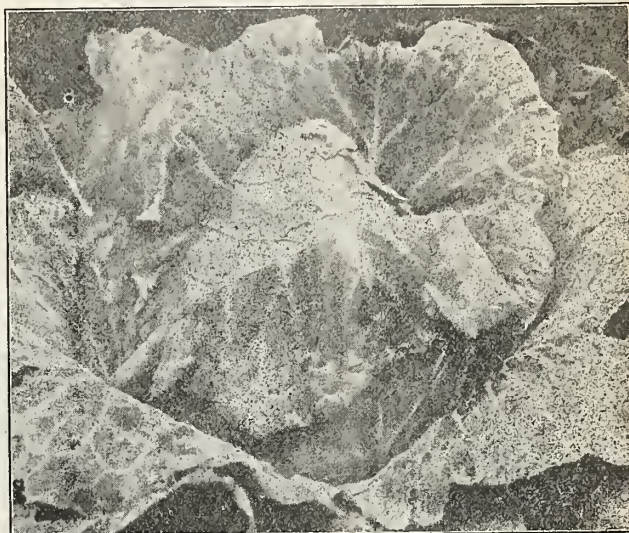
This variety as the name implies is all head and few outer leaves. It has proven itself to be adaptable to a wide range of both soil and climate; a money maker for the market gardener and favorite in the home garden. It is desirable not only for general spring planting but by planting late it can be used as a fall and early winter cabbage. It is the earliest of the large cabbages, the head being a third larger than Early Summer. The heads are deep, flat, and uniform in shape, size and color. They grow very compact which allows close planting and are especially noted for good quality and tenderness. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 15 cents; ounce, 25 cents; ¼ pound, 85 cents; pound, \$2.50; postpaid.**

Mammoth Red Rock (No. 56) A favorite variety for pickling. Medium size and a sure heading sort. The best red cabbage for the South. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 15 cents; ounce, 25 cents; ¼ pound, 85 cents; pound, \$2.50; postpaid.**

Improved American Savoy (No. 57) The best savory variety for either market or home use. The plants are vigorous, of medium size, with rather short stems, and are very sure heading. The heads are large, nearly round, sweet and tender. The quality is superior to all other savoy offered. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 15 cents; ounce, 25 cents; ¼ pound, 85 cents; pound, \$2.50; postpaid.**

Lee's Dependable Cabbage Seed

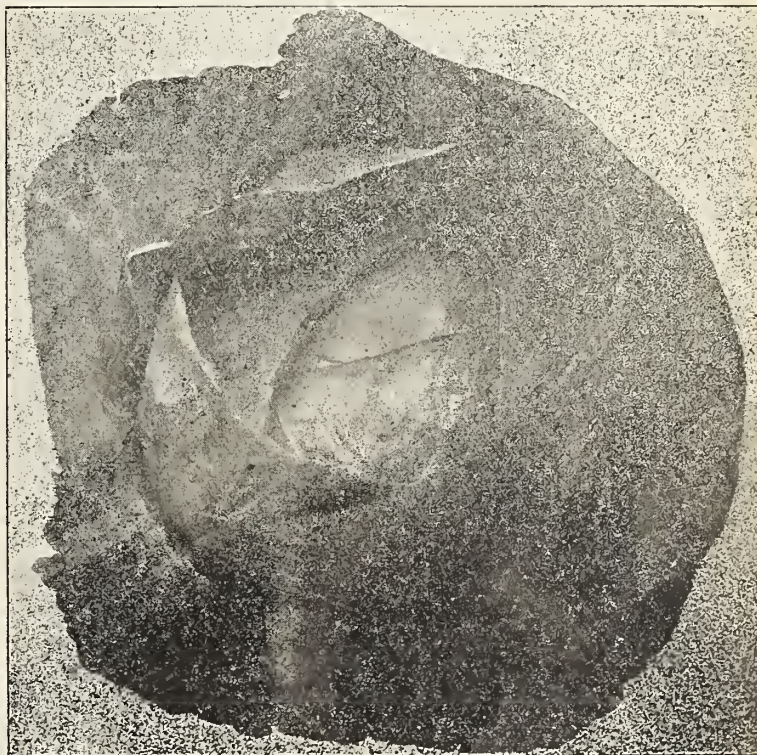
There is no better cabbage seed offered anywhere than the selected strain of seed that I offer you, regardless of price. I have made a specialty of cabbage seed for years and know that I am in position to furnish my customers with the highest grade of American grown seed that is to be had. You will be more than pleased with the fine large, solid heads this seed will produce.



Lee's Selected Early Jersey Wakefield Cabbage

Early Winningstadt (No. 55)

A good early home garden sort very hardy, with hard pointed head and a sure cropper. Owing to its compact and upright habit of growth and peculiar texture of its leaves, this variety resists cold, wet and insect pests exceptionally well. **Packet, 10c; ½ ounce, 15c; ounce, 25 cents; ¼ pound, 85 cents; pound, \$2.50; postpaid.**



Lee's Genuine All Head Early Cabbage

Lee's Selected Late Flat Dutch Cabbage

(No. 59) After years of careful selecting I now have a strain of Late Flat Dutch cabbage that is surpassed by none. This variety is one of the best main crop or late cabbages that grows. The heads of Lee's Selected Late Flat Dutch are very large, heavy, solid, flat on top, and of bluish green color. It is the most dependable sort I know and nearly every plant can be depended upon to produce a fine large head. It makes a slow growth but is a sure heading sort. The quality is fine and the flavor excellent, the heads being white when cut and inside leaves crisp and tender. Good for either spring or fall planting being remarkably hardy and resistant to both heat and cold. It is a most reliable winter keeper. It is planted extensively by market gardeners and is a standard variety for the home garden. No garden should be without this variety. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 15 cents; ounce, 25 cents; ¼ pound, 85 cents; pound, \$2.50; postpaid.**

Early Summer (No. 60) A reliable second early cabbage, which matures about ten days after the Jersey Wakefield. It makes a large, solid, flattish head, with short outer leaves, which allows close planting and is a good keeper. This variety is suited to all sections, and as it matures soon after the pointed head sorts, is extremely valuable for growing as a second crop. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 15 cents; ounce, 25 cents; ¼ pound, 85c; pound, \$2.50; postpaid.**

Succession (No. 61) A very valuable and reliable cabbage. It is a good type for a main second crop. Matures in about 110 days but heads are ready for use long before it has fully matured. Will remain for two to three weeks without bursting. Suitable for early and late sowing as it is one of the best for withstanding extremes of weather. The heads are round but slightly flattened. **Packets, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 15c; ounce, 25c; ¼ pound, 85 cents; pound \$2.50; postpaid.**

Lee's Selected Late Flat Dutch Cabbage

Lee's Genuine Surehead (No. 62) This variety is noted for its sureness in heading, regularity in growth, and its adaptability to soils and climates. It is a dark blue-green, hard headed, medium-sized cabbage that has retained its reputation as the greatest and most profitable cabbage ever introduced. It is a prime favorite with the market gardeners and in the home garden. It is a strong, vigorous grower, maturing for main crop and is very uniform in size, shape and color. I consider this variety the best main crop sort I sell and each year my order for seed is larger, which shows the steady increase in the planting of this sort. The seed I offer is of the highest quality and never fails to make fine, large, solid heads, which have few outer leaves. It is a good variety to plant in the spring and late summer; a good keeper and an excellent shipper. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 15 cents; ounce 25 cents; ¼ pound, 85 cents; pound, \$2.50; postpaid.**

Early Dwarf Flat Dutch (No. 63) One of the best known second early varieties. The plants are short stemmed, compact and upright with comparatively few outer leaves. The heads are flat, very large for the size of the plant and good keepers. They mature in about 110 days; are crisp, tender and of excellent flavor. This is a very desirable variety for the market gardener and for the home garden. It is a reliable cropper and a dependable header. The seed I offer is of the finest quality. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 15 cents; ounce, 25c; ¼ pound 85c; pound, \$2.50; postpaid.**

All Seasons (No. 64) A good variety for either early spring, summer or fall use. The heads are nearly round and somewhat flattened, very solid and of excellent quality. It is remarkable for its ability to stand the hot sun and dry weather, remaining an exceptionally long time in condition for use. **Packet, 10c; ½ ounce, 15c; ounce, 25c; ¼ lb. 85c; lb. \$2.50; postpaid.**



Lee's Genuine Surehead Cabbage

Danish Ball Head (No. 65) Very hardy, handsome, very solid, of fine quality and as one of the very best keepers it is particularly desirable for distant markets or for late spring use. Exceedingly hardy in resisting cold and dry weather, leaves large, thick, bluish green, covered with whitish bloom. Head medium sized, round, very solid and stands shipment better than any other late sort. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 15 cents; ounce, 25 cents; ¼ pound, 85 cents; pound, \$2.50; postpaid.**

Pe-Tsai or Chinese Cabbage (No. 66) This is often called Celery Cabbage. It grows rapidly and matures heads in less time than other varieties and requires no transplanting. The leaves, when young, are crimped and of a light green color. The plant, as it becomes older, grows more upright and forms heads much like Cos Lettuce. The inner leaves blanch an attractive light yellow or creamy white with very white midribs. It is a distinctive flavor, very mild and pleasant. It can be served as a salad like Lettuce or cooked like other Cabbages. This is a very valuable vegetable which grows exceptionally well in the south. Some trucking centers raise large quantities which they ship to eastern markets, receiving for it a higher price than is paid for cabbage. You can raise about three times more to the acre than cabbage and at the higher price, it is very profitable. Plant some early this spring in your garden and try this delicious vegetable. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 15 cents; ounce, 25 cents; ¼ pound, 85 cents; pound, \$2.50; postpaid.**



Pe-Tsai or Chinese Cabbage

LEE'S CARROT SEED

Culture Carrots do the best in sandy loam made rich by manuring the previous year but any good land if thoroughly and deeply worked will produce a satisfactory crop. They deserve to be planted more extensively in the south as they are a desirable vegetable either boiled or stewed and for flavoring purposes. It is advisable to sow as early in the spring as the ground can be worked although good crops can be grown from sowings as late as May 15th. It is a good idea to make several sowings, about 2 weeks apart. Sow in shallow drills 16 to 18 inches apart and when the plants are well started, thin out to four inches apart in the row. One ounce sows 100 feet of drill.

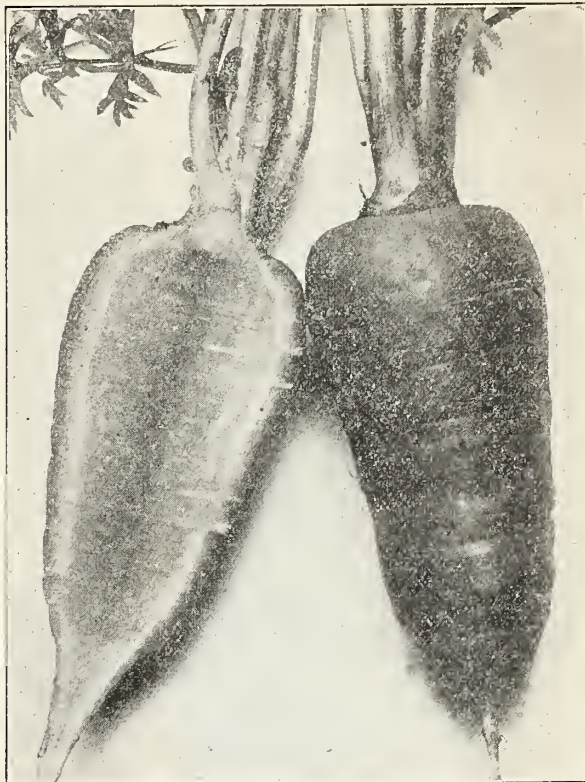
Early Scarlet Horn (No. 67) This is one of the earliest varieties on the market. The tops are very small. The flesh is fine grained and the color, a deep orange. When matured the roots are about 2 to 2½ inches long, but they should be used before fully grown while young and tender. **Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 15 cents; ¼ pound, 35 cents; pound, \$1.00; postpaid.**

Danver's Half-Long (No. 68) I sell more of this variety than any of the others listed. This is because it is well adapted to all soils and sections and an excellent carrot. It is a second early variety which is very popular with the market gardeners and in the home garden. The tops are of medium size, the mature roots being about six inches in length. The flesh is a rich orange, sweet, crisp and tender. This is a most excellent variety for the home garden. **Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 15 cents; ¼ pound, 35 cents; pound, \$1.00; postpaid.**

Chantenay (No. 69) A good, medium early half-long variety which is unexcelled in quality and productiveness. It is a beautiful, rich, orange color and the flesh is fine grained and tender. The mature roots are thick, 5 to 6 inches in length, smooth and slightly tapered. A fine variety for the home garden. **Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 15 cents; ¼ pound, 35 cents; pound, \$1.00; postpaid.**

Oxheart or Guerande (No. 70) A good variety which is especially adapted to stiff and hard soils where the longer growing varieties do not grow well. It is between the half long and the scarlet horn varieties, being about four inches at the top and tapering to 2 inches at the bottom. Length from five to six inches. Roots are very free from hard core and of the finest quality for table use. The flesh is bright orange, fine grained and sweet. Where the long varieties often have to be dug, this variety, being short, pulls easily from the ground. **Packet, 5c; ounce 15c; ¼ pound, 35c; pound, \$1.00; postpaid.**

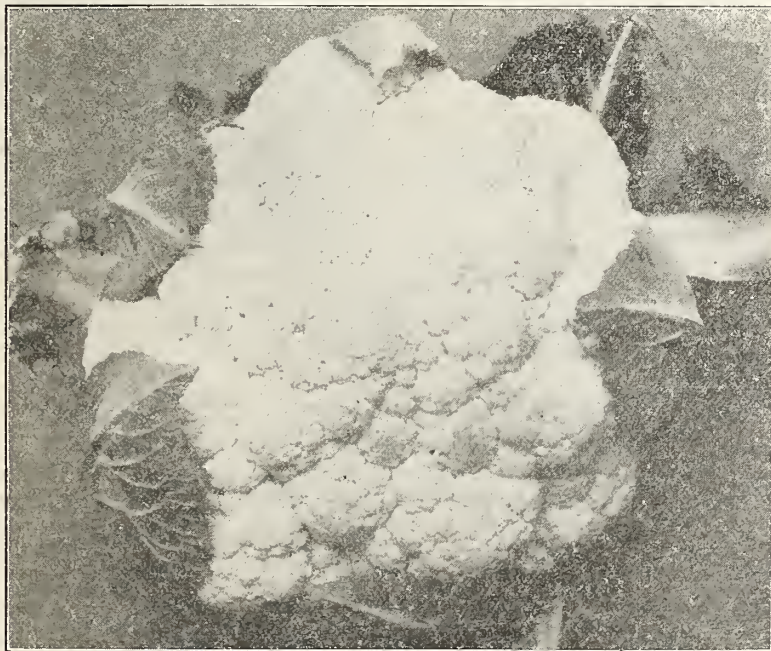
Improved Long Orange (No. 71) This old well-known variety is a heavy cropper and a good keeper. The roots are of large size, smooth, fine grained, and a very deep orange color. On account of being a heavy yielder and large, it is used for both table and stock feeding. It is medium to late maturing. **Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 15 cents; ¼ ounce, 35 cents; pound, \$1.00; postpaid.**



Danver's Half Long Carrot

Cauliflower Can be planted in the south in the early spring but really does best when planted in June and July for maturity during the fall months. Cauliflower is grown in the same manner as cabbage, sowing in the seed beds and transplanting when 4 or 5 inches high. To make the best and largest heads it requires thorough cultivation, rich soil and moist weather. Cauliflower is not largely planted in the home garden because of the general impression that it is difficult to raise. This is not so. If you will follow the instructions you can raise as good Cauliflower as anyone. The two important things to remember are that it will not head in hot weather and that when it begins to head, draw the leaves over and tie them together. This protects the head from the sun and keeps it white. There are several different varieties but I have found the Early Snowball gives the best results in the south. One ounce of seed will make 2000 to 2500 plants.

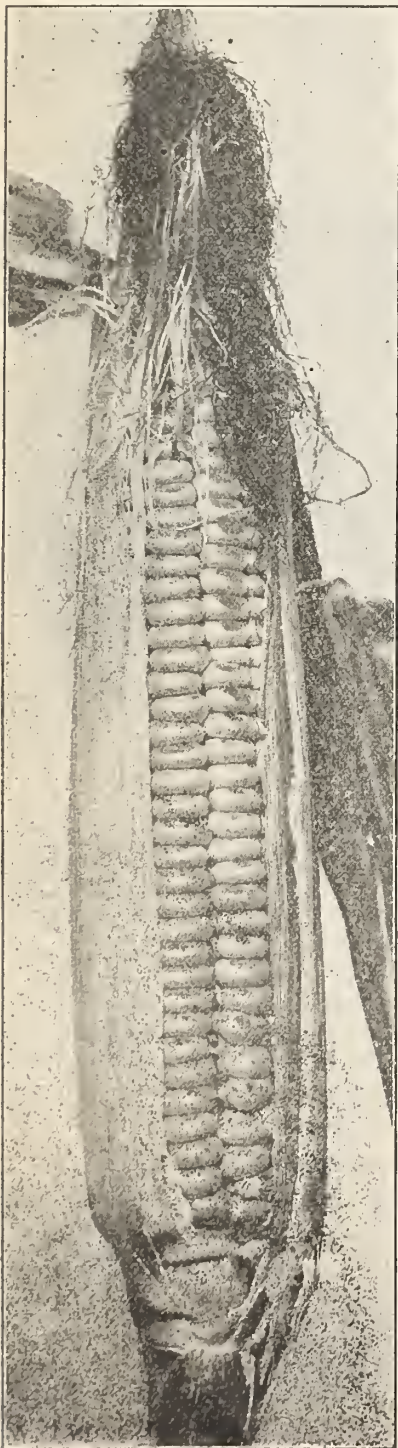
Early Snowball (No. 72) This is the best early maturing, short leaved variety. It is grown more than any other variety both in the home garden and for the market. The plants are compact, with few short, outside leaves and are well suited for close planting. The heads are medium to large size, compact and solid. This variety does well planted in early spring or late summer, producing fine white heads in about 90 days, under favorable conditions. The strain of seed I offer is of the very highest quality and is surpassed by none. **Packet, 20 cents; ¼ ounce, 60 cents; ½ ounce, \$1.00; 1 ounce, \$1.75; ¼ pound \$6.50; pound, \$20.00; postpaid.**



Lee's Early Snowball Cauliflower

Plant LEE'S SEEDS

LEE'S SWEET AND ROASTING EAR CORN



Golden Bantam Sweet Corn

Culture Sweet Corn is tender and rots easily in cold or wet ground. It should not be planted until the soil is warm and the leaves on the trees are well out. Hills should be $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. apart each way, dropping 5 to 6 grains in each, thinning out afterwards to the desired number of stalks. A continuous supply may be had by planting early, medium and late varieties at one time or by planting at intervals of 15 days. One pound plants 200 hills, about 12 pounds per acre.

Golden Bantam I place this at the head of my list as (No. 73) I consider it the ideal corn for the home garden. For sweetness and richness of flavor it is equal to or surpasses the County Gentleman. It can be planted earlier than any other sugar corn, is hardy, early maturing, and is very dwarf in growth. The cob is small, but fills out nicely with large, deep, cream-colored kernels, which turns to yellow when entirely ripe. **Packet, 10c; lb., 30c; 2 lbs., 50c; postpaid.** Write for quantity prices.

Stowell's Evergreen The standard (No. 74) and main crop variety. The stalk is strong and vigorous, growing 7 to 8 feet high and producing 2 to 3 ears. The cob is small and slender, grains of good size, long and deep. It has a fine rich, sweet flavor and remains in good eating condition longer than any other. It is a general favorite with the market gardeners and in the home garden. **Packet, 10c; lb., 30c; 2 lbs., 50c; postpaid.** Write for quantity prices.

Country Gentleman (No. 75) One of the best known of the mid-season varieties. It is the old shoe-peg type of kernel, pure white, very sweet and tender. It is a good yielder, producing 2 to 3 good sized ears to the stalk. The cob is small and densely covered with irregular rows of very long, slender, white grains of excellent quality. Do not fail to plant some of this variety in your garden this year. **Packet, 10c; lb., 30c; 2 lbs., 50c; postpaid.** Write for quantity price.

Early Minnesota This old and popular variety is one (No. 76) of the best early sorts for the market and the home garden. The ears are about 8 inches long, the kernel very broad, white, sweet and tender. **Packet, 10c; lb., 30c; 2 lbs., 50c; postpaid.**

Mammoth White Cory The best extra (No. 77) early corn for the market and home garden. I have found that it makes a large and attractive ear of good quality earlier than any other corn. **Packet, 10c; lb., 30c; 2 lbs., 50c; postpaid.**

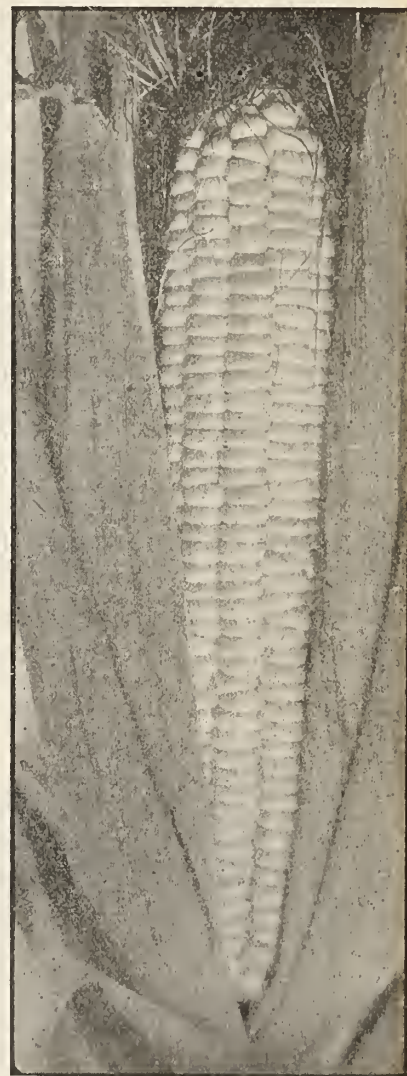
Black Mexican A very sweet and tender second early (No. 78) variety for home use. Grains are bluish black and because of this color the bud worms bother it less than any other variety. **Packet, 10c; lb., 35c; 2 lbs., 60c; postpaid.**

Extra Early Adams (No. 79) A very early variety, while not a sweet corn, is usually classed with them. The ears are well filled, tender, and of good quality. Popular with the market gardener as it produces the first corn on the market. **Packet, 10 cents; pound, 30 cents; 2 pounds, 50 cents; postpaid.**

Early Adams (No. 81) This variety is similar to the Extra Early Adams but is ten days later and has much larger ears. It can be planted earlier than sweet corn as it is very hardy. The stalks grow 6 to 7 feet in height, bearing 2 or 3 medium-sized ears, which are well filled with fine white grains that are excellent quality. A very popular roasting ear corn. **Packet, 10 cents; pound, 30 cents; 2 pounds, 50 cents; postpaid.** Write for quantity price.

Trucker's Favorite (No. 80) A splendid variety for early table use and for the market. Average height of stalk about 5 feet. The ears are larger than Early Adams, well grained with deep, white kernels. The eating quality of this corn is excellent being slightly sweet, resembling sugar corn in taste. It is very productive, producing 2 to 3 good sized ears to the stalk. It is very hardy and can be planted early as it will stand considerable cold and wet weather. Should be planted in every home garden. See page 37. **Packet, 10 cents; pound, 30 cents; 2 pounds, 50 cents; postpaid.**

Pop Corn--White Rice (No. 82) A very popular variety. The grains are white, large and pointed. Let the children plant some so they will have corn to pop in the long winter evenings. **Packet, 10 cents; pound, 25 cents; 2 pounds, 40 cents; postpaid.** In quantity, not prepaid, 12c a pound.



Stowell's Evergreen Sweet Corn

Lee's Cucumber Seed

Culture Cucumbers will not stand cold, damp weather and should not be planted until the ground is warm. Cover the seed $\frac{1}{2}$ inch and put 8 to 10 seed to the hill. The hills should be 4 to 6 ft. apart. After the plants are well started and danger from the striped beetle is pretty well over, thin to four plants in each hill. Where well-rotted manure can be obtained it is a splendid plan to work a shovelful into each hill. Plants should receive frequent but shallow cultivation until they begin to run. The fruit should be picked as soon as it is large enough and before it ripens. If you allow the fruit to ripen, the vines will cease bearing. It requires one ounce of seed to 60 hills and about 2 pounds per acre.

Improved Long Green (No. 83) A fine variety for the south. The fruit is 12 to 16 inches in length, uniformly slender and of beautiful dark green color. It is crisp, tender and of excellent quality, being free from bitterness. The vines are very vigorous and produce an abundance of fruit. When small, the fruit is used for pickling. The full-sized fruit is used extensively for making sweet pickles and for slicing. This variety is good for planting all season and is one of the best sorts for the home garden. Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 40 cents; pound, \$1.25; postpaid.

Davis Perfect (No. 84) One of the best shipping cucumbers on the market. Fruit is rather long, averaging 10 inches, and very dark green in color. It is almost seedless one-third of its length from the stem end and the seeds are so small and tender when it is large enough to slice, that they are unnoticed. This variety is of excellent shape and color, which make it a desirable cucumber to grow for market. Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40 cents; lb., \$1.25; postpaid. Ten-pound lots or over, not prepaid, \$1.00 per lb.

Japanese Climbing (No. 85) This variety is a real climber. The vines are twice the length of other cucumbers and does best on poles, fences, or trellises, thus saving much valuable space in small gardens. It makes fine pickles when small and when full-sized is an excellent sort for slicing. The fruit is 10 to 12 inches in length, thick and firm. It does not come into bearing as soon as other varieties, on account of its climbing habit, but continues to bear late in the season after other sorts are gone. The vines and fruit being up off the ground, it does not suffer from wet weather and insects as do the other sorts. Try some this year in your garden. Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 20 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 50 cents; pound, \$1.50; postpaid.

Lee's Klondike White Spine (No. 86) In Lee's Klondike White Spine you have the ideal cucumber for market and for home garden. Through the south and particularly in this southwestern section, this variety is planted more than all others for the market. Each year the demand has increased until I now sell an enormous quantity of this excellent variety. The strain I offer is the finest that can be obtained, having been grown for me for years by one of the most reliable growers in the county. It is a medium early, white spined cucumber of handsome, very dark green color. Its uniform size and shape together with its splendid color makes it most desirable. The dark green color is retained much longer and is affected less by the hot sun than any other sort that I know. The mature fruits, when grown under favorable conditions are often about eight inches in length. They are crisp and tender and retain their fresh, plump appearance long after being gathered. Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25; postpaid. Ten pounds, not prepaid, \$1.00.

Everbearing (No. 87) This is a very early variety and extremely prolific. If the fruits are kept gathered, vines will continue in bearing throughout the entire season. The fruits of rich dark green color, average from 4 to 5 inches in length by $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter. Owing to its great productiveness, it is an excellent variety to plant to produce small pickles. Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 40 cents; pound, \$1.25; postpaid.



Improved Long Green Cucumber

Early Short Green Pickling

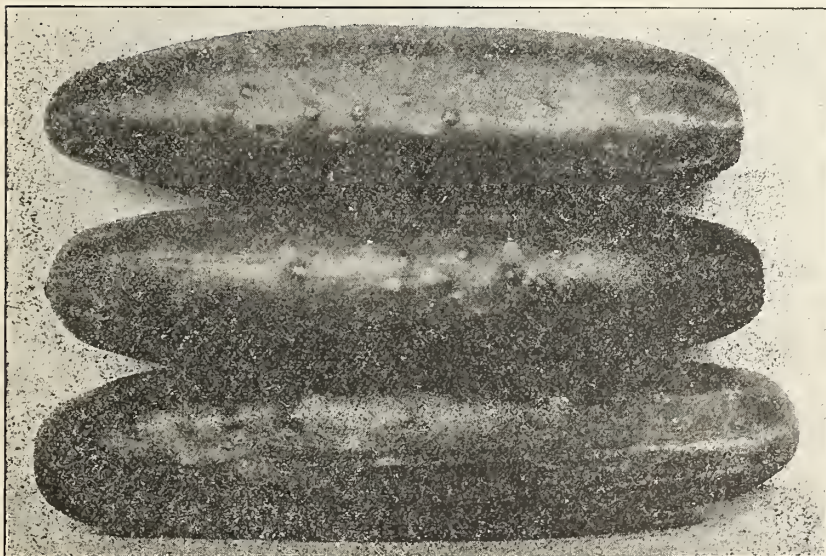
(No. 88) This variety is known also as Early Frame. It is a good standard sort of the medium sized varieties, used extensively for slicing and of medium size. The flesh is crisp, tender and of excellent quality. The vines are very vigorous and productive, a fine sort for the home garden and nearby markets only. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 30 cents; pound, \$1.00; postpaid.

Early Green Cluster (No. 89)

Largely used for a pickling cucumber as well as for slicing. It is an early and productive sort, the vines bearing the fruits in clusters of two or three. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 40 cents; pound \$1.25; postpaid.

Lemon Cucumber (No. 90)

A novelty of exceptional merit. It is a delicious cucumber of the finest flavor and texture. It is shaped like a lemon and the same color. Fine for slicing and making salads or can be eaten like a radish. Used also for making pickles. A variety you should have in the garden. Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 20 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 65 cents; pound, \$2.00; postpaid.



Lee's Klondike White Spine Cucumber



Lee's Black-Seeded Simpson

Prizehead (No. 93) A fine variety for the home garden and probably the easiest grown of all lettuces. It is a large, clustering, non-heading variety; exceedingly crisp, tender and of good flavor. The leaves are finely curled and crumpled, of bright green color tinged with brownish red. **Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 20 cents; ¼ pound, 50 cents; pound, \$1.25; postpaid.**

Big Boston (No. 95) See this excellent Lettuce in natural color on the front cover of this catalog. This lettuce is the standard market garden and shipping variety. It is grown extensively in the South for the nearby markets and for shipping to northern markets. It will head up under cold weather conditions better than any other variety and stand shipping exceptionally well. It does well in all climates, being very hardy and vigorous growth. The leaves are broad, comparatively smooth but wavy at the edge. It makes an extra large, round firm head, which sells well in the market. The special strain of seed that I offer of this variety is the best that can be obtained, regardless of price. It is grown for me by a lettuce seed specialist whom I think is the best in this country. **Packet, 10c; ounce, 20c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50; postpaid. In 5-lb. lots or over, \$1.25 per lb., not prepaid.**

California Cream Butter (No. 96) Also known in some localities as "Royal." This is a fine lettuce for market gardeners and shippers. It is extensively used in the South for planting in open ground at all seasons. It produces large solid heads of beautiful appearance. The inner leaves are a rich light yellow in color, very thick, tender and of excellent flavor. It is a fine sort for summer planting, withstanding heat well. The seed I offer of this strain is exceptionally fine. You will like this rich creamy colored, fine flavored lettuce. **Packet, 10 cents; ounce 20 cents; ¼ pound, 50 cents; pound, \$1.50; postpaid. 5-lb. lots or over, \$1.25 per lb., not prepaid.**

Lee's Improved Hanson (No. 97) Lee's Improved Hanson Lettuce is without exception the best lettuce for late spring and mid-summer crop. It is especially resistant to heat and disease and particularly resistant to the ell worm which often shows up where least expected. It is a lettuce of excellent quality being entirely free from any bitter taste, having a sweet and rich flavor, even to the outer leaves. It forms a large, compact head, the outer leaves are bright yellowish green, somewhat crimped and frilled at the edge. A perfect lettuce for outdoor growing and one of the best varieties for the home garden. **Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 20 cents; ¼ pound, 50 cents; pound, \$1.50; postpaid. 5-lb. lots, or over, \$1.25 per lb., not prepaid.**

LEE'S DEPENDABLE LETTUCE SEED

The lettuce seed I offer is grown in California by one of the most dependable growers. For years I have supplied thousands of family gardens and the most critical market gardeners and shippers. Lee's Lettuce seed has always been found to produce the finest of hard, solid heads, to be slow to run to seed and to be of the highest purity. There is no better Lettuce seed sold than Lee's, regardless of price.

Lee's Black-Seeded Simpson (No. 91) The finest curled or loose leaved lettuce for sowing outdoors. It is exceedingly popular throughout the entire South and is a lettuce of exceptional merit. The color is an attractive light, yellowish green. The leaves are ruffled and blistered and even the outer leaves are very tender. It is very crisp, resists heat and drought, and remains a long time in good condition. It is also used for growing under glass. Where an exceedingly tender, thin-leaved, bunching lettuce for sowing outdoors is desired, this variety is unsurpassed. **Packet, 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.25, postpaid. 5-lb. lots or over, \$1.00 per lb., not prepaid.**

Grand Rapids (No. 92) This superb lettuce is especially adapted for greenhouse culture, being the best variety of its kind for this use. It is also a good sort to sow outdoors early in the spring in the home garden but it does not stand hot weather as does the Lee's Black-seeded Simpson. It makes a large, compact bunch of light, attractively curled and fringed leaves. It grows very rapidly and keeps in good marketable condition for a long time after cutting. **Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 20 cents; ¼ pound, 50 cents; pound, \$1.50 postpaid. 5-lb. lots or over \$1.25 per lb. not prepaid**

May King (No. 94) An excellent variety for outdoor culture being especially early, attaining a size suitable for use before other sorts. This is a fine variety for both the market and for the home garden. The heads are very firm, of medium size and excellent quality. The color is light green, tinged very slightly at the edges with brown. The inner leaves are rich, golden yellow, very tender and of fine flavor. **Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 20 cents; ¼ pound, 50 cents; pound \$1.50 postpaid.**



Lee's Improved Hanson Lettuce

New York Head (No. 98) A fine new lettuce of unusual merit. Since its introduction a few years ago it has become very popular, being an excellent variety for the home garden and a wonderful shipper. It does well planted in all seasons of the year and in all sections of the country. It is noted for its large sized heads, they frequently weighing 2 to 3 pounds, for its compact, and tight heading qualities, and for its ability to stand long distance shipping. It is very popular in the south being a great heat resister, forming large compact heads which resemble cabbage in their solidity. **Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 30 cents; ¼ pound, 90 cents; pound, \$1.00; postpaid.**

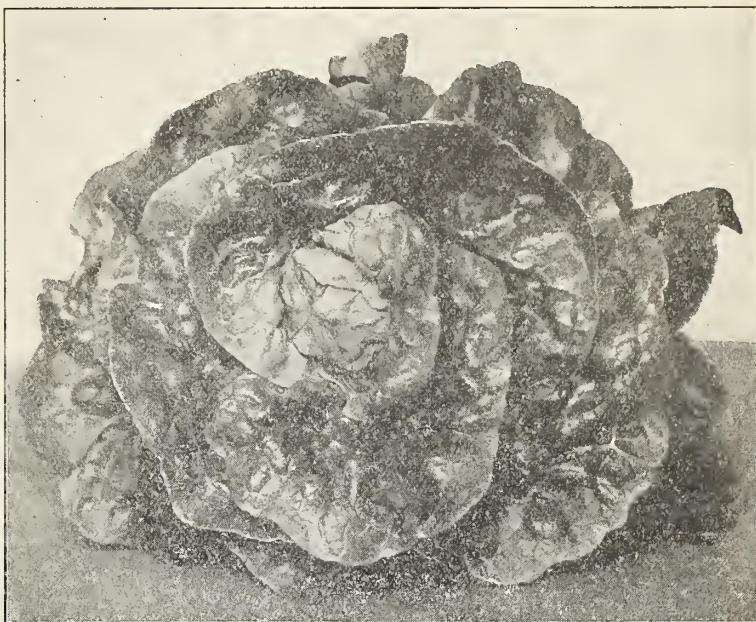
Lee's Iceberg Lettuce (No. 99)

A handsome hard heading variety which is very popular for either open ground growing or for forcing under glass. The outer leaves are light green in color and their habit of growing closely up around the head, hold the head tightly together which blanches the heart a beautiful white. The heads are of large size and of excellent flavor. In the large lettuce growing sections, hundreds of car-loads of Iceberg Lettuce are being shipped when no other varieties are available. **Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 20 cents; ¼ pound, 65 cents; pound, \$2.00; postpaid.**

Paris White Cos (No. 100) A Romaine or Celery Lettuce having long narrow leaves which are crisp, tender and of delicate flavor. **Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 20 cents; ¼ pound, 50 cents; pound, \$1.50; postpaid.**

LEEK

The leek belongs to the onion family and should be given the same general cultivation. Sow the seed as early in the spring as the ground can be worked. When the plants are well up thin out to six inches apart in the row. To increase the tenderness and flavor, the earth should be drawn up around the neck so as to blanch the stems white. Leek is very hardy and in the south it may be left in the open ground all winter by covering with litter.



New York Improved Head Lettuce

Large American Flag Leek (No. 101) A fine broad leaved leek which is very hardy and productive. This variety is very popular with the market gardeners and in the home garden. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 15 cents; ounce, 25 cents; ¼ pound, 75 cents; postpaid.**

KOHL-RABI, Early White Vienna (No. 102) A fine vegetable having the combined flavor of cabbage and turnip. The edible part is the turnip-shaped bulb formed above ground which is a very light green or nearly white color. They are of best quality for the table if used when about 2 inches in diameter. Sow in drills as soon as the ground can be worked in the spring and when the plants are well started, set out like cabbage. With successive sowings you will have a supply all summer and fall. **Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 30 cents; ¼ pound, 90 cents; pound, \$2.75; postpaid.**

LEE'S FINE EGG PLANT

Culture Seed should be sown in hot beds or cold frames between February 15 and March 15. Egg Plant seed requires a higher temperature for germination than any other garden vegetable and care should be taken that the average temperature is 65 degrees or higher. The soil should be very rich. When the plant has made the third or fourth pair of leaves they may be transplanted to open ground, provided the danger from frost is past. The rows should be 3 feet apart and the plants set 2 feet apart in the rows. It is well to be on the lookout for the potato bug as these pests will destroy your crop if not controlled. There is enough seed in one ten-cent package to furnish plants for 200 feet of row.

New York Improved Large Egg Plant (No. 103) A vigorous growing variety, producing large fruits which are free from thorns. It usually produces four to six large, oval fruits of a splendid dark purple color. This variety comes as near to being spineless as any Egg Plant that grows and because of its large size, earliness and fine quality it is a very desirable sort. It is an excellent variety for the market gardener and the home garden. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 20 cents; ounce, 35 cents; ¼ pound, \$1.25; pound, \$4.00; postpaid.**

Black Beauty (No. 104) This variety is the earliest large-fruited Egg Plant that grows, being ready for use 10 days to 2 weeks earlier than the New York Improved Large Purple. It is dwarf growing and bears its fruits close to the main stem, which average 2 to 3 pounds each. While not quite as large as the New York Improved Large Purple it is a good size and because of its earliness is used extensively by market gardeners. The fruit is very uniform in color, being a rich, purplish black. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 20 cents; ounce, 35 cents; ¼ pound, \$1.25; pound, \$4.00; postpaid.**



New York Improved Large Purple Egg Plant

LEE'S ROCKYFORD CANTALOUPE

When you buy Lee's Rocky Ford Cantaloupe seed you have secured the best quality of Rocky Ford grown seed that can be obtained, regardless of price. For years my seed has been grown under special contract by the most reliable grower in Rocky Ford, Colorado. I have personally inspected the crops at Rocky Ford and know that the seed I offer you is the best that can be obtained.

Once in a while, I will lose a customer or two for a year. Some stranger comes into the section selling cantaloupe seed and circulates around among the growers representing himself to be a special agent, or something of the kind, from a grower in Rocky Ford. He has some extra wonderful seed at an unheard of price which he offers to the growers telling them that his seed will produce better cantaloupes and

bring better prices than the cantaloupes raised from other seed. The result is that the man who buys these seeds is badly disappointed in his crop, both as to the quality and shape of the cantaloupes and in the amount of money he received for his crop. The next season finds him back buying his supply from Arthur G. Lee.

This may sound like a story but it has actually occurred in this section more than once. You cannot afford to take chances on this kind of seed and besides it costs you more than good first class seed.

The seed I offer is from cantaloupes carefully grown for seed purposes. Each cantaloupe is carefully selected as to size and shape and must be heavily netted before it is accepted for seed.



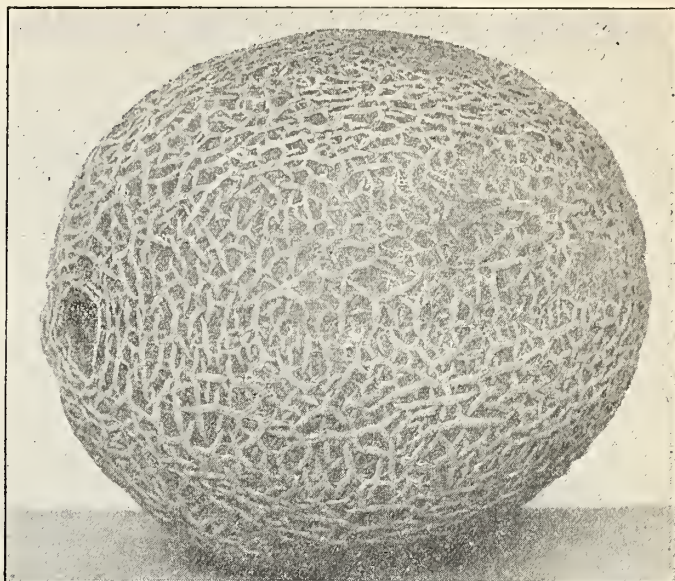
Lee's Rockyford Cantaloupe (GREEN FLESHED) (No. 105) From the above illustration you can see what perfect size and shape the cantaloupe produced from Lee's Rocky Ford seed will have. Notice what a fine heavy netting this cantaloupe has, a thing which helps greatly in resisting the attacks of insects. These kind of cantaloupes are real money-makers for the shippers and market gardeners. For the home garden they have no equal. You will be more than pleased with the results of planting Lee's genuine Rocky Ford seed. Packet, 10 cents; ounce 15 cents; ¼ pound 40 cents; pound, \$1.25; postpaid. Ten pounds or over, not prepaid, \$1.00 per pound.

Lee's Rockyford Pollock No. 25 (SALMON FLESHED) Cantaloupe (No. 106) Of late years there has been a growing demand for a cantaloupe of the same type as the green fleshed Rocky Ford but with a salmon or pink tinted flesh. Lee's Rocky Ford Pollock No. 25 is the best variety offered of this kind, producing 90% with pink meat. It is the same size and shape and has the same fine netting as the green fleshed cantaloupe shown above, the only difference being that it has salmon tinted flesh. Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 15 cents; ¼ pound, 40 cents; pound, \$1.25; postpaid. Ten pounds or over, not prepaid, \$1.00 per pound.

CANTALOUPE

Burrell Gem (No. 107) A fine thick meated salmon fleshed Rocky Ford cantaloupe. It has a thicker meat than any of the other cantaloupes and while it is classed as a pink fleshed variety, the flesh or meat is a deep yellow or orange color. Each year this cantaloupe is steadily increasing in popularity. It is a fine shape and size for crating and because of its solidity it stands up well under long distance shipping. These two important qualities make it much in demand by shippers. The rind is thin and tough and covered with a heavy gray netting which is rather coarse as compared to other Rocky Ford cantaloupes. The seed cavity is exceptionally small and the flesh is fine grained, sweet and spicy. When first introduced, ribs on this cantaloupe were large in size but by careful breeding they have been reduced in size until now they are almost solid netted. A good melon for shipping or home use. **Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 20 cents; ¼ pound, 40 cents; pound, \$1.25; postpaid. Ten pound lots or over, not prepaid, \$1.10 per pound.**

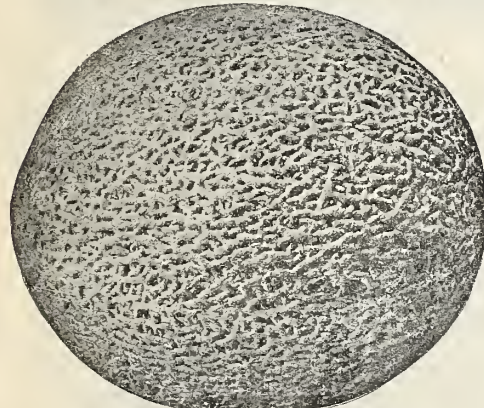
Texas Cannonball Cantaloupe (No. 108) A real sun proof and insect proof green fleshed cantaloupe. In sections where cantaloupes are liable to sun-scald or where the insects are troublesome this variety is extensively used. It is medium sized, round, and very heavily netted. The seed cavity is small, the melon being nearly all meat. The meat is firm and of delicious flavor. It is grown in all sections of the south and is a fine variety for nearby markets or home use. It is a medium early variety, and produces an abundance of well-shaped fruit. If you have had trouble in raising other varieties, plant the Texas Cannonball this year. **Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 20 cents; ¼ pound, 50 cents; pound, \$1.75; postpaid.**



Burrell Gem Cantaloupe

Banana Cantaloupe (No. 109) This is a cantaloupe that should be in every home garden. It is a curious melon, attaining a length of 18 to 30 inches and a diameter of 2 to 5 inches. It resembles a banana in shape and flavor and for this reason has been named banana cantaloupe. The melon is nearly solid, with thick salmon colored meat which is of excellent flavor. It does not mature until late in the season and is strictly a melon for nearby markets and home use. It is generally considered by those who are not familiar with this melon that it is a mere curiosity. This is not a fact, however. Because of its odd shape and attractive odor it brings a high price in the market, selling as high as 50 cents to 1.00 each. Plant some in the garden this year. **Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 20 cents; ¼ pound, 50 cents; pound, \$1.50; postpaid.**

Osage Cantaloupe (No. 110) An excellent salmon fleshed melon of medium to large size. The melon is nearly round, dark green, slightly ribbed and just nicely netted. The meat is a deep rich salmon color. The melon matures rather late and is a favorite with the shippers for late markets. This is a good variety for the home garden. **Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 15 cents; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.00; postpaid.**



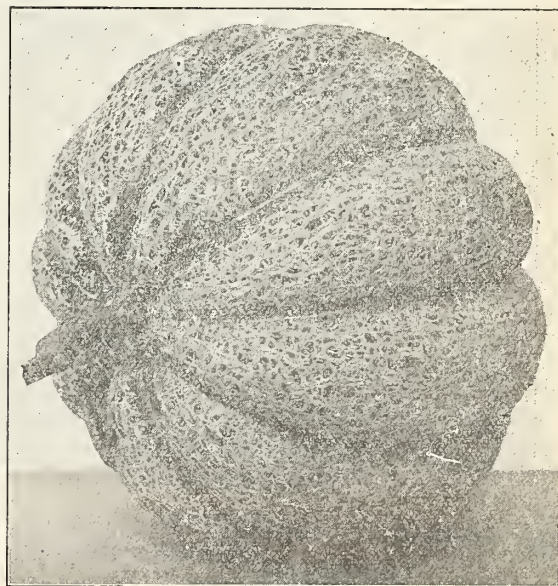
Texas Cannonball Cantaloupe

Bug Death

The safest, surest remedy for killing melon bugs. Refer to page 64.

Early Hackensack (No. 111) The best of the extra large green fleshed melons. It is an old well known variety and for a very large green fleshed melon, it is planted more than any other variety. It is a very hardy and productive sort, bearing an abundance of large delicious melons. The ribs are very irregular in width and very deep. The melon is nearly round, being always somewhat flattened at the ends and is densely covered with coarse netting. The meat is green, inclining towards yellow at the center, thick, and of excellent flavor. The melons are too large for shipping but one of the best for nearby markets and home use. **Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 15 cents; ¼ pound, 40 cents; pound, \$1.00; postpaid.**

Honey Dew Melon (No. 112) This melon has certainly been named correctly. You have to eat one to fully appreciate the delicious honey-like flavor of this wonderful melon. It is a distinct new type resembling the Casaba melons of the Pacific coast, growing uniform in size being about 6 inches in diameter and 7 or 8 inches in length. The skin is a dull white color when ripe. The melons usually weigh 6 to 8 pounds, and are smooth, having no netting. The flesh is a light green color, very thick, rich and a spicy flavor. The rind is thin, very tough and of such close texture that the delicious flesh is practically sealed up and will keep in fine condition for several weeks after they are ripe. The vines are hardy and yield enormously, every melon being a good one. In growing this wonderful new melon for the first time, many condemn it because they do not let it ripen before eating. It is not ready to pull until the color shows the slightest tendency toward yellow and then it is not ready to eat until a few days afterwards when it becomes slightly soft on the blossom end. It commands a high price in the market and is a very profitable melon to grow. For home use it is unequalled and will be greatly enjoyed by all. **Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 20 cents; ¼ pound, 60 cents; pound \$2.25; postpaid.**

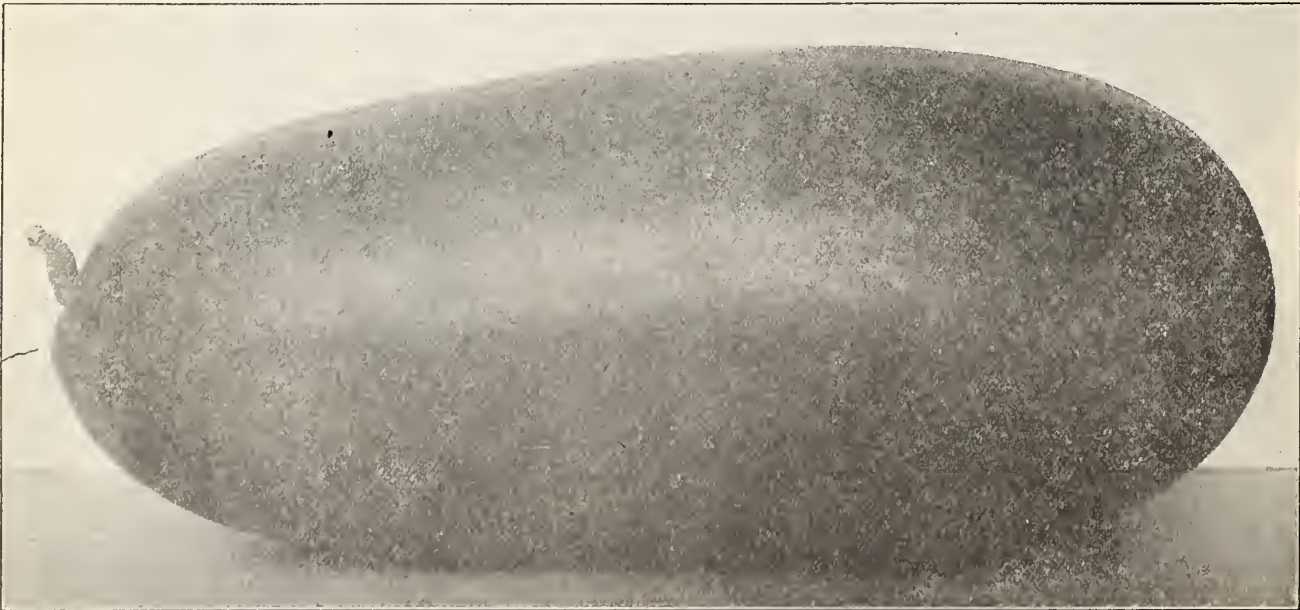


Early Hackensack Cantaloupe

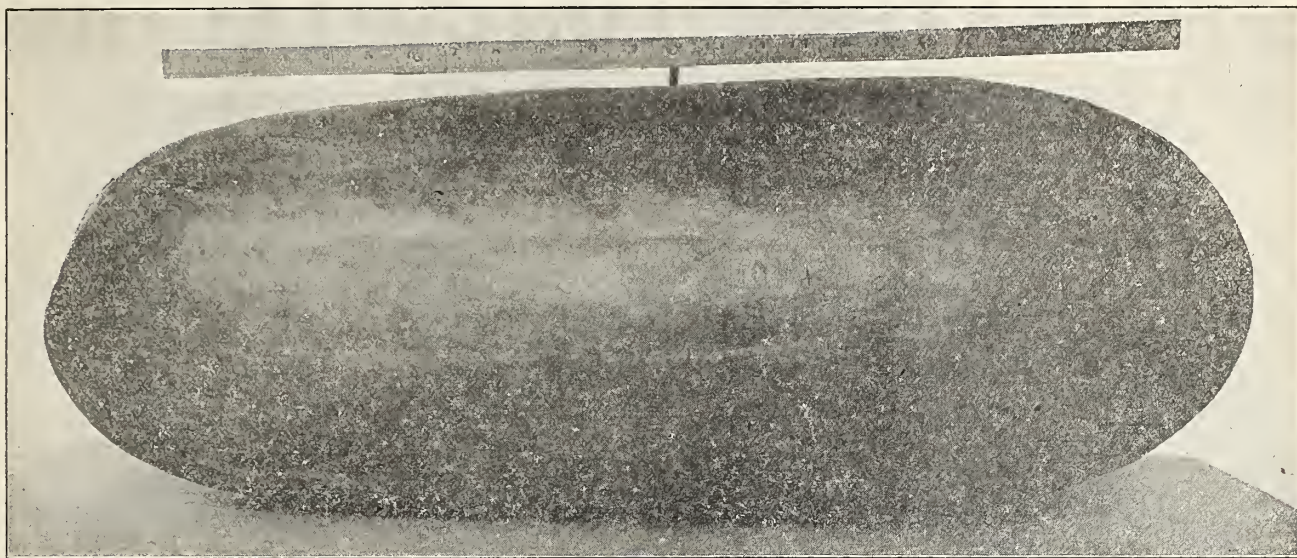
LEE'S SOUTHERN GROWN WATERMELON SEED



HALBERT HONEY (No. 113) --The Sweetest Watermelon that Grows. This is the finest eating melon of them all. The flesh is a delicious crimson red, extending nearly to the skin, the rind being very thin and brittle. It is without strings in the flesh and melts away in the mouth like so much honey. It is without a doubt the sweetest, best flavored melon that grows. It is as handsome in color as the Kleckly Sweet, but more regular in form and much more productive. It is long in shape, blunt at the ends, early and grows to rather large size. The rind is not tough enough for ong distance shipping. Packet, 10c; ounce, 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00; postpaid. 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, 85c per lb.

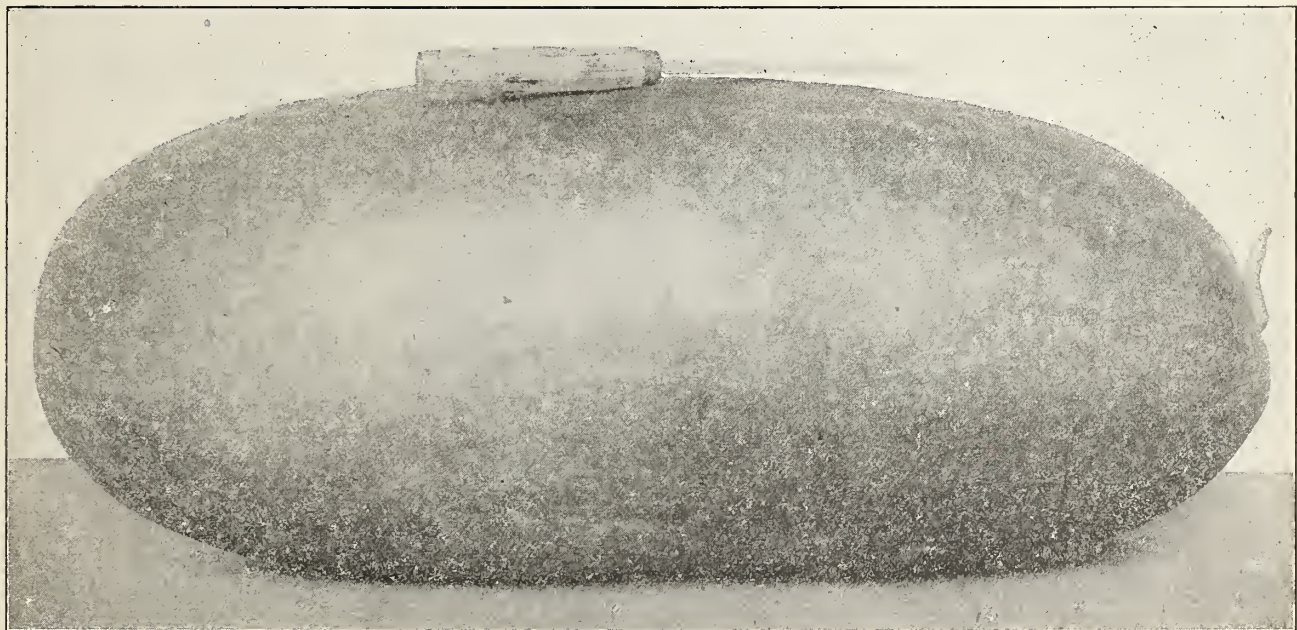


KLECKLEY SWEET (No. 114) --The Large, Fine Flavored Watermelon No other melon has ever attained the general popularity for home use and nearby markets as has the Kleckley Sweet. It gives complete satisfaction everywhere and the strain of seed I offer is the best to be had. The vines are strong and vigorous, producing handsome, oblong melons with rich, dark green colored skins. The melons ripen right up to the thin rind; the flesh is a bright scarlet and very sweet. The eating qualities of this melon are unsurpassed. The rind is too thin to stand for long distance shipping, but for a home garden and nearby market sort it is perfect. Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 15 cents; ¼ pound, 35 cents; pound, \$1.00; postpaid. Ten-pound lots or over, not prepaid, 85 cents per pound.



The "Watson" or "Tom Watson" Watermelon (No. 115)

SEE THIS FINE ALL-PURPOSE MELON IN NATURAL COLORS ON THE FRONT COVER PAGE. The Tom Watson is without doubt, the most largely planted melon in the South for shipping purposes. It has the three desirable qualities of being a splendid melon for shipping, for the nearby markets and for home use. The Watson is of excellent quality being above the average and its tough, medium thin rind makes it an exceptional fine shipping sort. It is a long, dark, mottled green melon of attractive color and size and brings the top price in the market. There is a large quantity of "run-out" or cheap Watson seed on the market which is saved from melons that are left over from the shipping season, and from runt or cull melons. You cannot afford to plant such seeds. Buy Lee's and plant the best. Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 15 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 35 cents; pound, \$1.00; postpaid. In 10-pound lots or over, not prepaid, 85 cents per pound.



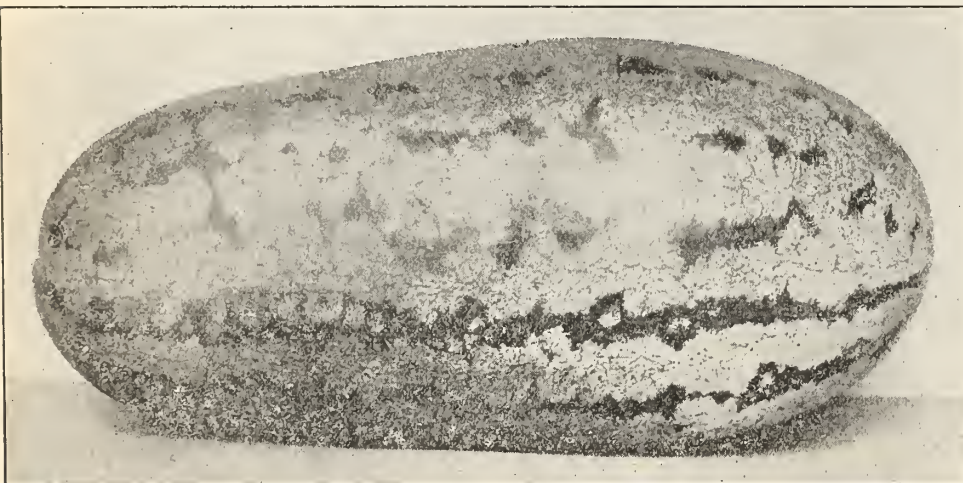
IRISH GREY (No. 116) The New Watermelon

This distinct new melon bids fair to become one of the most popular shipping and home garden sorts. It is equally as good as the Watson in both of these respects. It is very productive and will produce more good melons under the same conditions than any other variety. The melons are long, thick and of uniform size, having a thin but tough rind of yellowish grey color interwoven with threadlike veins. The flesh is bright sparkling red, sweet and entirely free from hard centers or stringiness. This melon is especially valuable on account of its vigorous vines which hold up well late in the season producing melons when other varieties have died out. You will make no mistake in planting this variety for market or home use. Packet, 10c; ounce, 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00; postpaid. Not prepaid: 10-pound lots or over, 85c per pound.

LEE'S WATERMELON COLLECTION

LEE'S 4-OUNCE MELON COLLECTION (No. 117) **FOUR OUNCES POSTPAID, 30 CENTS.** I will send you postpaid for 30 cents one ounce each of Florida Favorite, Georgia Rattlesnake, Kleckley Sweet and Watson. This is a fine assortment and enough seed to plant a good sized patch.

LEE'S ONE-ACRE MELON COLLECTION (No. 118) For \$1.50 I will send you postpaid ¼ pound each of Kleckley Sweet, Georgia Rattlesnake, Florida Favorite, Irish Grey and Watson. A little over a pound of seed will plant an acre and this collection gives a fine assortment.



Lee's Georgia Rattlesnake (No. 119) This is the oldest and best known of all the Georgia melons. It is considered the best second early melon on the market and is grown extensively all over the South. The strain of seed I offer you of this variety is without exception the finest on the market. My seed is taken from melons weighing 30 pounds or over and melons weighing 75 pounds are nothing unusual in crops from which my seed is taken. You cannot fail when you plant my particular strain of seed. This variety is a splendid shipper and of fine quality and flavor. **Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 15 cents; ¼ pound, 35 cents; pound, \$1.00; postpaid. Ten-pound lots or over, not prepaid, 85 cents per pound.**



Lee's Selected Florida Favorite Watermelon (No. 120)

This extra early variety is just right for home use and nearby markets. The rind being rather tough makes it a fair shipper. It is unsurpassed for quality having bright crimson flesh and red to the rind. Long and beautiful shape, of dark green color, being irregularly striped with lighter green. It is of sweet and delicious flavor, ripening in about 80 days. The seed that I offer is the same as I have been selling to the largest growers with entire satisfaction for the past fifteen years. **Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 15 cents; ¼ pound, 35 cents; pound, \$1.00; postpaid. In 10-pound lots or over, not prepaid, 85 cents per pound.**

Harris Earliest (No. 121) After several years of experimenting I have found that the Harris Earliest is the best Extra Early Watermelon for the South. The melons are larger than any other extra early sort, ripening ten days or two weeks before the standard varieties. The melons are slightly oval with broad bands of mottled stripes, light and dark green. The flesh is a bright red and very tender. The vines are very vigorous and productive. This variety is not a good shipper but is unequalled for early market and home use. Plant some of this extra early variety this year. They will please you. **Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 15 cents; ¼ pound, 35 cents; pound, \$1.00; postpaid.**

Alabama Sweet (No. 122) This is a good melon for either home use or shipping. A very large, long variety of excellent quality and popular in the South where it is extensively grown. The color is rather deep green with dark irregular striping and the rind is thin and very tough. The flesh is bright red, fine grained, sweet and entirely free from stringiness. Time for ripening is 85 days and the average weight is 30 pounds. **Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 15 cents; ¼ pound, 35 cents; pound, \$1.00; postpaid. Ten-pound lots or over, not prepaid, 85 cents per pound.**

Bradford (No. 123) This is an excellent variety for home garden or shipping. The vines are vigorous and productive. It is a long melon, uniform in size, with rind of dark green color with darker stripes. **Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 15 cents; ¼ pound, 35 cents; pound, \$1.00; postpaid. Ten-pound lots or over, not prepaid, 90 cents per pound.**

Lee's Southern Grown Watermelon Seed This is a watermelon seed that I offer you is Southern grown and the best obtainable. I grow no melons for commercial purposes. All my crops are planted exclusively for seed and are hand selected. For years I have supplied the largest melon growers in this section without a single complaint. If you grow melons for shipping or only for the home garden you cannot afford to take chances by planting an inferior grade of seed such as are gathered from melons left over after the shipping season and from culls. I repeat again that the seed I offer you is unquestionably the finest produced in the United States. A trial will convince you. Don't be misled.

LEE'S BERMUDA ONION PLANTS



These Onions were grown from Sets

These Onions were grown from Plants

The above picture shows Onions grown from Sets and Plants. They were planted in the same bed, fertilized and cultivated alike. You can readily see the advantage of using Lee's Bermuda Onion Plants. It will pay you.

During the last two years the demand for Bermuda Onion Plants has steadily increased. While the use of Onion Plants is a new thing, there are more of them planted now than sets. By looking at the above picture you can easily see the advantage in using the plants in preference to the sets.

The popularity of Onion Plants is accounted for in several ways. One reason is that they produce so much larger Onions than the average Onion produced from sets. I have customers who tell me they get more pounds of Onions from 100 plants than from one gallon of sets. Another reason is the superior quality of the Bermuda Onion, which is considered the best flavored and sweetest Onion that grows. Another point that should not be overlooked is the keeping quality of Onions grown from these plants. They are equal in keeping quality to Onions grown from the seed, as these plants are simply seed growth transplanted. Another reason is that Onions raised from these plants mature from two to three weeks earlier than those raised from sets.

Onion Plants will stand being out of the ground from two to three weeks and still grow, but it is more desirable to set them out as soon as possible after they are received. The plants that I supply have extra heavy roots and are fine plants in every way. If these plants are kept out of the ground very long these roots will all drop off, but that does not mean the plants will not still grow. The roots that are now on the plants do not take hold, no matter how soon you get them out, but new roots put out and take hold as soon as they are in the ground a few days.

While I have stated this before, I want to fully impress it in your mind, that the Bermuda Onion is the best Onion that grows. They grow larger, keep longer, and are much sweeter than most other varieties. The easiest, surest and quickest way to raise them is from plants. Onions raised from plants mature from two to three weeks earlier than those raised from sets.

Lee's Bermuda Onion Plants will produce delicious young Onions for table use during the late spring and early summer. They can be set out at the same time you would plant Onion sets or Cabbage plants, with every assurance of producing a good crop of Onions. Plant in rows about 15 inches apart and 3 to 4 inches in the rows.

Except for Lee's Frost Proof Cabbage Plants, there has been nothing in the plant line that equals Lee's Bermuda Onion Plants. They are ideal for both the small garden and for the larger Onion grower. I heartily recommend them to you and know that you will be pleased with the results. Once you have used them you will always use them.

I am offering the white or yellow Bermuda Onion Plants this season. This is the most widely planted of the Bermuda varieties. I list it under the name of White or Yellow Bermuda in order to avoid any misunderstanding; when it was listed under the name of White Bermuda many who planted it for the first time expected it to be a pure white color. It is a light yellow or straw color Onion, although it is generally known as White Bermuda, which is somewhat misleading.

PLEASE REMEMBER

When I receive your order for these plants, I have to forward it to my growing station, which takes several days. Plants are shipped direct to you from my growing station. Plants cannot be pulled or shipped in rainy or freezing weather because when wet they heat too rapidly. We sometimes have a week or ten days of continued wet weather which prevents shipment. Your order will be accepted with the understanding that you are willing to allow for delays, such as explained above, over which I have absolutely no control. Order early and state about what date you wish your plants sent. I will ship just as near the time desired as weather and other conditions will permit. Orders can be filled from December to May 1st.

VARIETY, LEE'S WHITE OR YELLOW BERMUDA

Please Read Carefully So You Will Fully Understand The Following Prices

Price by Parcel Post 500 Onion Plants, POSTPAID, \$1.60; 1,000 or more, POSTPAID, at \$3.00 per 1,000.

In Lots of One Hundred On small shipments I will supply 100 plants for 50 cents, postpaid. No orders for less than 100 plants will be filled. Orders are filled by the hundred—not 250 or 350—but 200, 300, or 400. Also, orders for less than 500 take the 100 rate. At 50 cents per 100 I will send the above, postpaid, to any post office in the United States.

Price by Express BUYER TO PAY EXPRESS CHARGES. In lots of 1,000 to 3,000 plants, at \$2.00 per 1,000; 5,000 or more, at \$1.50 per 1,000. Plants packed for express shipment 1,000 or 2,000 plants to package.

LEE'S ONION SEED

Culture The Onion is the most healthful vegetable I list and is perhaps more universally grown than any other vegetable. Onions grown direct from seed are good keepers for months and should be in every home garden. For home use onion seeds or sets should be planted as early in the spring as the ground can be worked. The use of sets is absolutely unnecessary as a matter of earliness. The seeds make better onions in every respect as they are better shaped, longer keeping and bring a better price in the market. Sow in rows 12 to 18 inches apart and cover one-half inch deep. When large enough thin to 3 inches apart. One ounce of seed will plant 200 feet of row; four or five pounds per acre.

Lee's Prizetaker Onion (No. 132) Lee's Prizetaker Onion seed is the best obtainable. I have supplied the largest growers in this section for years with my special strain of Prizetaker and nowhere have I seen onions that show up any better than those grown from my seed. The seed I offer is the best American grown, which is superior to the imported seed of this variety. The Prizetaker is a light straw-colored onion of globe shape. The flesh is creamy white, with a mild and agreeable flavor. The onion grows to a large size, frequently measuring 12 to 18 inches in circumference, and fine bulbs have been raised weighing 4½ to 5 pounds each. It has a small neck, ripens up hard and will keep any reasonable length of time. It does well planted in all sections and is an exceptionally fine variety. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 15c; ounce, 25c; ¼ pound, 75c; pound, \$2.50; postpaid.**

Australian Brown (No. 133) (The Long Keeper). I don't know of anything more practical than growing a supply of onions for winter use. A good many folks object to growing onions for fear they won't keep during the fall and winter months. The Australian Brown onion has been known to keep for one solid year from the time it was pulled from the ground and, except from a little shrinkage or loss of weight, was in perfect condition. It is a handsome onion, round in shape with a thick skin of a beautiful rich brown color. The flesh is always white, extremely solid, and mild in flavor. It is an extremely hardy variety, yielding an enormous crop in both weight and bulk, a desirable onion for the home garden as well as for the market. **Packet, 5 cents; ½ ounce, 15 cents; ounce, 25 cents; ¼ pound, 75 cents; pound, \$2.00.**

Australian Brown—The Long Keeping Onion

Large Red Wethersfield (No. 134) This variety is the most widely planted red onion in the South. It is an old and well known sort which has given complete satisfaction in the South for years. It is almost round in shape with skin of deep red color. The flesh is white, tinged with pink, and of excellent quality. It is a sure and heavy yielder especially adapted to dry soils. It is a good keeper and when grown for market, finds ready sale. The special strain of seed that I offer of this variety is the same I have sold here with such excellent results for the past twenty years. **Packet, 10c; ½ ounce, 15c; ounce, 25c; ¼ pound, 75c; pound, \$2.50; postpaid.**

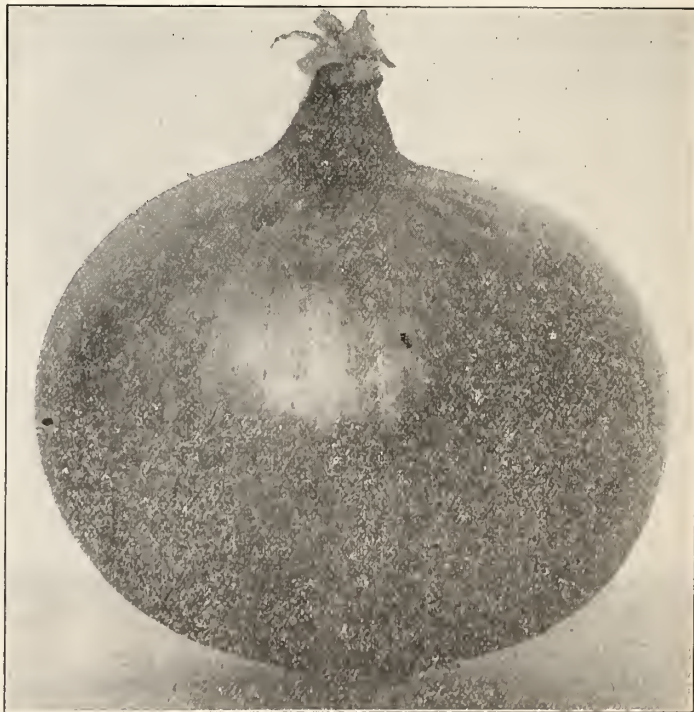
Lee's Large White Globe (No. 135) This is one of the most beautiful onions grown. The skin is clear, waxy white; the flesh fine grained and mild flavored. These large globe shaped onions bring the highest price on the market. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 20c; ounce, 35c; ¼ pound, 90c; pound, \$3.00; postpaid.**

Lee's Large Yellow Globe (No. 136) Large uniform globe-shaped onions of rich yellow color, slightly tinged with orange. Flesh is a creamy white, mild and of very fine quality. A good keeper. **Packet, 10c; ½ ounce, 15c; ounce, 25c; ¼ lb., 75c; lb., \$2.50; postpaid.**

Lee's Large Red Globe (No. 137) A handsome globe-shaped onion of rich purplish crimson color. Aside from the white varieties, it brings the highest market price. It is a good keeper and of excellent quality. **Packet, 10c; ½ ounce, 15c; ounce, 25c; ¼ pound, 75c; pound, \$2.50; postpaid.**

Lee's Three Best Onion Collection (No. 138) 25 Cents Postpaid

So many folks want an onion collection that will give them a selection that will last them practically the whole year. Lee's Three Best Onion Collection (No. 138) fills this want. It consists of one packet each of Lee's Prizetaker, Australian Brown, and White Bermuda onion seed. Isn't this a fine selection, and just what you want? **25 cents; postpaid.**



Lee's Large Red Wethersfield Onion

Lee's Bermuda Onion Seed

The Most Profitable Onion For The South

There is no vegetable crop more profitable than Bermuda Onions. This is a broad statement but it has been proven many times. The only time it has failed, is where the crop is grown with the same careless cultivation as is given cotton, melons or beans. Onions cannot be grown successfully and profitably in this manner. They require careful and thorough cultivation and the grower willing to give them this, will reap a handsome profit from his crop. It is nothing uncommon for an acre of Bermuda Onions to clear \$100.00 net profit and some growers clear as high as \$500.00 per acre. The strain of seed I offer is surpassed by none and has few equals. Growers using Lee's Bermuda Onion seed have secured better prices than those that did not and therefore made larger profits. My extra selected strain of seed produce onions of superior quality which are free from Reds, Pinks, Doubles and Splits. These important facts should not be overlooked in the purchase of seed. Cheap seed are the most expensive in the long run.

My seeds are grown with the utmost care in the Canary Islands, located off the coast of Africa. It takes two years to produce a crop of seed. The bulbs must be carefully selected before they are planted, which together with numerous other details in growing and harvesting the seeds makes the growing of this variety a careful business. Due to their mild, sweet flavor the Bermuda Onions are fast replacing other varieties in the South and every gardener should grow them either for market or home use.

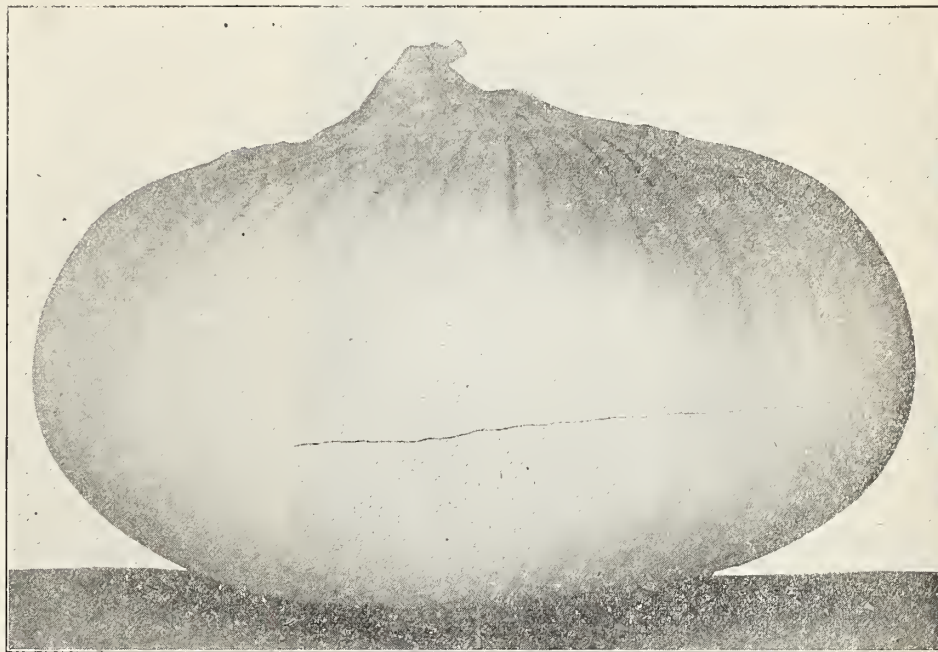
White or Yellow Bermuda Onion (No. 139) This is the most widely planted of the Bermuda varieties. I am listing it this year under the name of White or Yellow Bermuda in order to avoid any misunderstanding. When it was listed under the name of White Bermuda many who planted it for the first time expected it to be a pure white color. It is a light yellow or straw color onion although it is generally known as White Bermuda, which is somewhat misleading. It is without question one of the finest varieties of onion that grows and especially adapted to the South. It is very early and a heavy yielder. The flesh is a clear, sparkling white. It is the mildest flavored onion in the world and probably the most attractive. Due to its extreme mildness it is the most popular onion on the market. It finds ready sale, bringing the highest market price. If you have never grown this desirable onion be sure to try some this year. You can buy no better seed than those I offer you at any price. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 20 cents; ounce 30 cents; ¼ pound, 90 cents; pound, \$3.00; postpaid.**

Red Bermuda Onion (No. 140) This onion is identical in size, shape and mildness with the White Bermuda. The color is a pale red and it is a general favorite in sections where a red onion is preferred. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 20 cents; ounce, 30 cents; ¼ pound, 90 cents; pound, \$3.00; postpaid.**

ONION SETS FOR SPRING PLANTING

Onion sets are most planted in the home garden for early onions to pull green. There is a good demand in the market for green onions and any surplus can be readily disposed of at good prices. Owing to variations, I sell onion sets by weight only, one pound usually equalling about one quart. Sets are planted three inches apart in rows 12 to 15 inches apart.

Red Globe Sets More red sets are planted than any other variety of sets. They produce fine green onions and the matured onion keeps better than other kinds raised from sets. **Pound, 25 cents; 8 pounds, (peck), \$1.25; postpaid. Write for prices on larger quantities.**



Lee's Bermuda Onion—The Earliest, Mildest Flavored Onion for the South

Lee's Crystal Wax Bermuda (No. 141)

That this is the most beautiful onion grown is an undisputed fact. It is a clear, waxy, pure white and most attractive. The flesh is white, fine grained, tender, exceedingly mild and sweet. In fact, it is identical with the White or Yellow Bermuda, except in color. This one difference, however, is a big thing as in the market, as this onion on account of its handsome appearance sells faster and brings a better price than any other variety. The eastern markets pay 25 to 50 cents a crate more for this variety and the demand is never filled. In your local markets you will find that this onion will largely replace all others during spring and early summer. It will pay you to grow this fine onion either for market or home use. You cannot afford to take a chance with just any seeds. Send to Lee's and know you are getting dependable seeds. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 25 cents; ounce, 40 cents; ¼ pound, \$1.25; pound, \$4.00; postpaid.**

Lee's Silver Skin Onion (No. 142)

White Portugal. A splendid pickling onion with mild flavor and silvery white skin. It is extensively used for raising sets as the little bulbs are very uniform. The onions usually mature about ten days earlier than white globe and are fine for fall and early winter use. Onions are of good size, nearly round being somewhat flattened. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 15 cents; ounce, 25 cents; ¼ pound, 65 cents; pound, \$2.25; postpaid.**

Yellow Globe Sets The standard yellow variety. They make medium sized, globe-shaped yellow onions of good quality. Plant a few for early green onions. **Pound, 25 cents; 8 pounds (peck), \$1.25; postpaid. Write for quantity prices.**

Silver-Skin Sets The onions raised from this variety do not keep as well as the red or yellow sorts. The onions are large, silvery white and of excellent quality. They are early and owing to their white color sell better in the market. **Pound, 25 cents; 8 pounds, (peck), \$1.25; postpaid. Write for quantity prices.**

LEE'S GARDEN OR ENGLISH PEAS



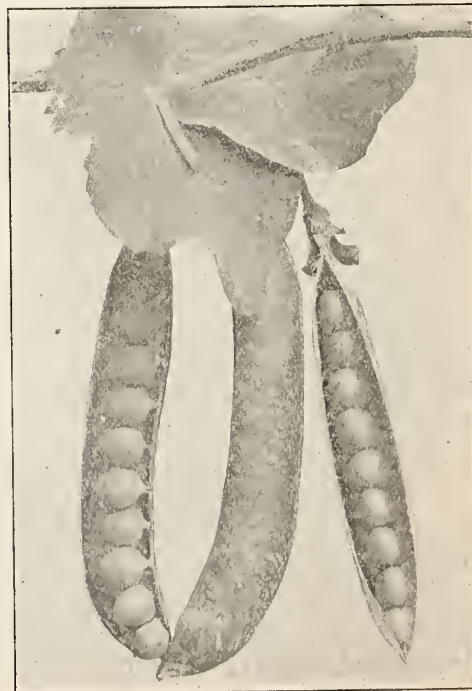
Extra Early Alaska Peas

Culture The first varieties planted in the garden in spring are Lee's Extra Early and Alaska Extra Early. They are the earliest and hardest of all peas and it takes a hard freeze to kill them. They start planting these two varieties in this section about the last of January and plant at intervals of 10 days or two weeks until about April 1st. After this date it is advisable to sow only the taller growing varieties with wrinkled seed like the Bliss Everbearing. The wrinkled varieties will rot in cold ground without germinating and must not be planted until the ground warms up. The Extra Early varieties should be sown in drills thickly and covered about 2 inches. One quart of seed will plant 100 feet of row. The second early or main crop varieties should not be planted until the ground warms up, usually in the month of April in this section. A fine method of planting varieties like the Bliss Everbearing is in double rows six to eight inches apart and two and one-half to four feet between the double rows. The crop should be gathered as fast as it is fit for use.

Lee's Extra Early (No. 143) An excellent variety for market gardeners and shippers. It is the earliest and most even strain of white extra early peas that grows, maturing so well together that sometimes a single picking will secure the entire crop. It grows 2½ to 3 feet in height. The vines are hardy and vigorous, bearing three to seven straight pods of good size, about two and one-half inches long, each containing five to seven medium sized, smooth peas of good quality. This variety is ready for market when the prices are the highest and this makes it a desirable variety for market gardeners and shippers. Packet, 10 cents; ½ pound, 20 cents; pound, 35 cents; 2 pounds, 65 cents; postpaid. Not prepaid, 10-pound lots or over, 16 cents per pound.

Alaska Extra Early (No. 144) This is the best extra early variety you can plant in the home garden. It is the heaviest bearer and the best quality of all the round-seeded extra early sorts. It is also a valuable variety for market gardeners and canners. More Alaska peas are grown than any other one variety. It is a variety of strong robust growth and large yields. Vines are from two to three feet high, of light green color, with pods of slightly lighter color. The pods are about two and one-half inches in length and blunt at the apex. They have four to six peas in a pod. When matured the seed is small, smooth and of bluish green color. There are a great many Alaska peas on the market which are from run out stock or else not kept true to name. There is no better

LEE'S
TESTED
SEEDS



Lee's Early Market Peas

seed of this variety to be had than the special strain I offer. Take no chances. Buy Lee's and be satisfied. Packet, 10c; ½ pound, 20c; pound, 35c; 2 pounds 65c; postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 pounds or over, 16c per pound.

Notts Excelsior (No. 145) The best extra early dwarf wrinkled pea. It combines the good qualities of the American Wonder and Little Gem Peas. The vines grow about 12 inches high, are larger and more productive than the American Wonder and earlier than the Little Gem. For the home garden where brush or sticks are not available, and for those who desire an early dwarf pea of long bearing qualities, this is probably the best sort in cultivation. It is mostly noted, however, for its delicious flavor which is unsurpassed by any other sort. I recommend it as the best in its class. Packet, 10 cents; ½ pound, 20 cents; pound, 40 cents; 2 pounds, 70 cents; postpaid. Not prepaid, 10 pounds or over, 18 cents per pound.

Premium Gem (No. 146) A dwarf variety growing 16 to 18 inches high and producing an abundance of round, well-shaped pods 2½ to 3 inches long. The peas are green, wrinkled, of sweet, delicious flavor and excellent quality. It is a well known popular variety and one of the earliest of the good quality varieties for home garden. Pkt., 10 cents; ½ pound, 20 cents; pound, 40 cents; 2 pounds, 70 cents; postpaid.

Gradus or Prosperity (No. 147) A fine extra early variety that is very hardy and can be planted almost as early as Alaska. It is highly prized by both home and market gardeners for its many qualities. It is wrinkled pea of medium height, growing about 40 inches high; heavy foliage, vigorous, hardy and productive. Pods are large and well filled with peas of the finest quality. Packet, 10 cents; ½ pound, 20 cents; pound, 40 cents; 2 pounds, 70 cents; postpaid.

Lee's Early Market (No. 148) A new variety on the order of Gradus, which it resembles in many ways, though slightly earlier, more dwarf and productive. It grows about 2 feet high producing an abundance of medium green pods 3½ inches long, well filled with large dark green peas of exceptional quality. Recommended to those who prefer a variety of medium height as one of the very best both as to quality and productiveness. An exceptionally fine variety for market gardeners who desire an early, heavy bearing, large podded, wrinkled pea for nearby markets or shipping. Packet, 10 cents; ½ pound, 20 cents; pound, 35 cents; 2 pounds, 70 cents; postpaid. Not prepaid, 10-pound lots or over, 20 cents per pound.

Second Early—Main Crop

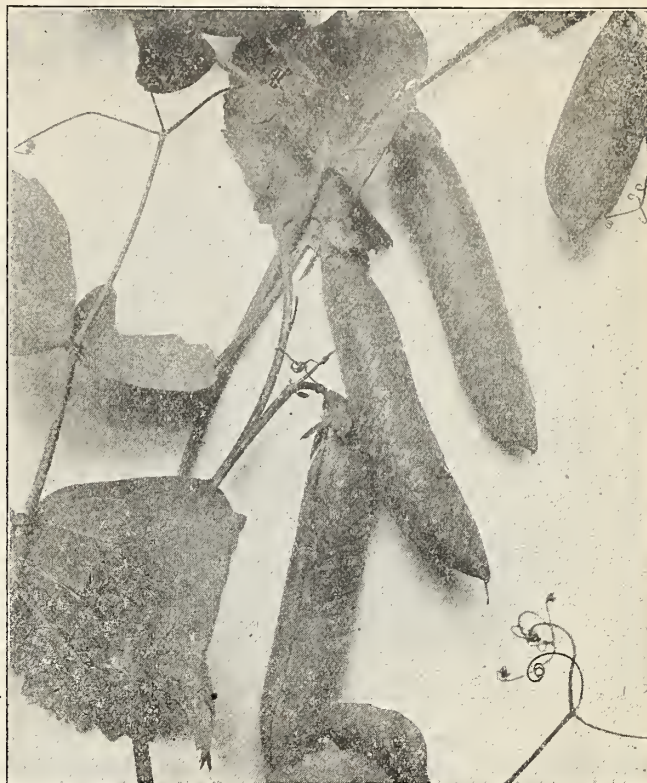
Bliss Everbearing (No. 149) The most popular second early or main crop variety for home garden or nearby markets. This excellent wrinkled variety grows about 2 to 2½ feet high, maturing its pods in about 65 days and is especially adapted to summer and autumn cropping. Its habit of growth is of peculiar branching character, forming as many as ten stalks to a single root. It will do well without sticks or brush and is especially noted for its continuance of bearing. Repeated pickings may be made, for the vine continues to produce a successional crop of pods through a long season. It is a variety of the highest quality and fine flavor. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ pound, 20 cents; pound, 40 cents; 2 pounds, 70 cents; postpaid.** Ten pounds or over, not prepaid, 18 cents a pound.

Lee's Improved Telephone One of the best tall-growing wrinkled (No. 150) varieties for home garden or market. It grows about 4 feet high, is vigorous and a great bearer, maturing in about 70 days. The pods are of large size, containing 8 to 10 peas each, which are a bright green color and sugary flavor. The vines average 18 to 20 pods each and bear through a long season. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ pound, 20 cents; pound, 40 cents; 2 pounds, 70 cents; postpaid.** Ten pounds or over, not prepaid, 20 cents a pound.

Champion of England (No. 151) A standard late variety growing 4 or 5 feet high. It is universally admitted to be one of the richest and best flavored of the late peas. The pods are large, about three inches long. I consider this variety one of the best of its kind either for the home garden or market. **Packet, 10c; ½ pound, 20c; pound, 40c; 2 pounds, 70c; postpaid.**

Large White Marrowfat A late tall variety, vines (No. 152) are about five feet high and of strong growth. It is desirable for summer use and undoubtedly one of the most productive of the garden varieties. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ pound, 20 cents; pound, 35 cents; 2 pounds, 65 cents; postpaid.** Ten pounds or over, not prepaid, 15 cents a pound.

Sugar or Salad Pea (No. 153) The best of the edible-podded varieties. Cooked and eaten in the same manner as snap beans. When young, the pods are stringless, very tender and finely flavored. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ pound, 20 cents; pound, 40 cents; 2 pounds, 70 cents; postpaid.**



Lee's Improved Telephone Peas

LEE'S GEORGIA GROWN OKRA

Okra is strictly a southern vegetable growing well any place in the cotton belt. It is a most healthful vegetable and is generally found in every southern garden. The seed I offer is grown in northern Georgia and for earliness and quality is unsurpassed. Okra is strictly a warm weather plant, requiring growing conditions similar to cotton and should not be planted early. The demand for Okra is increasing each year and is a highly esteemed vegetable throughout the entire country. The young, tender pods are used mainly in soups and stews, although they are excellent when served as a salad either boiled or fried. Seed should be sown when the ground is thoroughly warm, generally in April and May in drills three feet apart. Cover the seed with about 1 inch of soil and when the plants are well up, thin to 12 to 18 inches apart in the rows. One ounce of seed to 50 feet of row; about 8 pounds per acre.

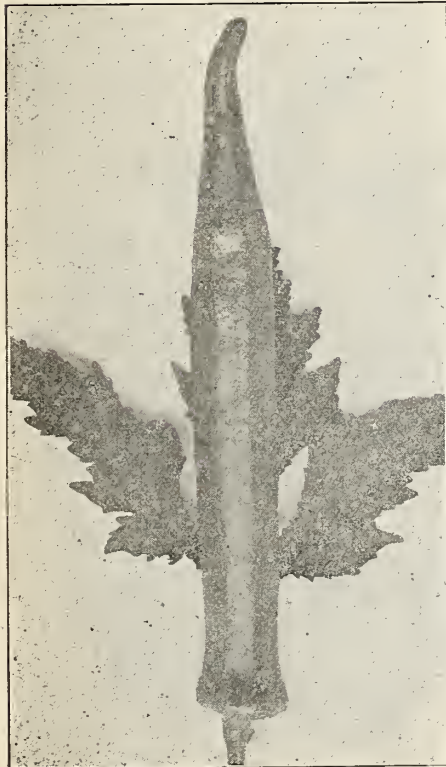
Lee's White Velvet Okra (No. 154) An excellent variety for home use and local shipments. The pods of this variety are round and smooth. They are almost altogether free from ridges or squared edges as found in other varieties and are not prickly to the touch. The fine strain of seed I offer of this variety produces pods of superior flavor and tenderness. This variety is very early producing its smooth white pods in 55 days. **Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; ¼ pound, 25 cents; pound, 75 cents; postpaid.** Ten-pound lots or over, not prepaid, 50 cents per pound.

Perkins Mammoth Long Podded Okra This is the best variety for market and shipping purposes, being ready for use in 50 to 55 days. The pods are of an intensely dark green color of unusual length, frequently 10 inches. It is very productive, pods starting to shoot out within three or four inches from the bottom of the stalk, and the whole plant is covered with them to the height of a man's head (5 to 6 feet). The pods are very slim and do not harden up as is usually the case with other long slender sorts. **Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10c; ¼ pound, 25c; pound, 75c; postpaid.** Ten pounds or over, not prepaid, 50c a lb.

SALSIFY OR VEGETABLE OYSTER

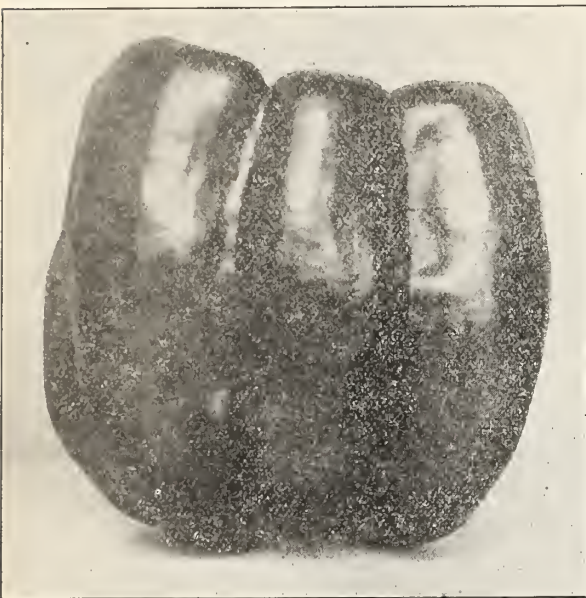
A delicious vegetable for winter use. Should not be used before frost and it is improved by remaining in the ground during freezing weather. Sow in shallow rows 18 inches apart early in the spring and let it grow all summer. One ounce of seed to 100 feet of drill.

Mammoth Sandwich Island (No. 156) The best white variety to grow. Large and strong growing, with long, smooth, white, tapering roots and less liable to branch than any other kind. **Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 20 cents; ¼ pound, 75 cents; pound, \$2.50; postpaid.**



Mammoth Long Podded Okra

LEE'S DEPENDABLE PEPPERS



Chinese Giant Pepper

producer and rather early, requiring about 140 days to fully mature, but like most all peppers can be used green just as soon as it becomes large enough. Packet, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 20 cents; ounce, 35 cents; ¼ pound, \$1.00; pound, \$3.50; postpaid.

Lee's Royal King (No. 160) In this variety you have the utmost that can be obtained in the way of a Bell type pepper. It is a very attractive pepper, an excellent shipper and commands the top prices in the market. I highly recommend this variety as an all-round pepper for the home garden, nearby markets or shipping. It grows to a large size, is very mild, and when ripe, is of a bright scarlet color. The flesh is thick, meaty and fine flavored. Plants grow 2 to 2½ feet high, vigorous and productive, bearing an enormous yield throughout the season. It is especially desirable for shipping due to its regularity of size and shape which makes it an exceptionally desirable variety for good packing and fine appearance on arrival in the markets. Packet, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 20 cents; ounce, 35 cents; ¼ pound, \$1.25; pound, \$4.00; postpaid.

Ruby King (No. 161) An old well-known standard variety of excellent quality. Fruits frequently run 4½ inches in length, having usually three lobes. A deep rich green color when young, ripening to a bright rich crimson at maturity. The flesh is thick and of mild flavor. Packet, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 20 cents; ounce, 35 cents; ¼ pound, \$1.00; pound, \$3.50; postpaid.

Lee's Golden Queen (No. 162) Similar in shape to Lee's Royal King, but of rich, creamy color. The flesh is thick and surpasses all other peppers in quality, having an exceedingly mild, sweet and delicious flavor. This variety is very popular with those who have used it but owing to crop failure I have been unable to supply any of this seed the past few years. I can offer only a limited quantity this year. Packet, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 20 cents; ounce, 35 cents; ¼ pound, \$1.25; pound, \$4.00; postpaid.

Red Chili Pepper (No. 163) A very hot, pungent, bright red pepper used for flavoring. Dwarf growing with slender, pointed fruits about one inch long, which are about ½ inch thick at the base and taper to a sharp point. Packet, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 20 cents; ounce, 35 cents; ¼ pound, \$1.25; postpaid.

Long Red Cayenne (No. 164) A well-known hot pepper. Larger than Red Chili but just as hot and pungent. It is medium early sort having a slender, twisted and pointed pod about four inches long. A bright red color when ripe. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 20c; oz., 35c; ¼ lb., \$1.25; postpaid.

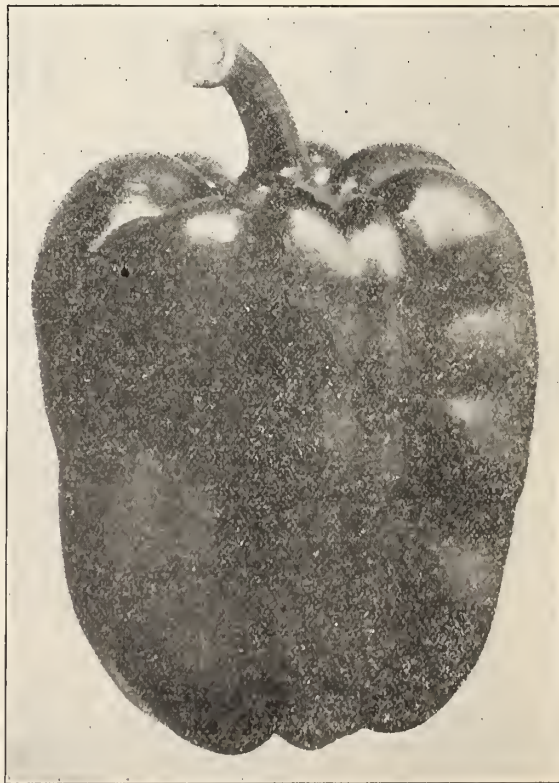
Lee's Mixed Peppers (No. 165) This fine mixture gives to the home garden, peppers of all sizes both sweet and hot. It consists of some of each variety of pepper that is listed by me. Nearly every home gardener wants both sweet and hot peppers in their garden and I have offered you this fine mixture knowing it will give you satisfaction. Packet, 10 cents; 3 packets, 25 cents; postpaid.

Culture Peppers are more tender than most vegetables. The seed does not germinate freely in a temperature of less than 65 degrees and should either be started in hot beds or boxes in the house. If sown outdoors, planting should be deferred until the ground becomes warm in the spring. When the plants are about three inches high and all danger from frost is past, they can be set in the open ground in rows about two and one-half feet apart and two feet apart in the row. One ounce of pepper seed will usually make about 1000 good strong plants if properly handled. To be sure of a sufficient quantity of plants for an acre, ½ pound of seed is generally sown.

Chinese Giant (No. 157) The Chinese Giant is one of the largest and finest peppers in cultivation. The plant is about two feet high, of strong, vigorous growth, stocky and erect in habit, very productive, and ripens its fruits earlier than the Ruby King. The compact plants are very prolific, setting 3 to 4 extra fruits at the base quite early in the season, which ripens while a second crop is setting on the branches. The fruits are quite square, averaging 4 inches in diameter, and is a bright, glossy scarlet color when ripe. The flesh is usually thick and very mild, having none of the pungency of most of the older varieties. It is a fine variety for the home garden and for the market gardener. The immense size of the fruit and its brilliant color render it very attractive and of ready sale in the market. Packet, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 30 cents; ounce, 50 cents; ¼ pound, \$1.75; pound, \$6.50; postpaid.

Pimento (No. 158) The mildest flavored of all peppers. This variety should be planted in every garden where a delicious sweet flavored pepper is wanted both for salad and for stuffing. It has attained wonderful popularity in the short time it has been known. A very productive sort, being an entirely different type than the other well-known peppers. Its thickness of flesh permits removing of skin, an essential of great value not easily accomplished with other sorts. It is very popular with canners having qualities superior to any other pepper, and can be utilized in many more ways. Packet, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 20 cents; ounce, 35 cents; ¼ pound, \$1.00; pound, \$3.50; postpaid.

Large Bell or Bull Nose (No. 159) A standard sweet flavored, scarlet pepper. It is a fine variety for the home garden or for growing for market. The fruits are about 4 inches long and 2½ inches in diameter with thick flesh of fairly pungent flavor. It is a heavy



Lee's New Royal King Pepper

MUSTARD

Culture Sow broadcast or in drills about 18 inches apart. Give clean culture, keeping free from grass and weeds. Ready for use as a salad in from 30 to 40 days. It furnishes an abundance of leaves and can be cut all through the spring. Seed can be sown from January to May. One ounce of seed plants 200 ft. of row.

Southern Giant Curled Mustard (No. 124)

A fine large variety that is planted extensively in the South. The leaves are large, light green with a much crimped and curled edge. The plant is upright or slightly spreading in growth. It is very hardy and grows well in any good garden soil. The strain of seed I offer of this variety is exceptionally fine. It produces extra large leaves which are slightly pungent, crisp and tender and can be eaten like lettuce or boiled for "greens." No garden is complete without a patch of mustard for early "greens." Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; ¼ pound, 25 cents; pound, 75 cents; postpaid.

Chinese Mustard (No. 125) A distinct strain of mustard which has steadily increased in popularity in recent years. It is much larger than the Southern Giant Curled and remains in condition for use a long time. It makes a quick rank growth, is very tender, mild, and free from bitterness. You will make no mistake in planting the variety in your garden. It will please you. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; ¼ pound, 25 cents; pound 75 cents; postpaid.

White Mustard (No. 126) The leaves of this variety are rather small and smooth. The seed is larger than that of other mustards, of light yellow color and are used in pickling for family use. The seed of this variety are used in making "ground mustard." Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; ¼ pound, 25 cents; pound, 75 cents; postpaid.

PARSLEY A beautiful plant used in flavoring soups and for garnishing. Parsley does best in rich soil. The seed is very slow to germinate and should be sown as early in the spring as the ground can be worked. Sow in rows about 18 feet apart covering the seed not more than ½ inch. When the plants are well up thin out to 6 inches apart in the row. One ounce of seed will plant 200 feet of row or three pounds per acre.

Champion Moss Curled Parsley (No. 128)

A vigorous, compact growing variety, excellent for garnishing and flavoring. The leaves are very finely cut and so closely crisped or curled as to resemble bunches of moss. This is one of the most popular sorts for the market or home garden. Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 15 cents; ¼ pound, 35 cents; pound, \$1.00; postpaid.

Double Curled Parsley (No. 129) Plants of dwarf, compact growth; the young leaves are well curled and of rich dark green color. Well liked by market gardeners. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 15 cents; ¼ pound, 35 cents; pound, \$1.00; postpaid.

Plain Leaved Parsley (No. 130) A variety having flat, very dark green leaves which are not curled. It is grown almost exclusively for seasoning. Packet, 5c; ounce, 15c; ¼ lb., 35c; lb., \$1.00; postpaid.

Rhubarb or Pie Plant

Rhubarb is the earliest of spring vegetables and is grown for its leaf stalks which are extensively used for pies and sauces. It is not as well known in the South as in other parts of the country but is a most excellent vegetable and each year there is an increase in the planting of this desirable vegetable in the South. It should be planted in moist, partly shaded locations. The plant is a rank feeder and grower and the soil in which it is planted should be heavily fertilized with well rotted stable manure.

Victoria Rhubarb Seed (No. 131) This is the best variety to grow. The beautiful red stalks are excellent for either market or home use. Sow in rows an inch deep and thin out the plants to six inches apart. In the fall transplant to permanent location, setting them four to six feet apart each way. The stalks are not ready for use until the second year. Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 20 cents; ¼ pound, 50 cents; pound, \$1.50; postpaid.

Rhubarb Roots The Rhubarb roots I offer are the large field grown roots or clumps and are not divided. They will produce an abundance of delicious Rhubarb the first season and if planted in the right location and given proper cultivation will bear for years. By mail, postpaid, 25 cents; 3 for 65 cents; \$2.25 per dozen. Special prices for large quantities by Express or Freight.

Horseradish Roots Horesradish roots should be planted in a moist, rather shady location for best results. They do well planted anywhere in the South and are delightful for seasoning. The only way to have real full strength horseradish is to grow your own as that generally sold in stores is very weak and of little flavor. Prices: 25 roots or sets, 55 cents; 50 for \$1.00; 100 for \$2.00 postpaid.

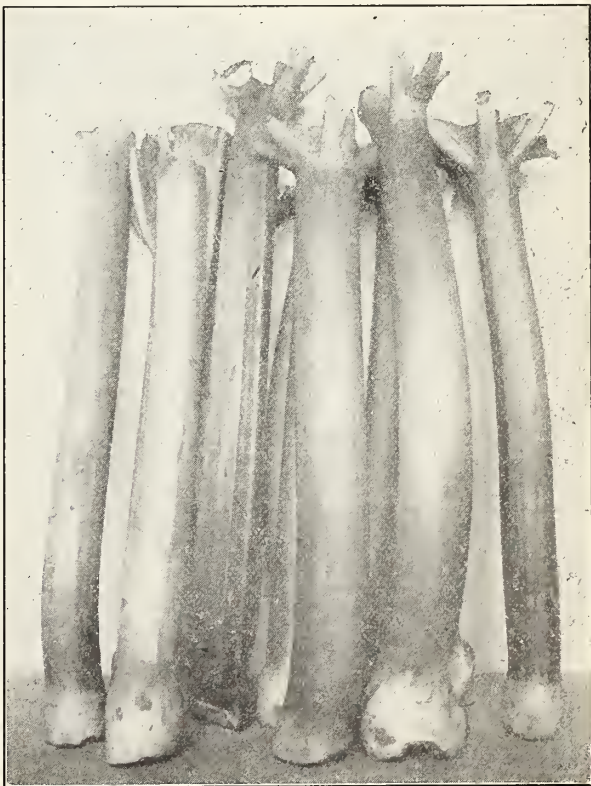
It is often the case that I mail Rhubarb and Horseradish roots separate from seeds. This is due to my often having to wait for seasonable time to ship in order to prevent damage in transit. When you send your seed order send in your order for roots.



Lee's Southern Giant Curled Mustard

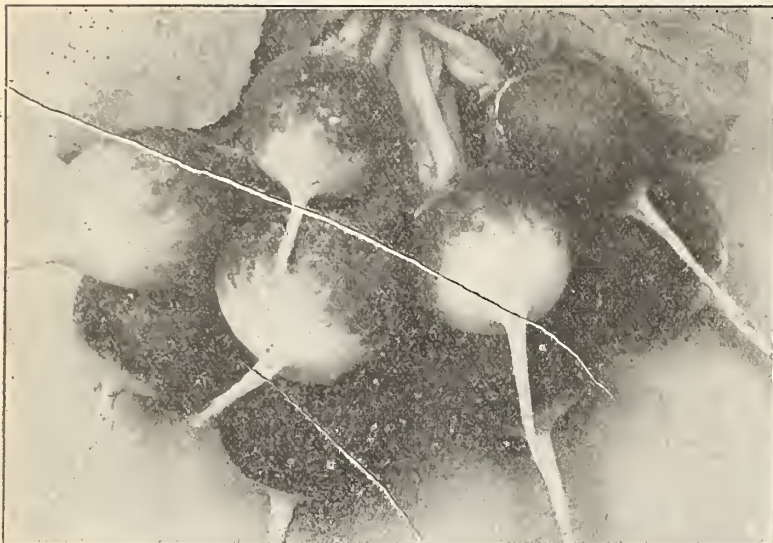
PARSNIP Culture Sow the seed thickly in rows 1½ to 2 feet apart as early in the spring as the ground can be worked. Give frequent and thorough cultivation and when the plants are well up thin 4 to 6 inches in the row. Seed can be sown from February to May. One ounce of seed plants 100 feet of row; five pounds per acre.

Hollow Crown Parsnip (No. 127) This is the best and most productive variety both for market and home use. The roots, which are white, grow long, and are smooth, tender, sweet and are of excellent flavor. The roots in good soil grow about 15 inches long and 3 inches across the shoulder. They are uniform in size and shape, smooth and of handsome appearance. Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 15 cents; ¼ pound, 35 cents; pound, \$1.00; postpaid.



Rhubarb or Pie Plant

LEE'S FINEST RADISH SEED



Early Scarlet Turnip, White Tipped Radish

Lee's Selected Scarlet Globe (No. 173) If you wish to have the finest and first red radishes, sow Lee's Selected Scarlet Globe. It is an attractive sort with skin of rich scarlet color, while the flesh is pure white, and always tender, mild and sweet. It has a small, short top, and is well adapted to open ground sowing or to forcing under glass. In favorable weather and in good soil it will mature in 18 to 20 days from the sowing of the seed. It is crisp and brittle. Used extensively by market gardeners and shippers. **Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; ¼ pound, 25c; pound, 75c; postpaid.**

Crimson Giant (No. 174) An exceptionally large round radish, nearly globe shaped and of an attractive crimson color. It often grows from 1½ to 1¾ inches in diameter before becoming pithy. It is early and remains in good condition for a long time. A money maker for the market gardener and a desirable variety for home use. **Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; ¼ pound, 30c; lb., \$1.00; postpaid.**

French Breakfast (No. 175) The most desirable of the half-long varieties. It is an early half-long radish of bright red color with white bottom, grown extensively in the South for home and market use. It is a quick grower, maturing in 18 to 20 days. It is of the finest quality, being crisp, tender and mild. **Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; ¼ pound, 25 cents; pound, 75c; postpaid.**

Long White Icicle Radish (No. 176) The earliest and finest of the long white varieties. The Icicle is perfectly white in color; about 3 inches long, and ½ inch in diameter, with small tops and few leaves. It quickly grows to market size, is crisp and brittle, and of mild, sweet flavor. It remains tender during the entire growing period. It is ready for use in about 20 to 25 days and is used for forcing under glass or sown in open ground. An excellent variety for both home garden or market. **Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00; postpaid. Not prepaid: 5 lbs. or over, 85c per lb.**

Lee's Early Long Scarlet (No. 177) This is the best long red radish and is widely planted in the South both for home use and market. It is of brightest scarlet color; has rather small tops, roots long and tapering to a decided point. The beautiful radishes mature in 25 to 30 days from the sowing of the seed and are always brittle and sweet. It will withstand hot dry weather, remaining firm, and crisp and of fine flavor. **Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; ¼ pound, 25c; pound, 75c; postpaid. Not prepaid: 5 lbs. or over 60c lb.**

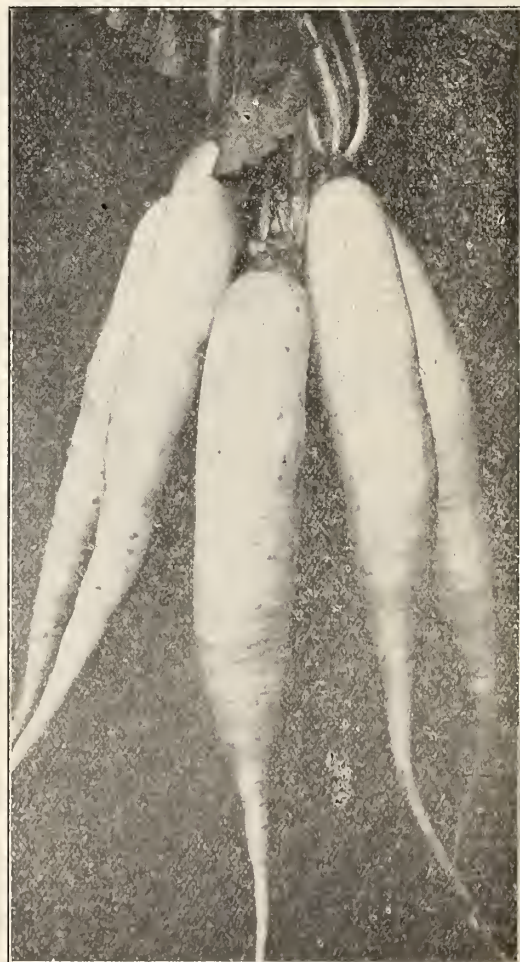
Chartier (No. 178) A good variety for planting outdoors for early summer use in the home garden and for market. The roots are rather long, averaging 7 to 8 inches when matured, bright scarlet rose in color, shading into white at the tip. **Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; ¼ pound, 30 cents; pound, \$1.00; postpaid.**

Cincinnati Market (No. 179) This variety is sometimes called Glass or Red Icicle. It is widely known in the South, and is certainly of high quality, very early, maturing in about 23 days. A splendid sort for forcing or open ground, growing about 6 inches long. It grows straight and smooth and of handsome bright red color. **Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; ¼ pound, 25 cents; pound, 75 cents; postpaid.**

White Strasburg (No. 180) An excellent all-around variety and especially desirable for summer use. It is an oblong, tapering shape with skin and flesh of pure white. It is brittle and tender, retaining its crispness even when the roots are old and large. **Packet, 5c; ounce 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 75c; postpaid.**

Culture Radish do the best in rich, loose, moist soil. The quality depends almost entirely on the quickness of growth. To have a continuous supply of crisp and tender radishes, successive plants should be made every 10 days or two weeks. For early use plant the round or button radishes. For later use plant the long and half-long varieties as they go much deeper in the ground and better resist heat and drought. The varieties known as winter radishes should be sown in August and September. Sow seed ½ inch deep in rows 12 to 18 inches apart. One ounce of seed sows 100 feet of row; 10 to 12 pounds per acre.

Early Scarlet Turnip, White Tipped (No. 172) The most popular radish for forcing as well as for open ground growth. Market gardeners and shippers prefer it to all other varieties, finding it a quick selling sort at good prices, always above ordinary sorts. It is an excellent variety for the home garden. It is perfectly round or globe shaped, deep scarlet at top, blending to pure white at the bottom. The flesh is white and of splendid quality. The top growth is very small. It is extremely quick to mature, being ready for use in 18 to 20 days from the time of sowing the seed. Remains very tender and crisp until very old. **Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; ¼ pound, 30c; pound, 85c; postpaid. Not prepaid: 5 lbs. or over, 70c per lb.**



Lee's Long White Icicle Radish

Lee's Mixed Radish (No. 181) This mixture is for a small garden, where space is limited and one sowing does for the whole season. Lee's mixed radishes contain some of each variety catalogued by me, except the winter varieties. All kinds, colors and type. A fine well balanced mixture, furnishing for the table early, medium and late radishes. You will always have some that are just right, sweet and crisp. An excellent and desirable mixture. Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; ¼ pound, 30c; pound, \$1.00; postpaid.

California Mammoth White (No. 182) This is the largest of all the winter radish. They grow 10 to 12 inches long and from 2 to 3 inches in diameter. The skin and flesh are pure white; crisp and solid, decidedly pungent but well flavored. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; ¼ pound, 30 cents; pound, \$1.00; postpaid.

China Rose Winter (No. 183) An excellent winter radish of deep scarlet color. The flesh is white, firm, crisp and pungent. Stump rooted, 4 or 5 inches long and 2 inches thick. Packet, 5c; ounce, 10c; ¼ pound, 30c; pound, \$1.00; postpaid.

Black Spanish Winter (No. 184) Best variety of black skinned winter radish. Roots when matured are 7 to 9 inches long by 2 to 3 inches across. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; ¼ pound, 30 cents; pound, \$1.00; postpaid.

MARKET GARDENERS ATTENTION

Write me for special prices on 5-pound lots or over on any vegetable you plant. I can often save you money and you can always depend on getting the right seeds.



Lee's Mixed Radishes

SWEET, POT AND MEDICINAL HERB SEED

ANISE (No. 185). Aromatic seeds used as a condiment. Leaves finely fringed and are used in garnishing. Packet, 10c.

BORAGE (No. 186). Excellent bee food and honey plant, leaves used for flavoring cordials. Packet, 10 cents.

CARAWAY (No. 187). Produces aromatic seeds used for flavoring bread, cakes, etc. Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 20 cents.

DILL (No. 188). Seed strongly aromatic, and have a pungent flavor. Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 25 cents.

HOREHOUND (No. 189). Leaves are used for seasoning, also in making candy and cough medicine. Packet, 10 cents.

LAVENDER (No. 190). The common lavender; leaves used for seasoning. Packet, 10 cents.

MARJORAM, SWEET (No. 191). Tender shoots and leaves used for seasoning. Packet, 10 cents.

SAGE (No. 192). The tender leaves and tops are used in sausage, dressings and sauces. Packet, 10 cents.

SUMMER SAVORY (No. 193). Leaves and tender flower stalks used for flavoring. Packet, 10 cents.

THYME (No. 194). Leaves and tender shoots used for seasoning during summer and dried for winter. Delicious flavoring for sausage and meats. Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 50c.

LEE'S SPINACH SEED

For years I have supplied the largest growers and shippers in the Southwest with spinach seed. My specially grown spinach seed is far superior to that obtained from a great many sources and it gives satisfaction. It has a stonger and better germination, the growth is larger, more vigorous and hardier. It is easily grown, requires little cultivation and any quantity not used at home finds ready sale on the market. It should be planted in rich soil, the richer the better. Spinach can be sown in drills 18 inches apart, or it can be sown broadcast. Can be sown in February, March, and April or in September and October for late fall and early spring use. One ounce of seed will plant 100 feet of row; 10 pounds broadcast will plant an acre.

Lee's Bloomsdale Spinach (No. 195) This is the best known and most widely used variety by market gardeners and in the home garden. The plant is of upright growth, with thick, glossy, dark green leaves of medium size, which are more or less crumpled or blistered. It grows quickly to a suitable size for use and is slow to seed. It is the earliest, hardiest and most productive variety I know of. Excellent for either spring or fall planting. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; ¼ pound, 20 cents; pound, 50 cents; postpaid.

Victoria (No. 196) An excellent variety for the market or home use. The leaves are very large, exceedingly thick, very dark green and slightly crumpled in the center. It will out yield most every other variety. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10c; ¼ pound, 20c; pound, 50c; postpaid.

New Zealand Spinach (No. 197) A variety of spinach which grows luxuriantly all summer, even in the hottest weather. It produces an abundance of the finest flavored "greens" all summer, a few plants furnishing enough for an average family. It should be planted in April or May. A desirable all summer vegetable and should be in every Southern garden. Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 20 cents; ¼ pound, 50 cents; pound, \$1.75; postpaid.



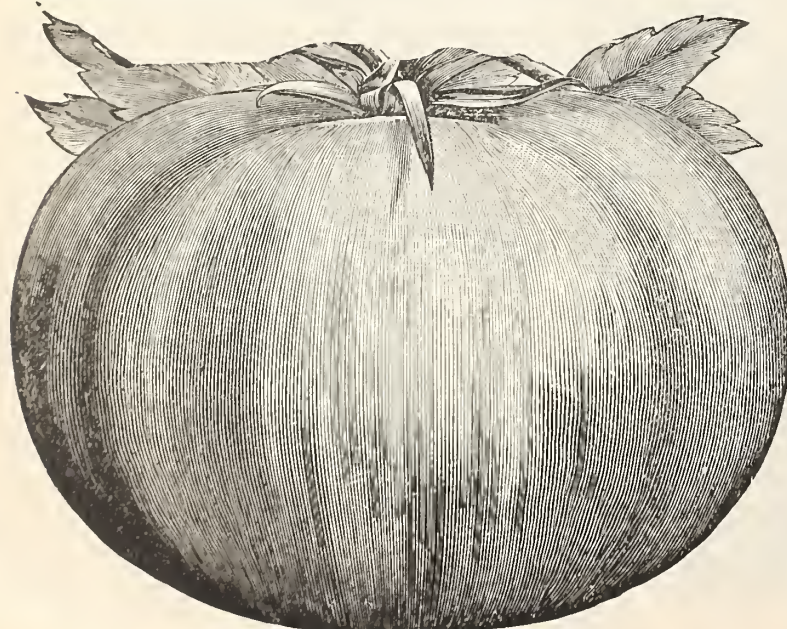
Lee's Bloomsdale Spinach

LEE'S SUPERIOR TOMATO SEED



Earliana—The Earliest Tomato

John Baer (No. 201) Early, good sized tomato which is very popular with market gardeners and in the home garden. The color is a deep, glossy red and in shape is similar to the Earliana. The fruit ripens evenly right up to the stem, is solid with few seeds and will not burst when dead ripe. The vines are strong and vigorous with just enough foliage to handle the immense load of fruit which is furnished for a longer period than any other early sort. It is a very profitable variety to grow as it has the three desirable qualities of being early, of good size and color, and a very heavy bearer. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 15 cents; ounce, 25 cents; ¼ pound, 90 cents; pound, \$3.00; postpaid.**



The Stone—The Best Canning Tomato

Culture The most satisfactory arrangement in every garden is to have an early as well as a main or general crop of tomatoes. Tomatoes should not be planted in over-rich soil as it will cause an over-growth of foliage and few fruits. Sow the seed in February or March in hotbeds or boxes in the house in rows 4 to 6 inches apart covering the seed with ½ inch of soil. Transplant to open ground when all danger from frost is past. Set the plants 3 feet apart each way and cultivate frequently. To obtain the best results the plants should be tied up to stakes and leaves thinned out as the plants grow so the sun can penetrate and ripen the fruit quicker. One ounce of seed makes about 1,500 good plants. Plant about four ounces of seed per acre.

Earliana (No. 198) This is an excellent large fruited tomato and especially valuable because of its extreme earliness. It is a most desirable variety for the market gardener or for the home garden. The vines are small and vigorous and productive, being compact in growth, with short, close-jointed branches, setting fruits very freely in the center. The fruits are bright deep scarlet, medium to large, nearly round and exceptionally smooth for a variety that is so early. This variety remains in bearing about four weeks. The strain of seed I offer of this variety is unsurpassed. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 15 cents; ounce, 25 cents; ¼ pound, 90 cents; pound, \$3.00; postpaid.**

Chalk's Early Jewel (No. 199) A fine second early variety being about ten days later than the Earliana. It is a large, smooth, fine flavored tomato bearing throughout the season. The fruits are bright deep scarlet-red, nearly round or apple shaped. They are solid and meaty, with only a few small seed cells and of remarkably fine sweet flavor. **Packet, 10c; ½ oz., 15c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 90c; lb., \$3.00; postpaid.**

June Pink (No. 200) A Pink Earliana. This variety ripens as early as the Earliana and ten days or two weeks earlier than Chalk's Early Jewel. It is an enormous bearer, clusters of six to ten fruits being borne at the crown and at the forks of the branches. The fruit is of medium size, uniform, smooth and attractively shaped. It will average 2¼ to 3 inches in diameter and 2 to 2½ inches in depth. In color it is a bright, pleasing pink and in markets where a pink tomato is desired will bring more in price than any red variety. **Packet, 10c; ½ ounce, 25c; ounce, 40c; ¼ pound, \$1.25; pound, \$4.50; postpaid.**

Redfield Beauty (No. 202) A very desirable tomato of glossy crimson color with a slight tinge of pink. This variety has proven to be a most satisfactory sort for planting in the south being comparatively free from rot under the most trying conditions of growth. The fruit is produced in clusters of three to five, is very regular in shape and size, and very solid. The skin is unexcelled for toughness which makes this variety especially valuable for long distance shipping and in sections where they must be carried in wagons over rough roads. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 20 cents; ounce, 35 cents; ¼ pound, \$1.15; pound, \$3.50; postpaid.**

Dwarf Champion Tomato (No. 203) The only first-class tomato of sufficient stiff growth to stand up clear of the ground without staking, thus keeping the fruit off the ground. The plant is of strong, erect, bushy growth and is often sold as a tree tomato. The fruits are purplish pink in color, smooth, medium sized, solid and of good flavor. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 15 cents; ounce, 25 cents; ¼ pound, 90 cents; pound, \$3.00; postpaid.**

Lee's Beefsteak Tomato (No. 204) **Lee's Beefsteak** Tomato is the best, great big, main crop tomato for the home garden that grows. It is nearly as large as the Ponderosa but is more round in shape and of bright scarlet color. It is an exceptional smooth tomato to be of such large size, and does not crack and have the hard cores that are so frequently found in tomatoes of this size. The fruits are very large, nearly round, very thick and meaty, with but few seeds. Its fine meaty flesh and delicious flavor with its extra large size makes it a wonderful variety for home use. Lee's Beefsteak Tomato will more than please you. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 25 cents; ounce, 40 cents; ¼ pound, \$1.25; pound, \$4.50; postpaid.**

The Stone (No. 205) An extra large, smooth, bright red tomato used extensively for canning and slicing. It is a first-class main crop sort and a splendid variety to furnish late tomatoes. The vines are large and vigorous, producing an abundance of fruit which is exceptionally smooth and uniform in size. My stock of this variety is distinctly superior to most stocks offered under this name. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 15 cents; ounce, 25 cents; ¼ pound, 90 cents; pound, \$3.00; postpaid.**

Acme (No. 206) The Acme is one of the best early tomatoes that I list. The vines are large, hardy and productive, ripening its first fruit very early and continuing to bear abundantly until cut off by the frost. Fruit is purplish pink in color and is borne in clusters of four or five. It is round, smooth and of good size, free from cracks and stands shipping well. Flesh is solid and of excellent flavor. **Packet, 5c; ½ ounce, 15c; ounce, 25c; ¼ pound, 90c; lb., \$3.00; postpaid.**

Livingston Beauty (No. 207) This is one of the best purplish pink, main crop sorts for home use. The vines are large, vigorous and very productive. The fruits are large, very solid, exceptionally smooth and uniform in size and of excellent quality. Where a main crop, purplish pink tomato is desired for home use, this is the variety to plant. **Packet, 5c; ½ ounce, 15c; ounce, 25c; ¼ pound, 90c; lb., \$3.00; postpaid.**

Early Detroit (No. 208) The vines of this variety are better yielders and more vigorous than those of the Acme. Not only are more fruits produced, but they are more nearly globe-shaped, are heavier and are equally as firm, smooth and suitable for shipping. The fruits are of good size throughout the season, which is unusual for so early a variety. **Packet, 5c; ½ ounce, 15c; ounce, 25c; ¼ pound, 90c; lb., \$3.00; postpaid.**

Red Rock (No. 209) One of the best large late red tomatoes for either nearby markets, canning or home use. It is a late variety maturing in 110 to 115 days. The fruit is smooth and while very solid is not hard. The flesh is red all the way through, of superior texture and excellent quality. It is a heavy yielder producing an abundance of fine shaped fruit late in the season. So uniform in shape and color is this variety that there is practically no waste in a crop of Red Rock tomatoes. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 20 cents; ounce, 35 cents; ¼ pound, 90 cents; pound, \$3.00; postpaid.**

Duke of York, The Blight Proof (No. 211) In the last few years, there has appeared in the south and especially in this southwestern section a disease, known as Southern Tomato Blight. As the fruit begins to "set" the plants begin to die and there is no known remedy for this disease. It seldom appears on land that has not been planted in tomatoes before. However, there is nothing certain about where it will appear and when it does show up the only way to succeed is to plant a variety that is practically blight-proof. The Duke of York is the only reliable blight-proof variety that I know of. It is a healthy grower, a big cropper and remains in bearing a long time. The fruits are above the average size and form in clusters of 5 or more. While not of as fine eating quality as others it is of fine appearance and a splendid shipper. If you have been bothered with tomato blight, plant this variety. **Packet, 10c; ½ ounce, 25c; ounce, 40c; ¼ pound, \$1.25; pound, \$4.50; postpaid.**

Matchless (No. 212) A fine variety for home use, nearby markets or canning. A second early sort which is very productive, continuing to produce large sized fruits until frost. The flesh is a brilliant shade of red, meaty and solid with very few seeds. The fruits are extra large and of excellent quality. **Packet, 10c; ½ ounce, 15c; ounce, 25c; ¼ pound, 90c; pound, \$3.00; postpaid.**

Golden Queen (No. 213) An excellent yellow tomato of large size. The fruit is smooth, solid and ripens early. Flesh is meaty, sweet and of fine flavor; color is a bright, golden yellow. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 20 cents; ounce, 35 cents; postpaid.**

Red Pear Shaped (No. 214) A small fruited tomato used for preserves. Fruits bright red, pear shaped and of excellent flavor. **Packet, 10c; ½ ounce, 30c; ounce, 50c; postpaid.**

Yellow Pear Shaped (No. 215) Fruits similar to red pear, but of rich, clear yellow color. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 30 cents; ounce, 50 cents; postpaid.**

Yellow Plum Tomato (No. 216) Similar to the Pear Shaped but larger and plum shaped. Fruit is a clear, deep yellow color. **Packet, 10c; ½ ounce, 30c; ounce, 50c; postpaid.**



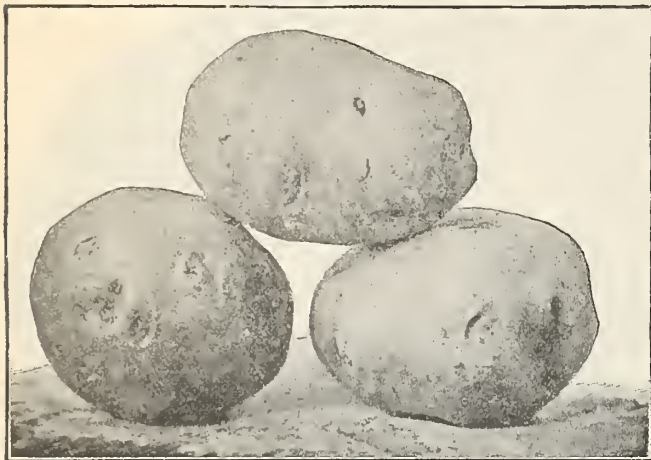
Ponderosa—The Largest of All Tomatoes

Ponderosa (No. 210) The Ponderosa is without a doubt the largest fruited, meatiest and heaviest tomato in cultivation. The vines are of strong, rather open growth and for this reason they have the power to resist hot, dry weather to a remarkable degree. The fruit is largely oblong in form, deep through, generally ridged or ribbed and of attractive deep purple color. The flesh is very solid or meaty, the tomato having very small seed cells and very few seed. The flavor is delicious and by many this is considered the best variety for slicing for the table. **Packet, 10c; ½ ounce, 25c; ounce, 40c; ¼ pound, \$1.25; pound, \$4.50; postpaid.**



Duke of York—The Great Blight-Proof Tomato

LEE'S NORTHERN GROWN POTATOES



Red Bliss Triumph Potatoes—Best for the South

PUMPKINS

More pumpkins should be grown by the Southern farmers. Many varieties are splendid for pies and baking; others make fine stock feed during the winter months. They are easily grown and any you have over find ready sale in town.

Culture Usually grown in cornfields, dropping 3 or 4 seed in every fourth hill. If they are grown as a separate crop plant the seed in hills 8 to 10 feet apart each way, dropping about a dozen seeds in a hill. When danger from bugs is passed, thin to 3 plants to a hill. After the leaves die, cut pumpkins from the vine, leaving about 4 inches of stem attached and store in a dry place. One ounce of seed to 20 hills; 3 to 4 pounds per acre.

Lee's Mammoth Pumpkin (No. 166) A pumpkin of mammoth size, large yields and fine table quality. A popular type with the home grower, considered the best for

exhibition purposes and a dependable sort in every way. The fruits are usually large, nearly round and slightly flattened at top and bottom. It is a deep creamy red color with flesh of deep orange red, fine grained and of good flavor. **Packet, 10c; ounce, 20c; ¼ pound, 50c; pound, \$1.50; postpaid.**

Large Cheese (No. 167) A fine sort for table use or for stock feeding. Large, round, flattened, hardy and productive. It is a creamy buff color with thick orange colored flesh which is fine grained and of excellent flavor. **Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10c; ¼ pound, 25 cents; pound, 75c; postpaid.**

Japanese Pie Pumpkin (No. 168) In general appearance this variety resembles the cushaw, but is earlier and usually larger. Skin is a dark green color with dark stripes; the flesh a deep yellow and of fine quality. **Packet, 10c; ounce, 20c; ¼ pound, 50c; pound, \$1.50; postpaid.**

Tennessee Sweet Potato (No. 169) Pear shaped and a little ribbed; color creamy white, sometimes striped with green, hardy and very productive. Flesh fine grained and of delicious flavor. **Packet, 5c; ounce, 15c; ounce, 29c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25; postpaid.**

Sweet or Sugar (No. 170) Not a large pumpkin, averaging 10 inches in diameter, but one of the sweetest and best for pies. It is fine grained, deliciously sweet and a good keeper; flesh rich, deep orange yellow in color. **Packet, 5c; ounce, 15 cents; ¼ pound, 40 cents; pound, \$1.25; postpaid.**

Improved Green Striped Cushaw (No. 171) This is the best Cushaw type of pumpkin for the South. Beautiful in appearance; a distinct mottled green, white striped. Flesh is yellow, fine grained, sweet and excellent for pies and baking. Excellent keepers. **Packet, 10c; ounce, 20c; ¼ lb., 50c; pound, \$1.50; postpaid.**

For years, seed potatoes shipped into this section, have as a rule, not been suitable, in fact they are nothing more than common eating potatoes sold for seed.

It is just as important for you to be careful in selecting seed potatoes as it is selecting cabbage, cantaloupe, watermelons or any other variety of seed that you buy. Shipments of common potatoes which have been sold for seed in this section have been far below the standard for seed potatoes.

I have contracted this year with a grower in Wisconsin for a quantity of seed potatoes and assure my customers that in buying seed potatoes from me this season, that they will receive only first class seed stock in every respect. Many of us have tried raising potatoes the past 2 or 3 years with but little success. A great majority of the failures have been caused by planting potatoes unfit for seed.

Write For Potato Prices

At the time my catalog goes to the printer, prices on seed potatoes have not settled. I cannot make prices that would stand through the spring. When you are in the market write me for prices on the quantity and varieties you want. You can buy no better seed potatoes anywhere and my prices will be right, quality considered. Use the Special Quotation Sheet in the back of this catalog.

Red Bliss Triumph The best potato for the South. It is adapted to all parts of the South and is the variety most extensively grown. It will produce a crop when other varieties have burned up and made nothing, so well does it stand heat and drought. It is an extra early variety, very productive and sells readily on the market at top prices. Vines are smaller than other varieties, the strength of the plant going into making the potato rather than into the vine. I offer clean, fresh, plump, vigorous, fully matured stock that have strong, robust, seed life. **Write for market prices when ready to buy.**

Irish Cobbler In shape this potato is similar to the Bliss Triumph. It has a skin of creamy white, slightly netted with lighter color. It cooks quickly, is mealy, but not too dry and of a pure white color. It is a vigorous grower, ripens uniformly and is an exceptionally good keeper. This variety can be used earlier in its growth than almost any other sort. **Write for market prices.**

Early Rose or Rose 4 An old well-known variety of oblong shape, somewhat reddish in appearance, and flesh of snowy white. This variety is grown extensively in the potato growing districts of Florida. **Write for market prices when ready to buy.**



Lee's Mammoth—The Great Big Field Pumpkin

Lee's Early Bush Squash

Culture Squash is one of the most nutritious and valuable of garden vegetables. The summer varieties come to the table early in the season, while the fall and winter sorts can be had from August until the following spring. Squash will not stand frost or cold nights and planting should be delayed until danger from these are over. They should be planted 4 to 5 feet apart each way in hills putting 6 to 10 seed in a hill. When well up thin to 3 plants in a hill. The running squash should be planted in June or July in hills 8 to 10 feet apart. One ounce of seed plants 25 hills, two to three pounds per acre.

Lee's Mammoth White Bush (No. 217)

An improved variety of the well-known White Bush Scalloped, being more regular in shape and about twice the size. It grows from 10 to 12 inches in diameter, nicely flattened and scalloped, and of a beautiful clear white color. It is early, being ready for use in 50 days and is very prolific. **Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 15 cents; ¼ pound, 40 cents; pound, \$1.25; postpaid.**

Early White Bush (No. 218)

This is the earliest of all squashes. It is also known as White Scalloped or Patty Pan squash. It is similar to the Mammoth White Bush except finer grained and not so large. The vines are vigorous and productive. An excellent variety for the home garden and nearby markets. **Packet, 5c; ounce, 15c; ¼ pound, 40c; pound \$1.25; postpaid.**

Early Yellow Bush (No. 219)

A bright golden yellow squash which is identical with the Early White Bush except in color. **Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 15 cents; ¼ pound, 40 cents; pound, \$1.25; postpaid.**

Yellow Summer Crookneck (No. 220)

The largest and earliest of the crookneck squash. It is of dwarf, bushy habit and very productive. The fruits when fully grown are about one foot long, with uniformly crooked neck and surface densely warted. The flesh is a deep golden yellow, dry and of excellent flavor. **Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 15 cents; ¼ pound, 40 cents; pound \$1.25; postpaid.**

RUNNING OR MARROW SQUASH

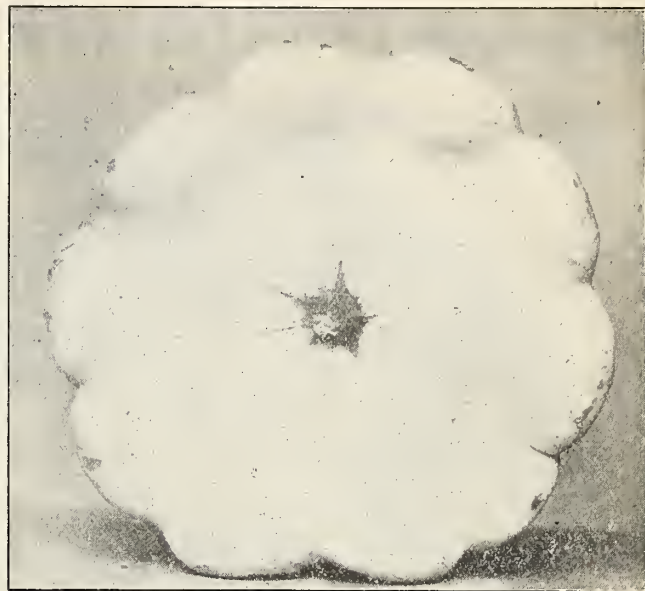
The vines of this sort run 10 to 12 feet and the squashes are 6 to 12 pounds in weight. They are much richer in flavor than the summer squashes. Plant in May or June for fall or winter use. They should be stored in a moderately warm, dry place until wanted for use.

Boston Marrow (No. 221)

The best running squash for the South. It is a very productive fall and winter variety, used extensively for canning and pies. The fruits are of medium to large size, oval shape, and thin skin which when ripe is bright orange with a shading of light cream color. The flesh is of rich salmon-yellow color, fine grained and of excellent flavor, but not as dry as the Improved Hubbard. A good keeper and shipper. **Packet, 5c; ounce, 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25; postpaid.**

Improved Hubbard (No. 222)

This variety is not as extensively planted in the South as the Boston Marrow, however, it is one of the best of the winter squashes. The fruits are large, heavy and warted; they have very hard shells. The skin is dark bronze green; the flesh is bright orange-yellow, fine grained, very dry, sweet and richly flavored. A heavy yielder and an excellent keeper. **Packet, 5 cents; ounce 15 cents; ¼ pound, 40 cents; pound, \$1.25; postpaid.**



Lee's Mammoth White Bush Squash



Yellow Summer Crookneck Squash

Lee's 4 Ounce Turnip Collection (No. 223) 30 Cents, Postpaid

The most popular turnip collection in the South. It is just the right amount of seeds and just the right varieties to give each family a full supply of early, medium and late turnips. For 30 cents I will send you, postpaid, one full ounce each of Extra Early White Egg, Purple Top Globe, Yellow or Amber Globe and Seven Top Turnip. No other varieties will be sold at this price and no changes will be allowed in this collection. Four full ounces of Lee's Turnip seed delivered at your postoffice for 30 cents.

4 OUNCES, 4 VARIETIES, 30 CENTS POSTPAID

Lee's Early Market (No. 224) This is a new variety introduced by me last year and has proven to be a Turnip of exceptional merits. It is flat in shape and matures quickly. It is pure white; the flesh is fine grained, sweet and of excellent quality. A fine variety for the home garden and especially recommended for the market. **Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 15 cents; ¼ pound, 50 cents; pound, \$1.75; postpaid.**

MARKET GARDENERS ATTENTION—Write me for special prices on 5-pound lots or over on any vegetables you plant. I can often save you money and you can always depend on getting the right seeds.

Extra Early Milan (No. 225) Earliest of all turnips. A fine flat, purple-topped variety similar to the purple top strap leaved but 10 days to 2 weeks earlier. The flesh is sweet and fine grained. **Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 15 cents; ¼ pound, 40 cents; pound, \$1.50; postpaid.**

Long White or Cowhorn (No. 226) This variety is clear white, except a little shade of green at the top of the root. The flesh is fine grained, sweet and well flavored. The roots are long and carrot-shaped. **Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; ¼ pound, 25 cents; pound, 75 cents; postpaid.**

PLANT TURNIPS THIS SPRING



Lee's Purple Top Globe Turnip



Lee's Purple Top Strap Leaved Turnip

Culture A good planting of turnips should be made in the spring as well as in the fall. Sow as early in the spring as the ground can be worked in rows 1½ to 2 feet apart or sow broadcast. Turnips do best on new ground. One ounce of seed sows 200 ft. of row; 2 to 3 pounds per acre.

Purple Top Globe (No. 227) This is also known as Red Top Globe. It is the most popular variety grown. The roots are large, medium early and globe-shaped; purple or dark red color above the ground and white below. The flesh is white, fine grained and of excellent quality. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; ¼ pound, 25 cents; pound, 75 cents; postpaid.

White Globe (No. 228) A very heavy yielding. The roots are large, frequently growing to twelve pounds in weight. They are globe-shaped with a very white and smooth skin. A very good variety. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; ¼ pound, 25 cents; pound, 75 cents; postpaid.

Early White Flat An early, flat turnip of medium size.

Dutch (No. 229) Flesh and skin pure white, fine grained, sweet, and excellent for table use. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; ¼ pound, 25 cents; pound, 75 cents; postpaid.

Extra Early White Egg (No. 230) An excellent variety with skin and flesh of pure white; solid, fine-grained and sweet. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; ¼ pound, 25 cents; pound, 75 cents; postpaid.

Yellow or Amber Globe (No. 231) The best of the yellow varieties. The roots are smooth, medium sized and of a light yellow color. The flesh is fine-grained, sweet and of excellent quality. A good keeping sort. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; ¼ pound, 25 cents; pound, 75 cents; postpaid.

Southern Prize (No. 232) A fine variety planted extensively in the South for the tops which furnish an abundance of greens and for the turnips which are excellent for feeding stock. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; ¼ pound, 25 cents; pound, 75 cents; postpaid.

Seven Top (No. 233) Does not produce a good root, but is extensively grown in the South for the tops, which are used as greens. Very hardy and will grow all winter. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; ¼ pound, 25 cents; pound, 75 cents; postpaid.

Purple Top Strap Leaved (No. 234) An excellent variety having flat, medium sized roots which are a purple or dark red color above ground and white below. The flesh is white, fine-grained, sweet and of excellent flavor. A very quick grower, it being ready for use in about 50 days. A good keeping variety. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; ¼ pound, 25 cents; pound, 75 cents; postpaid.

Lee's Mixed Turnips (No. 235) A fine mixture of all varieties of turnips and Rutabagas listed by me. This mixture will give you a variety of turnips and "turnip greens" from one sowing. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; ¼ pound, 25 cents; pound, 75 cents; postpaid.

Lee's Improved American Rutabaga (No. 236) This is the best Rutabaga for the South. It is the finest and most profitable.

able of all yellow, purple top Rutabagas, being the heaviest, hardest, best shaped and most productive. The roots are better keepers than most sorts. The flesh is of a beautiful yellow color, of the choicest quality and full of nourishment. Rutabagas differ from turnips only in that they have a finer flesh which makes them better keepers. They take longer to mature, and are used more for stock feeding. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 10 cents; ¼ pound, 25 cents; pound, 75 cents; postpaid.

PRICE NOTE:—10 lbs. or over, not prepaid. 60 cents per pound on all turnips except Nos. 224, 225.

LEE'S SUPERIOR FLOWER SEEDS

That Lee's Flower Seeds are superior is shown from the fact that each year there is an enormous increase in my flower seed sales. This increase proves that my seeds have satisfied thousands of new customers.

Lee's Flower Seeds give satisfaction because every lot has been thoroughly tested. I use just as much care in the selection of the finest strains of flower seed as I do in vegetable seeds.

Flowers are easily grown. The soil must be carefully prepared and have proper drainage. Follow the easily remembered rule for planting which is to cover with soil to four times the depth of the seed and press down lightly. Each package of Lee's Flower Seeds contains culture directions.

The different varieties of flower seeds listed are designated either as annuals, biennials or perennials. Annuals are those flowers that attain their full growth, bloom and die the first year. Biennials generally flower the second year and then die, the life of the plant being two seasons. Perennials as a rule flower the second year and continue to bloom each succeeding year. Seed of some perennials if sown very early will produce plants that will bloom the same season.

All flower seeds are delivered by parcel post to your door or postoffice, postage prepaid, at prices given.



Lee's Finest Mixed Asters

Sweet Alyssum (No. 461) A very hardy sort for borders, edging, or massing in small beds. Blooms early in the spring, covering itself with clusters of small, pure white flowers. Annual. Packet, 5 cents; ½ ounce, 25 cents; ounce, 40 cents.

AGERATUM One of the best bedding plants, being covered with blooms from early summer till frost. The colors do not fade out and the flowers are not spoiled by rain, as is the case with many bedding plants. It is easily raised from the seed, which can be started early in the boxes or sown in the open ground in April. Annual.

Ageratum, Blue (No. 458), 5 cents per packet; Ageratum, White (No. 459), 5 cents per packet; Ageratum, Blue and White mixed (No. 460), 5 cents per packet.

Anemone (Wind Flower) (No. 463) An early spring flower which resembles the poppy. Blooms well in pots in the winter. Perennial. Mixed colors. Packet, 10 cents.

Arctotis (African Daisy) (No. 464) Flowers white with under side of petals a lilac-blue. There are few flowers grown in the garden more valuable for cut flowers. Annual. Packet, 10 cents.

AMARANTHUS Plants of brilliant colored leaves and showy flower clusters. There are two types of this flower; one is grown for its highly colored foliage and the other for its flowers. Annual.

Amaranthus Candatus (No. 465)—(Love Lies Bleeding). Grows about 3 feet high, producing numerous sprays of rich crimson flowers. Packet, 10 cents.

Amaranthus Tricolor (No. 466)—(Joseph's Coat). Leaves are brilliantly marked with red, yellow and green. Does best on poor soil. Packet, 10 cents.

Amaranthus Cruentus (No. 467)—(Prince's Feather). Leaves are purple or pulplish green. Flowers are large and resemble an ostrich plume. Packet, 10 cents.

Antirrhinum (Snap Dragon). A variety that has become very popular in the past few years. It is one of the most valuable flowers grown from seed, whether used for cut flowers or for show in the garden. The long showy spikes are finely marked with brilliant colors and are very fragrant. Although a perennial, it will bloom the first year, if sown early in the spring. **Antirrhinum, Finest Mixed Colors (No. 468).** Packet, 10 cents.

ASTERS

The Aster is one of the most beautiful and satisfactory flowers I list, commencing to bloom in July and continuing until after frost. They are especially adapted for cut flowers. In appearance they somewhat resemble the Chrysanthemums, with all their beauty and large range of color. The Aster is constantly growing in popular favor and is worthy of more extended culture in the South. Seed may be sown outdoors as early in the spring as the ground is warm and dry, or for earlier blooming may be started indoors or in a cold-frame and transplanted in the open ground after danger of killing frost is over. No garden large or small should be without Asters. Annual.

Lee's Finest Mixed (No. 450) The finest mixture of Asters ever offered by any seedsman, regardless of price. This excellent mixture is made up of over twenty of the finest asters that grow. Every popular variety is included, which make a beautiful display of colors and sizes. You will be fully repaid for your troubles in planting a bed of these beautiful flowers. **Packet, 10 cents; 3 packets, 25 cents.**

POPULAR VARIETIES OF ASTERS

TRUFFANT'S PEONY FLOWERED PERFECTION (No. 451). A fine variety. Flowers large and double. Mixed colors. **Packet, 10 cents.**

QUEEN OF THE MARKET (No. 452). Early blooming sort, of spreading habit. Mixed colors. **Packet, 10 cents.**

VICTORIA (No. 453). An early strain, flowers large, showy and perfectly double. Mixed colors. **Packet, 10 cents.**

DWARF CHRYSANTHEMUM FLOWERED (No. 454). Flowers of large size. Mixed colors. **Packet, 10 cents.**

GIANT COMET (No. 455). Flowers are of the largest size, resembling Japanese Chrysanthemums. The petals are very long and are decidedly curled and twisted. All colors mixed. **Packet, 10 cents.**

BRANCHING ASTERS MIXED (No. 456). The plants of this variety form strong branching bushes, bearing long stemmed flowers of exceptional beauty. Mixed colors. **Packet, 10 cents.**

WHITE BRANCHING (No. 457). Beautiful pure white flowers, which under ordinary cultivation, average 4 inches across. **Packet, 10 cents.**

Alyssum -- Little Gem (No. 462) Also called Carpet of Snow. Plant very dwarf, covered with fragrant white flowers. Annual. **Packet, 10 cents; ½ ounce, 35 cents; ounce, 60c.**



Antirrhinum—Snap Dragon

Balsam Apple (No. 469) A curious, quick growing vine with ornamental foliage. Its fruit is used for medicinal purposes. Annual. **Packet, 10 cents.**

Balloon Vine (No. 470) A rapid growing climber. The seed vessels which look like miniature balloons and are of great delight to children. Annual. **Packet, 10 cents; 3 for 25 cents.**

Bellis Perennis (No. 471) (Double English Daisy.) Bloom early in the spring and until late in the summer. Easily raised from seed and can be sown as late as August. Perennial. Finest Mixed. **Packet, 10 cents.**

BALSAM Touch-Me-Not or Lady Slipper. An old and favorite garden flower. It produces beautiful, brilliant colored double flowers in large masses. Plants should be 18 inches apart. Annual.

BALSAM—Double White Flowered (No. 472). Very double, immense solid round flowers of purest white. **Packet, 10 cents.**

BALSAM—Double Scarlet Flowered (No. 473). Beautiful double flowers of a brilliant fiery scarlet. **Packet, 10 cents.**

BALSAM—Lee's Finest Double Flowered Mixed (No. 474). A wonderful mixture of the best double flowered Balsams that grow. **Packet, 10 cents.**

Canterbury Bells (No. 475)

Handsome, easily grown plants of branching habit, which are covered with beautiful bell-shaped flowers. If sown early will bloom the first year although is classed as a biennial. Finest double and single mixed. Many different colors. **Packet, 10 cents.**

Calliopsis or Coreopsis (No. 476) Showy, beautiful, free-blooming plants, producing large, bright flowers of rich and charming colors throughout the entire summer. Annual. Mixed varieties. **Packet, 10 cents.**

Cannas (No. 477) These very attractive summer bedding plants can be grown readily from seed. The seed have a hard outer covering and this must either be cut or filed through otherwise they will not come up readily. Plants have large broad leaves, producing a

Lee's Finest Double Balsams

cluster of large flowers of brilliant colors which bloom until frost. **Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 25 cents.**

Candytuft or Iberis Widely known and cultivated. A valuable sort for cutting, bedding borders. Annual.



Lee's Mammoth Mixed Cosmos



Lee's Marguerite Carnations

CANDYTUFT, Pure White (No. 478). Flowers small, and very sweet scented. **Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 35 cents.**

CANDYTUFT, Dark Crimson (No. 479). Darkest shade of crimson. **Packet, 10 cents.**

CANDYTUFT, Mixed (No. 480). An excellent mixture of all shades and colors. **Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 35 cents.**

Carnations The carnation has developed into a flower of rare beauty and fragrance. They are a great favorite, both for growing in the garden and in pots in the house. The Chibaud's and Marguerites come to full bloom the first year, while the double variety blooms the second year.

CARNATIONS—Selected Double Mixed (No. 481). Seed from the very finest of the double flowers. A fine assortment of shades and colors. **Packet, 15 cents; 2 packets, 25 cents.**

CARNATIONS—Chabaud's (No. 482). Highly recommended for earliness and range of colors. Blooms in 5 months after sowing. **Packet, 15 cents; 2 packets, 25 cents.**

CARNATION—Marguerite (No. 483). Large flowers of spicy fragrance. Easily grown and makes the best bedding plants. If taken up in September and potted, will bloom in the house throughout the winter. Mixed. **Packet, 10 cents; 3 packets, 25 cents.**

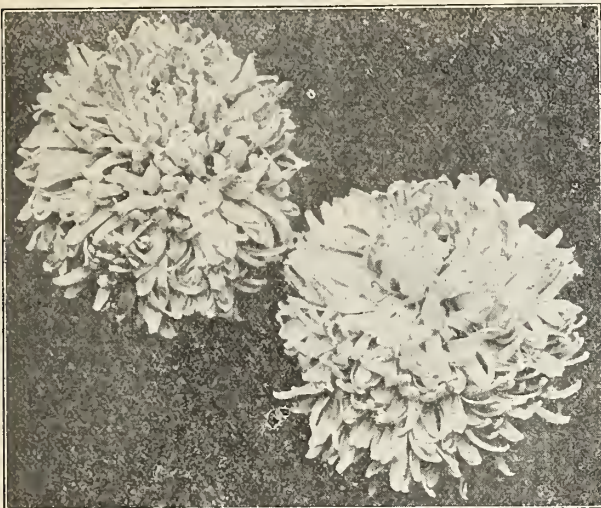
Cobea Scandens (No. 484) A climber of rapid growth with handsome dark green foliage, bearing an abundance of bell-shaped flowers of a beautiful deep violet blue. Valuable for covering trellises, arbors, and fences, attaining a height of 30 to 50 feet during a season. In sowing the seed place them edgewise, and merely cover with light soil; otherwise the seed will often fail to come up. Annual. **Packet, 10 cents; 3 for 25 cents.**

Clarkia One of the most popular flowers that is planted in the south. Pretty and easily grown, it does well either in sun or shade, growing 2 to 2½ feet high. The flowers are of scarlet, white and purple colors in delicate but brilliant shades. Blooms from May to September. **Single mixed (No. 485), all colors. Packet, 5 cents. Double mixed (No. 486), all colors, packet, 10c.**

Cosmos A beautiful autumn blooming plant, furnishing plenty of cut blooms when other flowers are scarce. The flowers are of white, pink and crimson shades and resemble somewhat the single dahlia. Sow outdoors early in the spring in rather light soil not too rich. Plants grow 4 to 6 feet tall. Annual. **Cosmos, Finest Mixed (No. 487), all colors. Packet, 5 cents.**

SEPARATE COLORS—Pink (No. 488); Crimson (No. 489); White (No. 490), each, packet, 5 cents.

Lee's Mammoth Mixed (No. 491). A selected strain of mammoth sized flowers of perfect form. **Packet, 10 cents.**



Chinese and Japanese Chrysanthemums

Cyclamen (No. 497) Well known tuberous rooted pot plant for indoors red and white flowers which are very fragrant. Produce handsome perennial. Mixed colors. **Packet, 25 cents.**

Coleus (No. 498) A favorite ornamental foliage plant for house or garden culture. The leaves are attractive being many different shapes and colors. Is easily grown from seed. Plants about 1½ feet high. Perennial. **Packet, 25 cents.**

Celosia or Cockscomb A plant which produces a brilliant mass of graceful arrangement, resembles a cock's comb. Sow seed in drills and when 3 inches high transplant 12 inches apart. Annual.

CELOSIA CRISTATA (No. 499). The most generally known variety having compact heads of fiery red. **Packet, 10 cents.**

CELOSIA PLUMOSA (No. 500). The heads of this variety are quite different, being loose and feathery and on longer stems. **Packet, 10 cents.**

Cypress Vine A most desirable rapid growing vine of delicate dark green feathery foliage, having many beautiful star-shaped scarlet and white blossoms. It is a tender annual growing about 15 feet high. I can supply the colors separately or mixed.

CYPRESS VINE, White (No. 501) Packet, 5 cents. CYPRESS VINE, Scarlet (No. 502) Packet, 5 cents. CYPRESS VINE, Mixed (No. 503), Packet, 5 cents.

Dahlias Each year the Dahlia has increased in popularity until now it is grown extensively in the South. Dahlia plants from seed sown early in the spring will bloom abundantly the first summer. The flowers are



Lee's Choice Mixed Dianthus

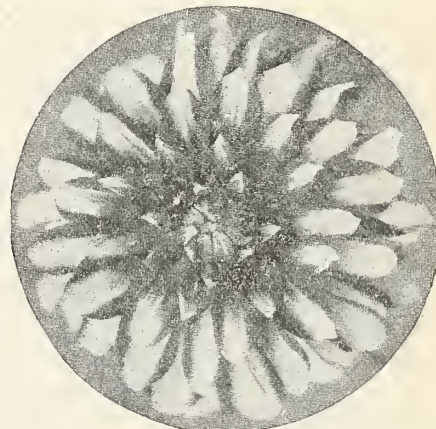
Chrysanthemums Chinese and Japanese (No. 492). Chrysanthemums have long been considered our finest perennial. Some varieties are better suited for growing out of doors than others. The range of color is almost endless, though red, yellow and white flowers predominate. The Chinese and Japanese Chrysanthemum varieties are the best for the South and are easy to raise from the seed. They will produce blooms the first year and very few people realize how easily they are grown. Large double flowers with un-curved and long twisted petals on long stems. **Packet, 25 cents; 2 packets, 45 cents.**

Centaurea--Dusty Miller (No. 493) Fine plant for borders and edges. Valuable because of its finely cut silvery gray foliage. Grows about two feet high. Annual. **Packet, 10 cents.**

Centaurea--Bachelor's Button (No. 494) Well known to every flower lover and one of the most popular of the old-fashioned flowers. Blooms from early spring until frost. Annual. **Finest mixed, packet, 10 cents.**

Centaurea--Sweet Sultan (No. 495) This is an excellent sweet scented variety, producing flowers about the size of a carnation. They have a wide range of color, long stems and keep well after cutting. Annual. **Packet, 10 cents.**

Cleome or Spider Plant (No. 496) A plant of habit, growing from 4 to 5 feet in height. It has a great many branches and each branch is terminated by a large head of bright, crimson flowers. A fine plant for the South. Annual. **Packet, 10c.**



Dahlia

beautiful in their wide range of color and perfect shape, blooming until late in the fall. Sow seed in shallow boxes in February. When plants are 3 or 4 inches high and danger of frost is over transplant to open ground setting 3 feet apart. Perennial.

Dahlia, Double Mixed (No. 504). Seed saved from the choicest double flowers including all shades and colors. **Packet, 15 cents, 2 for 25 cents.**

Dahlia, Single Mixed (No. 505). Earlier and heavier bloomer than the double but smaller flowers. All colors. **Packet, 10 cents.**

Cactus Dahlias (No. 506). A very popular Dahlia having large sized flowers of distinctly pointed petals. **Packet, 15 cents; 2 for 25 cents.**

Lee's Choice Mixed Dianthus (No. 507) Garden Pinks are a general favorite with all. In a few weeks time after sowing they are a mass of bloom, continuing so until after hard frost. In this mixture you get all of the finest varieties of Japanese and Chinese pinks with their many beautiful shapes, colors, and markings. Annual. **Packet, 10 cents; 3 for 25 cents.**

Dianthus--Snowball (No. 508). Large double white, splendid for cutting or as a border. **Packet, 10 cents.**

Dianthus--Crimson Belle (No. 509). Large size single flowers of rich, vivid crimson color, beautifully fringed. **Packet, 10 cents.**

Dianthus--Eastern Queen (No. 510). Large single flowers beautifully striped and stained with light shades of red upon white. Finely fringed. **Packet, 10 cents.**

Dianthus--Hedderwigii's Single (No. 511). A good mixture of single flowers. **Packet, 10 cents.**

Dianthus--Double Diadem Mixed (No. 512). Very large double flowers containing all tints from crimson purple to deep black purple. **Packet, 10 cents.**

Dianthus--Salmon Queen (No. 513). Fringed, single flower, of brilliant salmon color. **Packet, 10 cents.**

Dianthus--Mourning Cloak (No. 514). A dark maroon colored double Dianthus with petal faintly bordered with white. **Packet, 10 cents.**

Dianthus--Lacinatus (No. 515). Large single and double fringed flowers, in many distinct colors. **Packet, 10 cents.**

Dianthus--Marvelous (No. 516). A wide range of colors in a new fringed Japanese variety. **Packet, 10 cents.**



Eschscholtzia or California Poppies

Everlasting Flower (No. 525) *Helichrys um, Straw Flower.* Large, full, double daisy-like flower heads which last for months after being cut. Easily grown. Annual. Packet, 10 cents; 3 for 25 cents.

Gaillardia Exceedingly beautiful showy flowers growing about 1 foot high. Fine for beds or for cutting. Annual.

Gaillardia Pieta (No. 526). Single flowers of the finest shade and colors. Packet, 10 cents.

Heliotrope (No. 527) Highly valued for its fragrant flowers borne in graceful clusters. A splendid bedding or house plant which grows quickly and easily from seed. Perennial. All shades mixed. Packet, 10 cents.

Hibiscus (No. 528) A hardy branching plant with handsome foliage and large white, yellow, carmine and striped flowers. Annual. Packet, 10 cents.

Double Hollyhocks Of all the flowers used for a background in the flower garden, none can equal the Double Hollyhocks. The strain I offer of this tall-growing old fashioned flower is unsurpassed. Sow the seed early in the spring in a box and transplant to open ground when it is warm. They grow and bloom freely for years after once started. Perennial I can furnish separate colors in Pure White (No. 529), Lemon Yellow (No. 530), Crimson (No. 531), Lilac (No. 532), Salmon Rose (No. 533), each, packet, 10 cents.

Lee's Double Mixed (No. 534). A wonderful selection of colors. Packet, 10 cents.



LARKSPUR

Larkspur (Delphinium). A well known and favorite flower producing long clustered spikes of beautiful, irregular flowers. They are borne in great profusion and last well when cut. Sow early in the spring and when well up thin to 1½ feet apart. Annual.

Larkspur, Dwarf Double Mixed (No. 537). Beautiful spikes of double flowers in many shades. Grow about 1 foot high. Packet, 10c.

Larkspur, Tall Double Mixed (No. 538). Double flowers of many charming colors on spikes about 2 feet high. Packet, 10 cents.

GERANIUM

Everybody knows this valuable flower, but few realize how easily it can be grown from the seed. I have had many letters, telling of the success my customers have in growing Geraniums from seed. The seed is slow to germinate and should be planted in a box of rather light soil. When the third leaf appears, pot singly in 2 inch pots, transferring to larger ones as the plant requires. Most generally bloom the second year, although, if planted very early, will sometimes bloom the first year.

Geranium, Lee's Zonale Mixed (No. 539). A superior strain of the largest and finest varieties. The colors include shades of crimson and scarlet, pink, rose, salmon, and white. Packet, 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents.

LEE'S DIXIE ROSE COLLECTION

I have received many letters telling of the wonderful value and satisfaction received by those who bought my Dixie Rose Collection last year. It is truly a bargain for anyone. Be sure and order one this year.

Digitalis (No. 517)
(Fox Glove) A showy border plant producing many flowers of different colors. Perennial. Mixed colors. Packet, 10c.

Forget-Me - Not

A dainty and delicate flower for beds or borders. Perennial. **Forget-me-not, Blue (No. 519).** Packet, 5 cents. **Forget-me-not, White (No. 520, Packet 5c)** **Forget-me-not, Blue and White mixed (No. 521),** Packet, 5 cents.

Godetia (No. 518)

An attractive bedding plant, bearing large numbers of showy flowers of rich and varied colors. Annual. Mixed colors. Packet, 10 cents.

Eschscholtzia Or California Poppy. Most attractive annuals of the easiest culture. They are splendid for bedding, massing or ribbon work. Plants grow bushy and about 1 foot high. They are one of the most popular flowers grown in the south.

Eschscholtzia Single Mixed (No. 522). Beautiful single flowers of different colors. Packet, 10 cents.

Eschscholtzia Double Mixed (No. 523). Handsome double flowers. All colors. Packet, 10 cents.

Eschscholtzia Golden West (No. 524). Flowers are of large size, being light canary yellow with an orange blotch at the base of each petal. Packet, 10 cents.

Ice Plant (No. 535) Pretty trailing plant, for baskets or boxes, growing 6 inches or less, high. Leaves are covered with crystal like drops which glisten like ice. Annual. Packet, 10 cents.

Jack Bean (No. 536) *Dolichos or Hyacinth Bean.* A fine climber, growing 10 to 15 feet high, bearing clusters of purple or white flowers. Annual. Packet, 10 cents.



Lee's Zonale Mixed Geranium

Plant More Flowers Around the Home



Lee's Double French Marigolds

Marigolds This favorite old-fashioned flower is found in all flower gardens. It is well adapted for large beds or mixed borders bearing beautiful yellow and orange flowers of different shades. Annual.

Marigolds—Tall Double African Mixed (No. 542). A fine variety, growing about 2 feet high and producing extra large flowers. **Packet, 10 cents.**

Marigolds—Dwarf Double French Mixed (No. 543). Grows about 1 foot high. Flowers are rather small and of distinct color. **Packet, 5 cents.**

Kochia or Burning Bush (No. 544) Also called summer cypress. A close and compact, globe-shaped bush growing 2 to 2½ feet high. During the summer it is a pleasing light green color and in early autumn the whole bush becomes a deep red. It makes a handsome hedge for any purpose, is easily grown from seed and does exceptionally well in the South. Annual. **Packet, 10 cents; 3 for 25 cents.**

Lantana (No. 545) A most desirable bedding plant which stays constantly in bloom. Flowers are shaped like Verbenas and are many pretty colors. Sown in boxes and transplanted to open ground. Annual. All colors mixed, **packet, 10 cents.**

Lobelia (No. 546) A charming bedding plant, producing a mass of white and blue flowers in clusters. Annual. All colors mixed. **Packet, 10 cents.**

Matricaria--Feverfew (No. 547) A fine bedding or pot plant having fine white double flowers. Perennial. **Packet, 10 cents.**

Mignonette (No. 549) A popular sweet scented flower grown in every garden. Annual. **Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 35c.**

Marvel of Peru or Four O'Clock (No. 548) A showy plant, bearing a profusion of tube-shaped flowers of brilliant colors. Annual. All colors mixed. **Packet, 5 cents.**

Mimulus Tigrinus (No. 550) (Monkey Flower). Showy, profuse flowering plants, fine for moist shady places. Blooming the first year. **Packet, 10 cents.**

Japanese Morning Glories (No. 551) These are without a doubt the handsomest of all Morning Glories. Easily grown, they can be sown in the open ground in a sunny place when the weather becomes warm and settled. The flowers are of gigantic size and their colorings beyond description. Beautiful, quick, climbers for arbors, windows and trellises. Mixed colors. Annual. **Packet, 10 cents; 3 packets, 25 cents.**

Tall Morning Glories (No. 552) Convolvulus An old favorite variety of many mixed colors. **Packet, 5 cents; ounce 25 cents.**

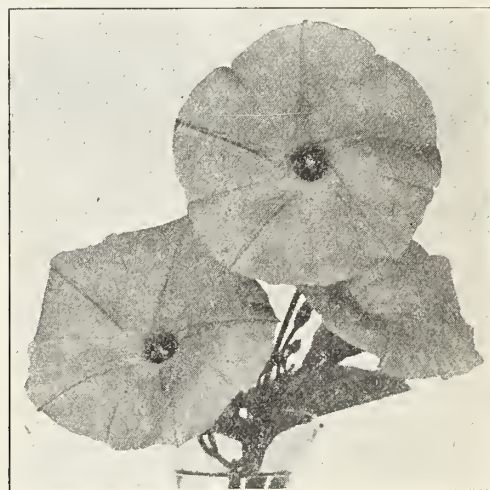
Moonflowers The Ipomeas (Moonflower) is one of the most vigorous summer climbers, growing under favorable conditions. 30 to 40 feet high. The large trumpet-shaped flowers often measure 4 inches across when widely extended. The seed have very hard outer shell which should be cut or filed through to insure germination. Annual.

Ipomea Grandiflora Alba (No. 553). The giant flowering white moonflower. **Packet, 10 cents.**

Ipomea, Heavenly Blue (No. 554). A variety growing about 15 feet high. Flowers of deep azure blue, shading to white at the center. **Packet, 10 cents.**

Ipomea Setosa (No. 555). Grows about 30 feet high. The flowers are rose colored and borne in large clusters. Very popular. **Packet, 10 cents.**

Nigella (No. 556) (Love in Mist, Devil in Bush). A compact, free flowering bedding plant, with finely cut feathery foliage and curious seed pods. Annual. Blue and White mixed. **Packet, 5c.**



Japanese Morning Glories

LEE'S MIXED NASTURTIUMS

One of the most popular and widely planted flowers in the South. For ease of culture, duration of bloom, brilliancy of coloring and general excellence, nothing excels Nasturtiums. All they need is a moderately good soil in a well-drained sunny position and from within a few weeks from the time they are sown until hard frost comes, there is an endless profusion of blossoms. The seed I offer is an extra selected strain from the best grower in California. Sow in any good garden soil, when the weather becomes warm and settled. When well up thin out the tall variety six inches apart and ten inches for the dwarf variety. Annual.

LEE'S TALL MIXED (No. 557). Only the best large flowering tall kinds of many different colors. **Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 15 cents; ¼ pound, 50 cents.**

LEE'S BUSH OR DWARF MIXED (No. 558). A fine mixture of all dwarf sorts having a wide range of colors. **Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 15 cents; ¼ pound, 50 cents.**



Lee's Finest Mixed Nasturtium

Plant Spring Bulbs

See pages 56 and 57 for descriptions of these beautiful summer flowering bulbs. You will be pleased with these bulbs.

LEE'S ROYAL MIXED SWEET PEAS (No. 559)



Lee's Superior Sweet Peas

Scarlet Flowering Flax (No. 616) An attractive bedding plant, blooming freely the entire summer. The flowers are borne in clusters, being bright red with black centers. Grows from eight to twelve inches high. Annual. Packet, 5 cents.

Passion Flower (No. 572) *Passiflora*. A rapid climber of great beauty. The flowers are deep blue and very attractive, staying in bloom until late in the fall. Perennial. Packet, 10c.

Portulaca (Sun Plant) A fine plant for beds, borders or edgings, producing a brilliant display of many colored flowers. Easily grown and blooms until late in the fall. Annual. Single Mixed Colors (No. 573), Packet, 5 cents; Double Mixed (No. 574), packet, 10 cents.

Ricinus or Castor Bean (No. 575) A rapid-growing tropical plant of highly ornamental foliage. Very desirable for centers or beds or for backgrounds. Good for keeping moles away, as they will not work in the ground where Ricinus are planted. Annual. Packet, 10c; ounce, 25c.

Stocks (No. 576) Large Flowering, Ten Weeks. A favorite annual which blooms from June until frost. Very few flowers equal Stocks in its profusion of blooms, beauty and fragrance. They throw out numerous side branches, all bearing very double, fragrant flowers of many colors. Packet, 10 cents.

Sunflower, Chrysanthemum Flowered (No. 577) A beautiful double flowered sunflower sometimes called Japanese Sunflower. The plant grows about seven feet tall and blooms profusely all summer. The flowers are very large, often 8 to 10 inches across, very double, with long fringed petals, resembling the Japanese Chrysanthemum. The color is a rich golden yellow, free from any black center. Annual. Packet, 10 cents.

LEE'S SPECIAL MIXED PANSIES (No. 578) To obtain the best results with Pansies, plant in cool, moist, rather rich soil. If the seed are sown early they will produce flowering plants by fall. If given slight protection they will usually stand the winter perfectly, blooming early the following spring. In Lee's Special Mixed Pansies you receive the finest assortment of sizes and colors that are produced. I have spared neither pains or expense to perfect a mixture that would measure up to the highest standard and contain an almost indefinite variety of colors and markings. The seed in this mixture are from the greatest pansy specialists in Europe and are only the finest of the large size. Packet, 15 cents; 2 for 25 cents.

Fine Mixed Pansies (No. 579) A good mixture of the more common varieties. Flowers are of wide range of colors and markings. Packet, 10 cents.

The ever increasing demand for Lee's Royal Mixed Sweet Peas is the result of supplying a mixture of superior quality. Composed of over 25 varieties of the finest named sorts grown, this beautiful mixture gives an assortment of shades and colors that is unsurpassed by any mixture offered by any seedsman. For years my sweet peas have been grown by the best grower in California and you can feel assured in ordering this mixture that you are receiving the best there is. Sweet Peas can be sown in January, February and March in rows where they can be run on wire netting, strings or bushes. The seed should be planted in a furrow 6 to 8 inches deep and covered about 2 inches. When the plants are 2 or 3 inches high, thin out to 3 or 4 inches apart. Keep drawing in earth until the trench is filled level with the ground, always leaving the top of the plant above the soil. Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 15 cents; ¼ pound, 50 cents; pound \$1.50; postpaid.

Sweet Peas (SEPARATE COLORS). For those that prefer the separate colors I can supply the following: Pure White (No. 560), Pink (No. 561), Lavender (No. 562), Navy Blue (No. 563), Red (No. 564), and Striped or Variegated (No. 565). Each, Packet, 5 cents; ounce, 20 cents; ¼ pound, 60 cents; pound, \$2.00; postpaid.

SPENCER TYPE SWEET PEAS A new type of sweet peas which have become very popular. The flowers are of extraordinary size, usually measuring two inches across, with wavy or frilled-edge petals, which with their rich coloring, has gained for them the name of Orchid-flowered sweet peas. The stems are long and strong and usually have four of these immense blossoms. It is true that they require more careful cultivation than the other type but you will be more than repaid by having sweet peas of exceptional beauty and a superior variety for cutting, because of the longer and stronger stems. The seed I offer, is without exception, the finest that is produced.

Lee's Mixed Spencer (No. 566) The finest mixture of Spencer sweet peas ever offered. Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 25 cents; ¼ pound, 75 cents; pound, \$2.50; postpaid.

Spencer Named Varieties For those desiring separate colors I can supply the following: Wedge-Wood-Blue (No. 567), King Edward—Red (No. 568), Senator—Striped and Variegated (No. 569), White—Pure White (No. 570), Countess of Spencer—Pink (No. 571). Price of each: Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 50 cents; ¼ pound, \$1.50; pound, \$5.00; postpaid.



Lee's Special Mixed Pansies



Lee's Fine Mixed Petunias

of all varieties producing a brilliant range of colors and shapes. Plant a bed this spring, you will be fully repaid for your trouble. **Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 40 cents.**

POPPY—Double Carnation Flowered Mixed (No. 585). Splendid double-fringed flowers; mixed colors. **Packet, 10c; ounce, 40c**

POPPY—Cardinal (No. 586). Flowers large and double and of brilliant Cardinal red. **Packet, 10 cents; ounce, 50 cents.**

POPPY—American Flag (No. 587). Scarlet and White. **Packet, 10 cents.**

POPPY—Mikado (No. 588). Flowers are bright scarlet striped white. **Packet, 10 cents.**

POPPY—Tulip (No. 589). Tulip-shaped flowers of bright scarlet, with black spot at base of petal. **Packet, 10 cents.**

POPPY—Bride (No. 590). A beautiful large, pure white. **Packet, 10 cents.**

POPPY—Orientale (No. 591). Perennial Poppy, coming up each year. Large single scarlet flowers. Very showy. **Packet, 15 cents.**

POPPY—Shirley (No. 592). A wonderful variety, producing single flowers in a wide range of colors. **Packet, 10 cents.**



Lee's Choicest Mixed Poppies

PETUNIAS Petunias are rich in color, a long time in bloom and easy to grow. These desirable qualities together with the fact that heat, rain or drought do not affect them, make them a great favorite with all. Commence flowering early and continue a sheet of blooms throughout the entire season until killed by frost. Seed should be sown in open ground any time after danger from frost is past. If desired, seed can be sown early in boxes and transplanted. Annual.

Finest Mixed (No. 580). An excellent mixture of all colors. **Packet, 10 cents.**

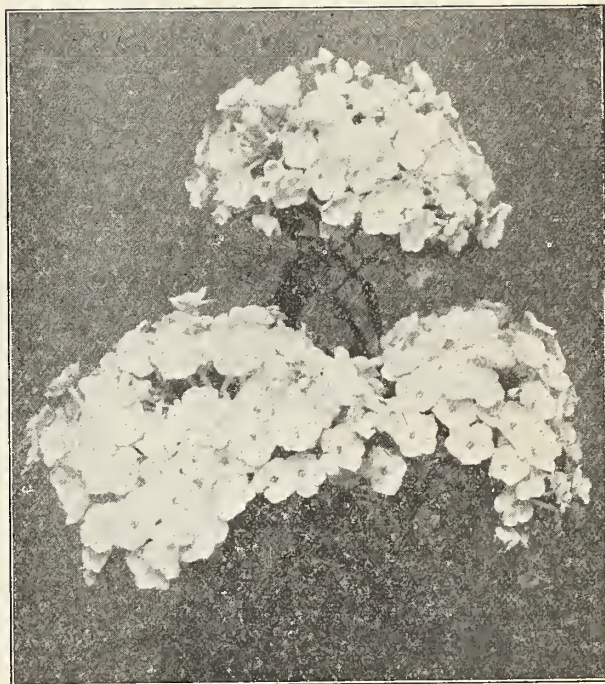
Finest Striped and Blotched (No. 581). A splendid mixture of striped and blotched flowers in a wide range of brilliant colors. **Packet, 10 cents.**

Giant Single Fringed (No. 582). The flowers have ruffled or fringed edges, are of immense size and many colors. **Packet, 15 cents.**

Double Mixed Petunias (No. 583). Seed saved from the finest large flowered varieties. They will produce a high percentage of double flowers, the remainder being choice, large single flowers of extra fine quality. Seed of this variety is very high, packets are small. **Packet, 25 cents.**

LEE'S CHOICE POPPIES Beautiful, showy flowers, remarkable for their large size, delicacy of tissue and wide range of brilliant dazzling colors. Both single and double poppies are fine for beds or borders. They are well adapted to all soils and are grown in every section of the south. Sow as early in the spring as the ground can be worked. They should be planted where they are to remain as they do not stand transplanting. Sow thinly and barely cover the small fine seed. If they come up too thickly, thin out to stand 3 or 4 inches or more apart if you wish best results. Annual.

POPPY—Lee's Choicest Mixed (No. 584). A wonderful mixture



Lee's Large-Flowering Phlox Drummondii

Phlox Drummondii One of the most brilliant and easily grown of all annuals. It is especially adapted to the South, being a native of Texas. It grows and thrives in any kind of soil if given a sunny location, producing many broad, flat-topped clusters of nearly round and star-shaped flowers. Seed can be sown in open ground anytime after danger from frost is past. In a few weeks after planting it is a mass of blooms, remains so until frost. **Phlox, Finest Mixed (No. 593).** All colors. **Packet, 10 cents; ounce, \$1.00.**

Phlox, Grandiflora Mixed (No. 594). Flowers about twice the size of the common variety, borne in clusters. Of strong, sturdy growth, attaining a height of about 15 inches... **Packet, 10 cents, ounce, \$1.25.**

Phlox, New Dwarf Mixed (No. 595). A large-flowering dwarf variety, growing about 6 inches high. The plants are very compact, being literally covered with blooms. **Packet, 10 cents; ¼ ounce, 50 cents.**

Phlox, Cuspidata-Star Phlox (No. 596). A dwarf growing variety with pretty star-shaped flowers. All different shades and colors. **Packet, 10 cents.**

Salvia or Scarlet Sage The Scarlet Sage has long been especially here in the South it does exceptionally well. It is one of the most brilliantly colored garden flowers and besides being a fine bedding plant, it is valuable for pot culture and cutting. The long spikes of scarlet blooms are held well above the foliage, blooming in great profusion until frost. The densely covered flower spikes are often 8 to 10 inches long, filled with thirty or more blooms, which are 1 to 2 inches in length. Sow in the open ground after danger from frost is past. If desired, it may be sown early in boxes and transplanted. Annual.

SALVIA—Splendens (No. 597). This is the variety most generally planted, having large brilliant flowers, which make a sharp contrast against the rich, dark green background of dense foliage. **Packet, 10 cents; 3 for 25 cents.**

SALVIA—Fireball (No. 598). A dwarf growing variety which blooms earlier than the Splendens. Grows about 2 feet high and remains covered with brilliant red flower spikes a remarkably long time. **Packet, 15 cents; 2 for 25 cents.**

Sweet William A well known, attractive, sweet-scented flower, easily grown. The flowers are densely formed, round topped heads or clusters, often 3 to 4 inches across. The colors are exceedingly varied, ranging from white through many shades of rose, lilac, red, crimson, and maroon, there being usually two shades to each plant. Perennial.

Double Mixed (No. 599) Double flowers in a great variety of colors and shades. **Packet, 10 cents.**

Single Mixed (No. 600) Large, handsome flowers, all colors mixed. **Packet, 5 cents.**

Tassel Flower (No. 601) *Calcilia* or *Flora's Paint Brush*. An easy grown annual, with tassel-shaped flowers, growing about 18 inches high. Flowers yellow and scarlet fine for borders. **Packet, 5 cents.**

Verbena A popular annual of low spreading growth. It produces large clusters of showy flowers about 2 or 3 inches across which are of wide range of colors, shades and stripes usually running from pure white to deep purple. Sow seed in early spring in boxes or in open ground after danger from frost is past. Verbenas grown from seed are more vigorous and healthy than when grown from cuttings. They are unsurpassed for beds and borders.

VERBENA—Finest Mixed (No. 602). A beautiful assortment of colors. **Packet, 10 cents.**

VERBENA—Hybrids, Best Mixed (No. 603). A splendid mixture of distinctive strain. **Packet, 10 cents.**

VERBENA—Lee's Mammoth Mixed (No. 604). Plants and flowers are exceedingly large. In this mixture you get absolutely the largest sized and finest colored Verbenas that grow. **Packet, 15 cents.**

VERBENA—Candidissima (No. 605). Large flowering, white variety. **Packet, 10c.**

VERBENA—Scarlet Defiance (No. 606). True, deep scarlet color. **Packet, 10c.**

VERBENA—Italian Striped (No. 607). Large, brilliant, striped blossoms. **Packet, 10.**



Salvia or Scarlet Sage



Lee's Large Flowering Zinnias

Wallflower (No. 608) Well-known fragrant perennial, with spikes of beautiful flowers, blooming early in the spring. They will last for years if rightfully cared for. Best double and single mixed. **Packet, 10 cents.**

Vinca (No. 609) *Periwinkle*. A very attractive bushy ornamental bedding plant, producing an abundance of handsome round, single flowers. In a sunny situation it will bloom all summer and in the fall, if taken up and potted, it will bloom through the winter. The plant grows about 15 inches high, requires no trimming, is free from attacks of insects and blooms freely until frost. Blooms the first year. **Packet, 10 cents.**

Zinnias One of the most popular and satisfactory flowers that grows. They require no attention, succeeding almost anywhere and when nearly every other flower has been killed by frost, they are still in bloom. The Zinnia is a most brilliant and showy flower, having a wide range of color, which is remarkable for its depth and richness. The flowers have twisted and recurved petals, long stiff stems, and are borne in great profusion. I offer a fine improved strain of these old-fashioned flowers. Annual.

Tall Double Mixed Zinnias (No. 610). A very fine mixture including all colors. **Packet, 10 cents.**

Dwarf Double Mixed Zinnias (No. 611). A bush, compact sort growing about 2 feet high. All colors mixed. **Packet, 10 cents.**

White Flowering Zinnias (No. 612) Pure white. **Packet, 10 cents.**

Yellow Flowering Zinnias (No. 613) Clear yellow. **Packet, 10 cents.**

Scarlet Flowering Zinnias (No. 614) Bright and fiery. **Packet, 10 cents.**

Lee's Mixed Flower Garden (No. 615) I have made a mixture of many annual flowers. From a bed planted of this mixture, you get a variety of flowers that bloom from early summer until frost. They produce a range of colors and shapes which are dazzling in their beauty. Plant a mixed flower garden this year. You will be pleased with it. **Packet, 10 cents; 3 packets, 25 cents; ounce, 50 cents.**

LEE'S FLOWER SEEDS

Each variety of flower seeds listed on these pages are adapted to the South. My list is not nearly as large as some of the Northern seedsmen for the reason that a great many varieties they list don't do well in the South. I have listed only such varieties as will give my customers satisfaction. Lee's packets contain enough seeds to give you plenty of plants of each kind. They contain good seeds and plenty of them. There is none better and few as good. When you buy from me you get Dependable Seeds and full value for every cent you send me. You must be satisfied before I am.

LEE'S SUMMER FLOWERING BULBS AND ROOTS

Some of our most attractive and widely grown flowers come from what are known as summer flowering bulbs or roots. I have made the prices in reach of all with the view of assisting in making the home beautiful and attractive. Take advantage of these very low prices and beautify the home this year.

LEE'S LARGE FLOWERING CANNAS

The Canna is the South's most desirable flower. They produce more color in greater variety for the outlay than any other plant. In revising our selection of Cannas, we have eliminated many of the older varieties and added the best of the new and better sorts. So beautiful and grand are these new Cannas, they almost rival the costly Orchids in delicacy, size and shape. One must grow them to fully appreciate the vast improvement in Cannas in recent years. Cannas should be planted in good, rich garden soil mixed about half with well rotted manure. The bulbs or roots should be set about 18 inches apart each way being set just deep enough so that the eye shows through the ground. They should not be watered much until they start growing well, then give them plenty of water. I especially direct your attention to the four new Cannas listed on this page.



Cannas

Lee's Assorted Cannas.—For those desiring a variety of cannas I offer a splendid assortment of choice sorts. Assorted varieties, 6 for 70 cents; \$1.25 per dozen. Postpaid.

Four Superb New Cannas

The President—Height 4 feet. The President is a rich, glowing crimson color, superior to any other red variety in quantity and also quality of bloom. The immense flowers are 7 inches across when open, produced on strong erect stalks, well above the large, rich green, foliage. It resists heat and drought to a remarkable degree. One of the most marvelous cannas ever produced. 35 cents each; \$3.60 per dozen. Postpaid.

Mrs. Alfred Conrad—Height 4 feet. A beautiful pink canna which is considered by many the most beautiful and attractive of all cannas. The exquisite salmon pink flowers are of the largest size. The shade of pink in this canna is most attractive and is only found in this canna. 35 cents each; \$3.60 per dozen. Postpaid.

Fiery Cross—Height 4½ feet. Color vivid scarlet, shading to crimson. One of the best of the newer sorts. 35 cents each; \$3.60 per dozen. Postpaid.

King Humbert—Height 4 feet. The best bronze-leaved canna, producing immense masses of crimson blooms. A very popular and satisfactory variety. 20 cents each; \$2.00 per dozen. Postpaid.

OTHER GOOD VARIETIES

George Washington—3½ ft., a deep crimson. 15c each; \$1.25 per dozen. Postpaid.

Louisiana—Height 6 ft. Bright scarlet. A strong, vigorous variety, flowers often measuring 7 inches. 15c each; \$1.25 per dozen. Postpaid.

Jane Adams—Height 4½ ft. A bright yellow. 15c each; \$1.50 per dozen. Postpaid.

Wyoming—Height 7 ft. A bronze leaved variety of beautiful shade of orange. 15c each; \$1.25 per dozen. Postpaid.

Venus—Height 4 ft. A rich pink with a well defined border of creamy yellow. This is one of our prettiest cannas. 15c each; \$1.50 per dozen; postpaid.

LEE'S FINE PEONIES

Of all the hardy outdoor plants, the Peony perhaps is the oldest and best-known inhabitant of the flower garden. In the improved double forms offered by me, the gorgeous display of blooms in the months of May and June is unequalled, being a mass of perfect double, fragrant flowers of immense size. They are very hardy, requiring no protection whatever, even in the most severe climate and once planted increase in beauty each year. Last year the demand was so great for Peony roots that the supply was exhausted before the season was half over. Order early this year for there will not be enough to fill the demand. An important thing to remember in the planting of Peonies is not to plant too deep. The roots should be placed so that the crowns are covered with two inches of soil. Too deep planting and poor soil is a frequent cause of shy flowers.

Duchess D'Orleans—Large flowers with carmine pink guards and centers of soft pink interspersed with salmon. A large fragrant midseason variety. 60 cents each; postpaid.

Zoe Calot—Very large and full globe-shaped blooms of soft pink, tinted with lilac. The plant is of strong, upright growth, bearing the flowers on stiff stems. A late midseason var; 60 cents each; postpaid.

Festiva Maxima—Flowers of immense size and wondrous beauty, being pure white, flaked with purplish carmine on some of the central petals. The flowers borne on long heavy stems, bloom early and are very fragrant. 60c each; postpaid.

Duchesse De Nemours—One of the finest varieties that is offered regardless of price. The flowers are a superb ivory white at first, later becoming a pure white and very fragrant. An early midseason variety. 60 cents each; postpaid.

Peonies Under Color I can offer the following Peonies under colors: Double White, 45 cents each; 3 for \$1.20; postpaid. Double Pink, 45 cents each; 3 for \$1.20; postpaid. Double Red, 75 cents each; 3 for \$2.00; postpaid.

LEE'S SELECTED BULBS

Lee's Selected Bulbs are only bulbs of the finest kind. They are first size which insures you the largest bulb grown. They are not the cheap under-sized bulbs that produce weak and faded blooms. These cheap bulbs are grown in large quantities from left-over bulbs or from unknown kinds. The only attraction they have is a cheap price. The bulbs I offer are grown by the best bulb specialists, and are the kind that give satisfaction. I have priced them very reasonable so as to be in reach of all. The mixed sorts I offer contain only the best named varieties of first size bulbs which produce strong, bright colored blooms. Plant these beautiful bulbs around the home.



Caladiums or Elephant Ears

Caladiums or Elephant Ears

A vigorous growing plant which has immense large green leaves borne on long stiff stems. The plant has been named Elephant Ear because the leaves resemble slightly in shape the ears of elephants. In rich soil, with an abundance of moisture, they assume very large growth and are most effective singly on lawns or planted in centers of beds. They are fine for planting in front of porches. The larger the bulb planted, the larger the leaf grown. Small size bulbs, 15 cents each; \$1.50 per dozen. Medium size, 25 cents each; \$2.25 per dozen. Extra large, 40c and 50c each; postpaid.

DAHLIAS



Lee's
Wonderful
Dahlias

The Dahlia is now one of the most popular of all flowers. They are so beautiful in their wide range of color and so easily grown that they will always be in great demand. With a little protection they stand our winters perfectly. The bulbs I offer are grown for me by a noted Dahlia specialist, who has spent years improving their size. You would have to grow them to appreciate their perfect shape and wonderful coloring. I have listed the best varieties of both the cactus and decorative Dahlias, listing the cactus sorts under names and the decorative under color. These are strong, dormant, field-grown roots and you can depend on them being hardy. After danger of frost is over plant three feet apart, pinching out the tip when three sets of leaves appear, to make them more bushy and so as to avoid stalking.

CACTUS DAHLIAS OF SPECIAL MERIT

Charles Clayton—The strongest words of praise are not extravagant when applied to this wonderful cactus. Stems are long, holding the flowers well above the foliage. The color is a most intense red, so vivid as to dazzle the eye. Flowers are large in size and are produced freely.

Countess of Lonsdale—The freest-flowering Cactus Dahlia in the collection, and perfect in form. The color is an exquisite shade of rich salmon, with just a suspicion of apricot at the base of the petals.

Kreimhilde—Shell pink, shading to white in the center. A very popular variety for cutting.

Marion Thompson—A new pure lemon yellow. Flowers extra large and an exceptional good keeper as a cut-flower. Stems long and stiff. One of the best of all pure yellows.

Perle De Lyon—A large cactus. Petals cleft at the tip. Pure white flowers, borne on long stems.

Velvet Queen—Dark rich red of perfect form. Stems long and wirey. A fine variety, being a profuse and constant bloomer.

PRICES ON THE ABOVE NAMED CACTUS DAHLIAS: 40 CENTS EACH; 6 FOR \$2.25; POSTPAID.

DECORATIVE DAHLIAS UNDER COLOR

I can offer the following beautiful decorative Dahlias, all double varieties: White, Red, Pink, Yellow and Variegated. Prices: 35 cents each; 4 for \$1.00; \$3.00 a dozen, postpaid.

PEARL TUBEROSE

One of the most delightfully fragrant and beautiful of the summer flowering bulbs. This favorite flower can be grown almost anywhere and is planted extensively in the South. It is suitable for growing in pots, boxes or open ground. The plants are vigorous, growing 24 to 30 inches high and are free from insect pests. The beautiful pure white, wax-like flowers grow on tall stems, each stem bearing a dozen or more blossoms. The flowers are double and very fragrant. The bulbs I offer were grown for me by one of the best Tuberose growers. They produce very early, large double flowers which do not require tying up or staking. 6 cents each; 6 for 30 cents; 12 for 55 cents; 50 for \$2.00; 100 for \$3.50. Postpaid.

LEE'S CHOICE GLADIOLUS

The Gladiolus is one of the most popular and beautiful of the summer flowering bulbs. They produce tall spikes of flowers being 2 feet or more in height, which are of almost every desirable color, blotched and spotted in the most curious manner.

They are absolutely free from the attacks of insects and disease and will grow and bloom in any soil. It sounds strange but I have never heard of anyone that failed to grow gladiolus.

FINEST NAMED VARIETIES OF GLADIOLUS

On account of the increasing demand for the finer named sort, I have decided this year to list 6 of the best and most popular named varieties. These are all first size bulbs, 1½ inches and over in diameter and regardless of the many fancy prices asked by other seedsmen, you can buy no better bulbs than the ones I offer. Prices: 10 cents each; 6 for 50 cents; 90 cents a dozen; \$6.50 a hundred; postpaid.

America—A most charming soft, delicate pink; orchid-like in its coloring and texture. Conceded to be one of the finest varieties for bedding or cutting.

Baron Hulot—A really fine blue Gladiolus, being in color a rich royal violet blue.

Chicago White—Snow white with a stripe of carmine on lower petals. An early bloomer; fine for cutting.

Hatley—Delicate salmon pink predominates with a slight rosy tint, the lower petals bear a creamy blotch with a stripe of red through the center.

Mrs. Francis King—A most beautiful shade of light scarlet or flame color, having immense flowers. One of the finest varieties in cultivation.

Schwaben—One of the newer of the yellow varieties, a magnificent cut flower, because the flowers all open about the same time.

LEE'S CHOICEST MIXED GLADIOLUS A wonderful collection, including many of the named varieties. Lee's Choicest Mixed Gladiolus will give a wide range of color of wide open flowers, beautifully marked. This mixture is fine for cut flowers as well as bedding, having been especially selected as to combination and blending of colors. Six for 35 cents; 12 for 60 cents; 50 for \$2.25; 100 for \$4.00; postpaid.



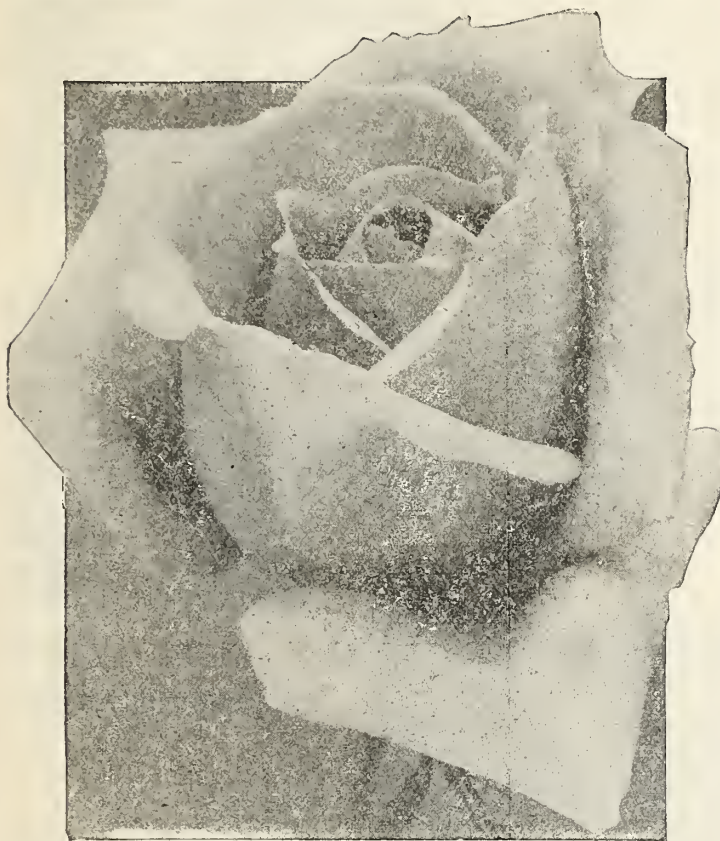
Lee's Choice Gladiolus

I PAY THE
POSTAGE ON
PLANTS

PLANT DEPARTMENT

SEND YOUR
ORDER IN
EARLY

Plant orders are always filled separate from seed orders. I always send the seed first and when the weather permits digging and shipping, I send the plants. I do not ship in unfavorable or bad weather.



Beautiful Peach-Blow Pink Everblooming ("Monthly")
Garden Rose, Columbia

Marie Antionette Deep orange, passing to old gold; long buds and very large flowers, perfectly formed and richly perfumed. The peer of yellow Roses. 35c each, 3 for \$1.00; two-year plants, 75c each, 3 for \$2.14.

Madame Butterfly Color bright pink, apricot and gold. Free blooming. Price, one-year, 30c; two-year, 75c each.

Crusader Color rich velvety crimson, deep in shade, very double, and free flowering. Price, one-year, 30c; two year, 80c each, 75c each.

Francis Scott Key The new American Rose, with crimson-scarlet blooms, deliciously perfumed. A strong, vigorous grower, with handsome foliage. The Rose for every American home. Nice young plants, 24c each; 3 for 68c. Large two-year plants, 65c each, 3 for \$1.85.

Columbia A perfect peach-blow pink which deepens as it opens. Long, stiff stems, and perfect foliage. Blooms very large and full, of perfect form. Price, well established plants, 25c each, 3 for 72c, 12 for \$2.40. Larger plants, 65c each, 3 for \$1.85.

J. L. Mock Flowers produced with greatest freedom, on long stiff stems; large size, perfect form, of deep imperial pink; outside of petals rose-white. Price, 25c each, 3 for 72c, 6 for \$1.35, \$2.40 per dozen; two-year plants, 65c each, 3 for \$1.85. \$6.24 per dozen.

Lady Mary Ward A rich orange, shaded deeper apricot-orange, with a decided metallic veining. Greatest novelty in color yet seen in Roses. Price, one-year plants, 27c each, 3 for 77c, per dozen \$2.59; strong two-year plants, 75c each, 3 for \$2.14, per dozen \$7.20.

American Beauty The most famous of American Roses. Rich color and delicious fragrance. It is the sweetest of all Roses. In color deep brilliant red, shading to a rich carmine crimson. 35c each, 3 for \$1.00; two-year plants, 85c each, 3 for \$2.42.

Pink American Beauty The flowers are large and double, and have a fragrance that is unexcelled. A companion for American Beauty. 30c each, 3 for 85c; two-year plants, 75c each, 3 for \$2.14.

White American Beauty Snow-white flowers 4 to 5 inches across, deliciously fragrant. A prize winner. 35c each, 3 for \$1.00; two-year plants, 85c, 3 for \$2.42.

Killarney Flowers remarkable. Buds are large, long and pointed. Color is exquisite, a brilliant imperial pink, almost sparkling, and beautiful beyond description. 30c each, 3 for 85c; two-year plants, 70c each, 3 for \$2.00.

Bridesmaid Fine, large, full flowers, delightfully tea scented, rose-pink, with crimson shading; makes elegant buds; very handsome. 22c each, 3 for 60c; two-year plants, 60c each, 3 for \$1.70.

Mrs. Aaron Ward Buds borne on erect stems; color Indian-Yellow washed with salmon gold; a fine bedder. 32c each, 3 for 90c; two-year plants, 75c each, 3 for \$2.14.

Richmond Pure red scarlet; flowers large and perfectly formed. Very free flowering. 26c each, 3 for 74c; two-year plants, 65c each, 3 for \$1.85.

Sunburst There is something about the color and fragrance of this well-known Rose that appeals to the heart of every flower lover. Color, outer petals reddish carmine, shaded to delicate fawn and pale salmon within. Open flowers bronzy-yellow. 28c each, 3 for 80c; two-year plants, 70c each, 3 for \$2.00.

Maman Cochet Light pink, shaded with salmon yellow; outer petals shaded with bright rose; free and continuous bloomer. Widely grown. 24c each, 3 for 68c; two-year plants, 65c each, 3 for \$1.85.

Lady Plymouth A most distinct Rose whose delicate pearly but deep ivory cream petals are very faintly flushed pink. 32c each, 3 for 90c; two-year plants, 70c each, 3 for \$2.00.

The Bride (White Tea Rose) Flowers white, large and double, on long stiff stems of fine texture and substance.



Lady Mary Ward—A Rose of Many Colors

LEE'S 1923 DIXIE ROSE COLLECTION

The finest Collection of 12 Ever-Blooming Roses ever offered. This Beautiful Collection Shown in Colors on the Rear Cover Page of this Catalog—3 Red, 3 White, 3 Pink, 3 Yellow, \$2.00. Postpaid to any Address. The Complete Collection, in large two-year-old plants, postpaid, \$6.00. Single plants of any of the varieties offered, in nice one-year plants, 30c each; two-year-old plants, 70c each; extra heavy three-year plants for quick effect, \$1.25 each, 3 for \$3.45.

Lee's Hardiest Roses

Madame Chas. Wood There is hardly a day from early June until frost that this variety is without a show of large, fragrant, dazzling scarlet-crimson flowers—it blooms the summer through, almost uninterrupted. Hardy as an oak. Each, 1-year, 35c; 2-year, 75c; 3-year, \$1.10.

General Jacqueminot The famous "Jack Rose." Brilliant, shining crimson. Each, 1-year, 35c; 2-year, 75c; 3-year, \$1.10.

Paul Neyron The largest of all. A beautiful, deep rose-pink color. Each, 35c; 2-year, 75c; 3-year, \$1.10.

Gloire Brussels The nearest black Rose grown. Deep blackish-crimson, with pronounced maroon shades. A "different" Rose. Each, 1-year, 35c; 2-year, 75c; 3-year, \$1.10.

J. B. Clarke Intense scarlet, shaded crimson maroon, very dark and rich. Strongly fragrant. Awarded gold medal of National Rose Society. Each, 30c; 2-year, 70c; 3-year, \$1.10.

EVERBLOOMING ROSES

ESPECIALLY ADAPTED FOR THE SOUTH

Marechal Niel It is grand in petal, shape, color, fragrance, lasting qualities and size. For porches, trellises, summer houses, arches, etc. Color, deep golden-yellow. 30c each; 3 for 90c; 2-year plants, 70c each; 3 for \$2.00.

Climbing Meteor Rich, velvety red buds and flowers. 25c each, 3 for 80c; 2-year plants, 70c, 3 for \$2.00.

Climbing Kaiserin Deep and double flowers of pure ivory-white; 30c each; 2-year plants, 70c, 3 for \$2.00.

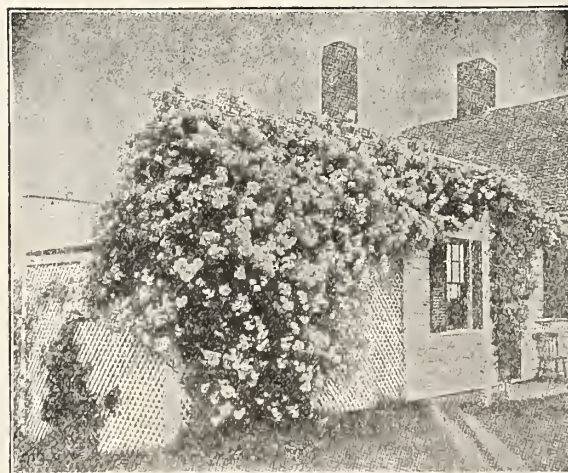
Climbing Bridesmaid The flowers are simply beautiful—clear pink; 32c each, 3 for 85c; 2-year plants, 75c each, 3 for \$2.14.

Climbing Grus An Teplitz A rampant climber. Color rich scarlet, shading to velvety crimson. 25c each, 3 for 80c; 2-year plants, 65c each, 3 for \$1.85.

MOSS ROSES We offer 2 varieties—**CRIMSON BLOVE**. Enormous crimson blossoms, sweetly fragrant and beautifully mossed; **ELIZABETH ROWE**, large, well-mossed, fragrant, deep pink buds and blooms. Each 35c; 2-year plants, 70c.



GLOIRE DES BRUXELLES
Dark Crimson, Almost Black



Dorothy Perkins—Rampant Growing Porch Rose

Hardy Cluster - Flowering Bush (Polyantha) Roses

Will bloom the summer through and flower in the house during the winter.

Baby Doll Golden yellow, tipped with cerise. Fine for bedding, also for house culture. The "Sweetheart" Rose. Each, 1-year, 30c; 2-year, 70c.

Crimson Baby Rambler Its clusters of rich crimson-red flowers almost conceal the foliage. Each, 1-year, 90c; 2-year, 70c.

Ellen Poulson New; dark pink. Fragrant. Recommended as the leading Polyantha. Each, 1-year, 25c; 2-year, 65c.



Francis Scott Key—Wonderfully Fragrant

HARDY CLIMBING ROSES FOR PORCHES, TRELLISES, ETC.

Climbing American Beauty Same color, size and fragrance as American Beauty, with the addition of a climbing habit as rampant as Thousand Beauties. Deep glowing red. Each, 1-year, 25c; 2-year, 65c; 3 for \$1.10.

Thousand Beauties or Tausendschoen The name is very appropriate in describing its delightfully varying shades of color, ranging from blush white to deep pink. Each, 1-year, 30c; 2-year, 65c; 3-year, \$1.00.

Crimson Rambler The most popular of all outdoor climbers, bearing clusters which completely cover the bush, of from 20 to 40 blooms. Each, 1-year, 20c; 2-year, 60c; 3-year, \$1.00.

Blue Rambler A distinct novelty. A hardy Rambler Rose with steel blue flowers borne in clusters. Each, 1-year, 25c; 2-year, 60c; 3-year, \$1.00.

Dorothy Perkins Its fast-growing qualities are unequalled, and the large clusters of shell-pink flowers are wonderful. Each, 1-year, 20c; 2-year, 60c; 3-year, \$1.00.

Best Giant Double Flowered Geraniums

FANCY LEAVED GERANIUMS

Mertha de Pressily Beautiful silver rose of exquisite brightness; extra large, 25c

Marquis de Montmort Color brilliant purple, nearest we have to blue, 30c.

Leopold Bouville Bright self-colored, richly shaded bright carmine, 26c.

Mme. Jaulin Color peach-pink; border of white; unparalleled for beauty, 27c.

Buchner A fine bedding Geranium. Flowers purest white in color, 25c each.

LaCondole A deep soft rose. The favorite pink Geranium for bedding and pot culture; 25c.

Alphonse Ricard Flowers enormous size; brilliant shade of orange red; 28c.

Jean Viaud Bright rosy pink; distinct white blotch in center; 27c.

Arosa Soft salmon-rose with flowers of immense size. Plants very bushy; 30c.

S. A. Nutt Darkest and richest Geranium grown. It is a very bright, deep, rich velvety-maroon; best of all, regardless of price; 25c.



Giant Double Geranium, LaCondole, an unusually large Geranium

FANCY LEAVED GERANIUMS

Beaute Poitevine Beautiful rosy salmon; shaded deep orange; 25c.

Happy Thought Dark green foliage with creamy white center bordered bronze. Single scarlet, 26c each; 3 for 74c.

Golden Tricolor Leaves have belted with crimson and edged with golden yellow. Orange-red flowers, 26c each; 3 for 85c.

FRAGRANT GERANIUMS

Extensively grown for their fragrant foliage. Price 25c each; the three for 62c.

LEMON-SCENTED—The foliage has a pronounced lemon scent.

NUTMEG-SCENTED—Pleasing nutmeg fragrance; lilac flowers.

ROSE SCENTED—The most fragrant of all. Beautiful flowers.

Special Offer The full collection of 12 European and American novelties in Geraniums as described above, for \$2.75.

PANSY FLOWERED GERANIUM

Easter Greeting Its blooming season extends from late winter to early fall, and through the summer the plants are gorgeous. The color is hard to describe—fiery amaranth-red. Some describe it as a brilliant rose. Each of the five petals being marked with a large dark brown or black spot in the center, the spot being bordered with scarlet daintily penciled with crimson. Price 40c each, 3 for \$1.14.



Mammoth Exhibition Cutflower Chrysanthemum, Chieftain

GORGEOUS EXHIBITION CHRYSANTHEMUMS

CUTFLOWER CHRYSANTHEMUMS

Yellow Ivory An evenly colored, globular, yellow. When well cultivated and cared for, the blooms are from 6 to 8 inches in diameter. Price 20c each, 3 for 57c.

Ragged Robin An immense sparkling-pink variety. Price 20c each, 3 for 57c.

Fire Ball (Latest Introduction) Color deep blood red. Height 4 feet. Price 20c each, 3 for 57c.

Crimson Tangle (Red Ostrich Plume) A very striking crimson-red plumed variety. Price 25c each, 3 for 72c.

White Ostrich Plume Pure white flowers, heavily plumed. Price 20c each, 3 for 57c.

Richmond Perfect fullness; silk-like finish; bright golden-yellow. A prize winner at the shows. Price 25c each, 3 for 72c.

Major Bonaffon Soft, clear yellow, full to center; often 8 inches in diameter. Price 20c each, 3 for 57c.

Chieftain Rose-pink, globular, incurved—everyone likes it. Price 20c each, 3 for 57c.

White Bonaffon Finest of early whites, large and full. Sometimes tinted pearl. Price 20 each, 3 for 57c.

Dolly Dimple Glowing yellow. Considered by many the Queen of all Chrysanthemums. Fine for pot culture. Price 20c each, 3 for 57c.

Special Offer One each of above 10 Exhibition Chrysanthemums, postpaid, \$1.95.

Fleur-De-Lis---Flag Iris

INNOCENZA. Pure white, delicate flower, bright golden yellow crest. 35c each.
HER MAJESTY. Semi-early, bright pink, slight lilac tint, free flowering. 35c each.
MRS. NEWBRONNER. Semi-early, deep golden yellow. 50c each.
PALLIDA DALMATICA. Beautiful silvery lavender, large flowers, sweet scented leaves. 35c each.
PERFECTION. Exquisite soft rose-violet. 50c each.
HALFDAN. Creamy white. 25c each.
MIDNIGHT. Deep purple. A fine cut flower. 25c each.

Eulalias These beautiful hardy grasses are showy and ornamental. The following varieties are offered at 60c and \$1.00 each.
JAPONICA ZEBRINA. Foliage evenly crosswise, with broad bands of golden yellow.
JAPONICA VARIEGATA. Long narrow leaves, striped white and green.
GRACILIS UNIVATA. Narrow green leaves and silvery white rib.

HARDY SALVIA. Makes a welcome addition to any bed or border. Produces strikingly beautiful orchid-like bloom. Price 30c each, 3 for 85c.



Foxglove or Digitalis
FOXGLOVE (Digitalis) Hardy; bears thimble-shaped flowers on long spikes. 25c each.
HARDY ORIENTAL POPPY Enormous large flaming red flowers. 25c each, 3 for 72c.
SHASTA DAISY. Hardy, pure white, with gold center. Petals very long. 20c each.



Oriental Poppy

Double Hollyhocks Hardy. Straight towering spikes a mass of waxy flowers. Select from colors: WHITE, MA-ROON, PINK, RED, and YELLOW. 25c each, 3 for 72c.

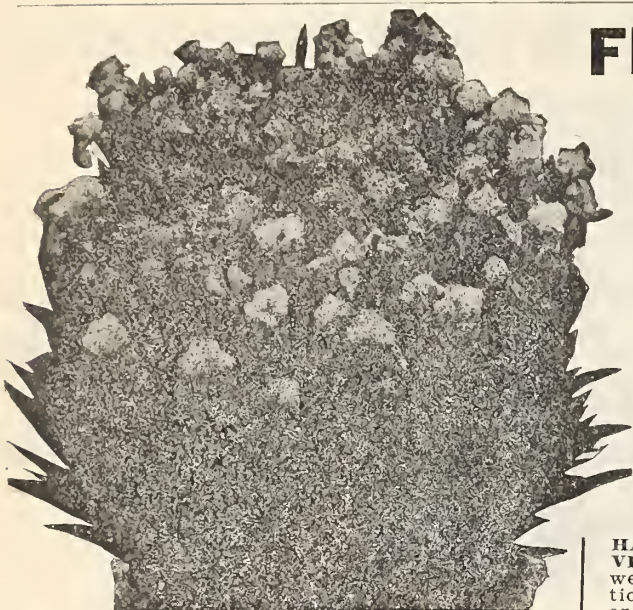
Achillea (Cemetery Plant) Snow-white flowers produced in large sprays. Fine for cemetery planting. Hardy. 25c.

Double Golden Glow Hardy; grows 8 feet high; exquisite double blossoms of brightest golden-yellow, as large as Cactus Dahlias. 25c each.

Giant Hardy Primrose Immense trusses of large flowers from purest white, yellow and orange to richest crimson. 25c each.

Delphinium (Gold Medal Hybrids. Hardy. The most attractive, bold and meritorious flower we have. The immense spikes of brilliant shades of blue produce the most striking effects in the flower garden. Blooms from June until September. 35c each, \$3.60 per dozen.

Delphinium, Gold Medal Hybrid, 25c



Orchid Flowering Iris, Pallida Dalmatica
Hardy Phlox Flower heads often measure from 7 to 9 inches across, borne from early summer until frost. They grow vigorously, increasing in size from year to year, and make very attractive plantings along walks or in clusters. Fragrant as Jasmine.
BRIDESMAID. Massive white heads, with center of crimson-carmine.
COQUELICOT. Bright orange-scarlet, brightest red of all Phlox.
VON LASSBURG. Immense pure white heads.
PANTHEON. Salmon-pink, with crimson eye.
LE MAHDI. Deep velvety purple. Large spikes. Price of above Phlox, 35c each, 3 for \$1.00

Lemon Lily Presents a striking appearance on the lawn. Produces clear, lemon-colored Lilies. Price 30c each.



Giant Double Hollyhocks



Hardy Sweet William

Hardy. Beautifully marked blooms of extremely rich and varied colors. 25c each, 3 for 72c.

CAMPANULA (Canterbury Bells) Hardy. Flower from May until September. Cup-shaped flowers. Colors: BLUE, PINK, CRIMSON, and WHITE. 25c each, 3 for 72c.



Canterbury Bells

BABY'S BREATH Hardy; a mass of minute pure white flowers. Very dainty; 30c each.

Long Spurred Columbine

(Larkspur) Hardy; graceful flowers freely produced on long stems. We offer an extra fine long spurred strain. Mixed colors only. 25c each, 3 for 72c.



FERNS---BEST YEAR-AROUND HOUSE PLANT

Boston Fern Drooping fronds, often six feet in length. A fern that looks well anywhere. Each, 25c; stronger plants, 50c; large plants, \$1.00.

Ostrich Plume Fern (*Nephrolepis Whitmanii*). The waxy, plume-like fronds are often 8 inches wide. Upright and stocky growth. Each, 25c; stronger plants, 50c; larger plants, \$1.00.

Newport Parlor Fern Resembles the Boston, excepting that it has a more finished appearance, shorter fronds, and three times as many of them. Each, 25c; stronger plants, 50c; large plants, \$1.00.

Hardy Fern For shady places. Can be left outside during the winter, and in the spring it starts a new growth like Peony and Phlox. A graceful plant with fronds equal to those of any of the tender varieties. Requires rich soil; shady, moist position; good drainage. Each 45c, 3 for \$1.20; large size 65c.

Lace Fern (*Asparagus Plumosus*). Leaves are bright green, gracefully arched, and as finely woven as the finest silken mesh. A very fast grower. Nice plants, 25c; large plants, 60c.

Feather Fern (*Asparagus Sprengeri*). Gracefully drooping sprays 3 to 4 feet long. When grown in suspended pots it makes one of the prettiest plants for the house or porch. Each, 20c; large plants, 35c and 50c each.

CONSTANT BLOOMING FUCHSIAS

Easily grown, sure to bloom. Price 25c each, 3 for 72c; all five below for \$1.10.

PHENOMENAL FUCHSIA. The grandest of them all. Phenomenal is the largest-flowered Fuchsia in cultivation. The plant is a tall grower, branching like a tree. The flowers are of enormous size, petals bright scarlet, with rich violet-purple corollas.

FUCHSIA AURORA BOREALIS. Creates a sensation wherever shown. The flowers are four inches in length; sepals bright rose; corolla bright carmine.

BLACK PRINCE. Easiest of all to grow. Sepals, deep waxy carmine flowers.

THE WHITE FUCHSIA, EDMOND ABOUT The white corolla shows up very beautiful against the pink petals and tube.

PURPLE PRINCE. Sepals scarlet, corolla beautiful distinct royal purple.

Hardy Hibiscus (Mallovs) Attractive as a single plant on the lawn, planted along the walk, or as a bushy hedge, producing from June until fall a show of beautiful flowers six inches and over across. Withstands the coldest winters. We offer three shades: WHITE, PINK, and CRIMSON. Each 30c, 3 for 85c.

Hibiscus Peachblow (See Illustration) A beautiful tropical shrub-like plant with glossy foliage and gorgeously colored flowers of a rich peach-pink shade, often five to six inches across. Price 25c each, 3 for 70c.

American Wonder Lemon

Fruit often weighs over 3 pounds. Excellent for lemonade, pies, etc. Blooms very sweetly scented. Grows anywhere. 25c each; large plants 75c and \$1.50 each.



Fuchsia, Phenomenal



Hibiscus Peachblow



Beautiful Ostrich Plume Fern, Whitmanii

FREE FLOWERING LANTANAS

The Unexcelled Bedding Plant

Few bedding plants afford a greater variety of colors than the Lantanas. They make splendid specimen plants for the porch or lawn. Also fine for baskets, etc. 22c each, 3 for 60c.

ALBA PERFECTA—Pure white, compact habit.

MICHAEL SCHMIDT—Flowers fresh and sparkling; of a brilliant yellow, passing into a purple vermillion.

AURORA—Flowers clear pink.

RADIATION—Flowers crimson, changing to yellow at center.

JACOT SCHULZ—Beautiful dark red, good rich color.

TETHYS—The new beautiful lemon-yellow. Nothing like it.

Dracena Indivisa A beautiful plant, with slender, drooping leaves, often called a "Fountain Plant." Leaves of several shades of green with delicate stripings of yellow and red. 20c each.

Parlor Ivy (Senecio Scandens)

A strong growing climbing vine with bright green foliage. Especially suitable for indoor hanging baskets, trellis work, or covering walls in conservatories. 18c each, 3 for 50c.



Rectangular Bedding Design of Geraniums and Dusty Miller

Triangular Bed No. 11 Triangular bed, Geranium and Dusty Miller, with sides equal to 4 feet in length, 10 Dusty Millers for border, 5 Geraniums for center (15 plants in all). Price \$2.10.

Triangular Bed No. 13 Triangular bed, sides equal, 7 feet in length, 21 Dusty Millers for border, 12 red Geraniums for center (33 plants in all). Price \$4.60.

Rectangular Bed No. 14 Rectangular bed 2x3 feet, 14 Dusty Millers for border, 6 red or pink Geraniums for center (20 plants in all). Price \$2.80.

Rectangular Bed No. 15 Rectangular bed 3x5 feet, 18 Dusty Miller plants for border, 15 all red or all pink Geraniums for center (33 plants in all). Price \$4.60.

Dwarf Orange A true orange bearing masses of waxy, white, fragrant blossoms followed by bright colored, very sweet fruit. Plants bloom and bear fruit when only five or six inches high. Nice plants 30c each; large plants 75c and \$1.50 each.



Otaheite Orange



Mammoth Leaved Rex Begonia

Wandering Jew (Tradescantia Multicolor) Fast growing trailing plant for house culture or for growing in hanging baskets, suspended pots, etc. Foliage beautifully variegated purple, scarlet and white. 22c each, 3 for 60c.

Chinese Bell Flower or Flowering Maple (Abutilon) The flowers pendulous, bell shaped and produced in great abundance. Taken up before frost, they make winter-blooming plants. 25c each.

New Coleus Christmas Gem Leaves bright carmine, shading off to deep maroon, the margin being yellow and green, the whole leaf having a rich velvety lustre. 25c each, 3 for 60c.

Double Fringed and Frilled Petunias Popular flower; colors purple, lavender, white, variegated, purple streaked and mottled white. Price 25c each, 3 for 60c.

Golden-Star Flowering Oxalis (Ortigiesi) Branches freely and loaded at all times with clusters of bright golden star-shaped flowers. Highly ornamental bronze tinted foliage. 35c each.



House, Porch and Lawn Plants

Mammoth Leaved Rex Begonia In no other class of plants do we find the rich metallic foliage, and colors blended from bright green, silver, reddish bronze to bright rosy plum as are found here. Leaves sometimes as large as those of the Elephant Ear. 45c each, 3 for \$1.28.

Hardy Begonia Produces clusters of pleasing pink flowers. When bedded out, roots remain in the soil and start new growth in the spring. 45c each, 3 for \$1.28.

Beefsteak Begonia The finest pot Begonia we have for house culture; 40c each, 3 for \$1.05.

Coral Begonia Deep pink flowers borne in profusion for months at a time. Leaves edged scarlet. 40c each, 3 for \$1.05.

Triumph Begonia A mass of waxy white flowers summer and winter. 30c each, 3 for \$5c.

CARNATIONS

THE NATIONAL FLOWER

Matchless Won two gold medals as a matchless white. Clove scented, ideal for bouquets, 25c each.

Beacon "The Lighthouse Carnation." A rich crimson; blooms average 3½ inches in diameter. 25c each.

Enchantress Supreme A striking salmon-pink variety, which has proven very profitable to the commercial grower. 25c.

Gaiety Glossy white, delicately penciled scarlet. Exceptional. 25c each.

DOUBLE FLOWERING PINKS

Hardy Scotch or Sweet May Pinks

Flowers perfectly double, clove-scented, and the plants will stand outdoors year after year increasing in size, being entirely hardy. Each 25c, 3 for 72c.

Abbotsford Deep carmine, marbled with white. A beautiful flower.

Her Majesty One of the finest; color pure white. Very sweet scented.

Homestead Flowers beautiful glowing red with maroon center.



Flowering Begonia, Beefsteak

WEEPING LANTANA

A New Weeping Plant of Great Beauty

Graceful drooping habit, grows very rapidly and blooms continually summer and winter, producing large clusters of flowers of lilac or rosy-pink. Foliage a beautiful dark green. We know of nothing of recent introduction that is so easily grown and gives so much satisfaction. 22c each, 3 for 60c.

PORCH OR TUB HYDRANGEAS

BOUQUET ROSE. The most popular of all Hydrangeas. Deep rosy-amber, turning to a bright red. Each 26c.

MME. MOUILLERE. Very large flowers, frequently over 8 inches in diameter, of purest white, with rosy-carmine eye. Very fine. Each, 30c.

Giant White Moonflower (Ipomoea Maxima) The flowers of this grand vine often measure from 6 to 7½ inches across, and are produced in such wonderful profusion that they completely cover the vine with a veil of glistening white. Will completely cover a porch or lattice in a short time. 25c each, 3 for 72c.



Snake Plant

Snake Plant An elegant variegated plant especially adapted for house decoration. Its thick leathery leaves standing the gas, heat, and dust with the utmost impunity. In all, a beautiful decorative plant requiring scarcely any water, and no care to speak of. Strong plants, 30c each, 3 for \$5c; large plants 50c each and 75c each.

Brazilian Plume Plant

Strong, rapid grower, shoots tipped with beautiful plume-like flowers, petals drooping in a charming manner. 30c each.

Giant Cineraria Flowers are in large clusters, and of the richest shades of blue, purple, pink, white and crimson. Nice plants, 32c each, 3 for 90c.



Giant Cineraria

SHRUBS FOR PERMANENT PLANTINGS

Bridal Wreath (Spirea Van Houttei) Beautiful foliage, and in May and June a fountain of arching snowy-white bloom. Strong plants, 25c each; extra strong plants, 60c and \$1.00 each.

Hydrangea Arborescens (Hills of Snow) The foliage is almost entirely hidden by beautiful sprays of immense snow-white blooms from early June through August. Unexcelled for shady places, but does equally well in open. Strong plants, 25c; extra strong plants, 60c and \$1.00.

Hydrangea Paniculata Creamy-white flowers, changing to pink, and borne freely in immense panicles. Flowers from June to November. Strong plants, 25c; extra strong plants, 60c and \$1.00.

Summer Blooming Lilac (Butterfly Bush) Flowers from July until frost. The fragrant lilac-colored spikes have a remarkable attraction for butterflies. Strong plants, 20c; extra strong plants, 75c.

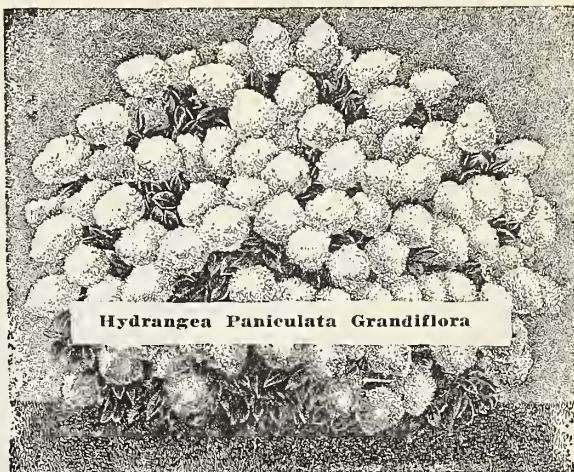
Forsythia (Golden Bells) The first shrub to bloom in the spring, the pendant golden bells appearing before the leaves. Strong plants, 30c; extra strong plants, 75c.

Deutzia, Pride of Rochester Large white flowers. Splendid for planting near the house. Strong plants, 25c; extra strong plants, 70c.

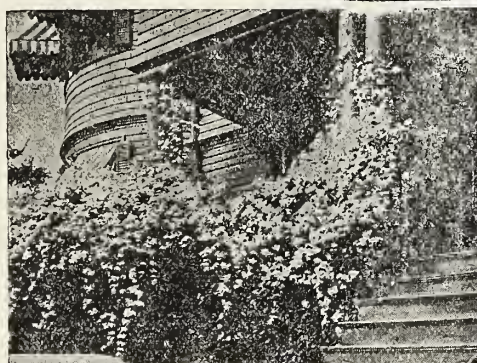
Sweet-Scented Shrub The flowers when fully open are about the size of a silver dollar, of a mahogany brown color. Strawberry scented. Hardy. Strong plants, 30c; extra strong plants, 60c.

Snowball Pure white flowers in dense clusters looking like balls of snow. Very attractive. Strong plants, 30c; extra strong plants, 75c.

Spirea Billardii Grows 3 to 5 feet, flowers in summer. Tall growing, with plume-like spikes of deep rose colored flowers. Strong plants, 35c; extra strong plants, 75c.



Hydrangea Paniculata Grandiflora



Fragrant Clematis, Paniculata. A Wonderful Porch Vine

Boston Ivy

(AMPELOPSIS VITIFOLIA) This climbing vine will cling firmly to the smoothest surface of rock or wood. The handsomest vine possible for growth on houses, especially the foundation and first story, round the door and windows. The glossy leaves assume the most beautiful tints and colorings in the autumn. Hardy everywhere. 25c each, 6 for \$1.35; heavy plants, 65c.

Pink Bush Honeysuckle

The most shapely ornamental plant to be found. Beautiful blossoms in spring, followed by bright, shiny berries. Does best in sunny location. Strong plants, 25c; extra strong plants, 60c.

VINES

Evergreen Sweet-Scented Honeysuckle

A showy vine with purplish evergreen foliage. Flowers white, changing to yellow. 25c each, last plants 50c.

Hardy Purple Wistaria

For covering porches, verandas, etc. Gracefully drooping clusters of rich violet-blue flowers. Fast growing. Price, 30c each.

Hardy Sweet-Scented Clematis Paniculata

A quick growing green foliaged climber, bearing fragrant white flowers from August until through the fall. Will make a porch or veranda a bower of beauty. Nice plants, 25c each, 3 for 72c; larger plants, 75c and \$1.00 each.

Hardy Climbing Sweet

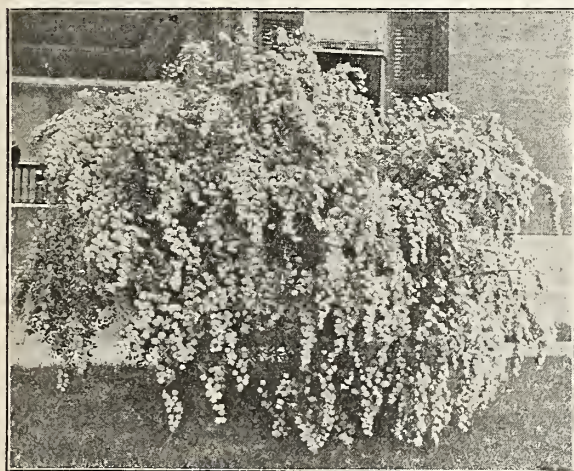
Pea A free flowering, fast growing extremely attractive Sweet Pea that will flower year after year, withstanding our coldest winters. We offer two varieties—PINK BEAUTY, clear pink; WHITE PEARL, blooms entire season. 40c each, 3 for \$1.10.

Purplish Red Clematis

(Coccinea) Large sweet scented, purplish-red flowers, borne the summer through. Fast grower. Strong plants, 75c each.

SPECIAL OFFERS

There are some very attractive special offers at bargain prices listed on page 54. Don't fail to look them over.

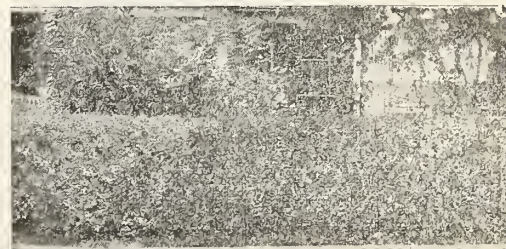


Bridal Wreath (Spirea Van Houttei). A fountain of arching snowy-white bloom during May and June

Japan Barberry Valuable for hedges or as specimen plants. Drooping yellow flowers, followed by bright red berries. Foliage changes to fiery crimson in autumn. This variety, unlike the common Barberry, does not harbor wheat rust, and may be planted anywhere. Price \$1.43 per dozen, \$9.35 per 100; 25 and 50 at 100 rate. Large specimen plants, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.50 each.

California Privet Cheaper than fences, far more beautiful. The most popular ornamental hedge plant. Price, by express, nice plants, 68c per dozen, \$5.00 per 100 (25 and 50 at 100 rate). Hedge plants are set 6 inches apart, a 50-foot hedge requiring 100 plants.

Ibota Privet Perfectly hardy. Trim as desired. Price, 90c per dozen, \$15.00 per 100. Large 2-year plants, \$20.00 per 100.



California Privet Hedge. Cheaper than fences—far more beautiful

Plant Early Velvet Beans



Field of Velvet Beans Grown Near Fort Smith

In the South, Velvet Beans are used very largely for winter grazing, and for this purpose is one of the best crops for the light soils and in the long season of the Gulf Coast and Florida. They should be allowed to grow until December or until killed by frost, after which they can be grazed through the winter, as the vines, leaves and pods decay very slowly and remain palatable a long time. Early in the spring the crop remaining is plowed under as a soil improver, and adds very materially to the productiveness of the soil.

Velvet Beans are usually grown with corn. The corn is planted in 5-foot rows, three feet apart in the row, and the beans planted in the corn. At the last working, beans are planted again in the middles between the corn. When the corn is dry, it is pulled from the stalk, and cattle turned in to graze. It furnishes most nutritious and fattening food, and is considered the cheapest method of fattening cattle; at the same time the roots and what is left of the vines, when turned under, make a good soil-improver. Velvet Beans are usually planted in rows four to five feet apart at the rate of one-half bushel per acre.

Extra Early Velvet Beans (No. 286)

Extra Early Velvet Beans, or 100-Day Speckled Velvet Bean. Although they will not mature the pods in one hundred days, this is one of the earliest varieties and can be grown farther North than the common Velvet Beans. South of Virginia they will mature in a season of average length. In more northerly sections, where the seeds will not mature, it will make a wonderful growth of vines for pasturing and finishing cattle, and a fine soil-improver. The demand for Velvet Beans is increasing—try some. Packet, 10 cents; pound, 25 cents; 2 lbs., 45 cents; postpaid, 15 lbs., not prepaid, \$1.00; 60 lbs., about \$3.50. Write for quantity prices.

Special Prices Use the "Special Quotation Sheet" in the back of this catalog, telling me the amount of field seeds you expect to buy and I will send you my best prices and tell you how much the freight or express will be on that amount to your station.

Plant Plenty of Cow Peas Every Year

Cow Peas make one of the largest yielding and most nutritious forage crops known. There is also no surer or cheaper means of improving and increasing the productiveness of our soils than by sowing the Cow Peas. It is not necessary to turn under the crop of vines to improve the soil; it is considered more economical to cut the vines and cure them as a forage or hay crop, and then turn under the stubble and roots. They are most valuable, as they yield an immense quantity of feed of the best quality, and produce the crop in so short a time. Like all other leguminous crops, they have the power of extracting nitrogen and ammonia from the atmosphere, and storing it in the roots, so that after the crop is cut the land is enriched and its condition improved.

Cow Peas are a valuable crop in the South, and if you are not raising some each year you are the loser.

Whippoorwill (No. 287) The Whippoorwill is more largely grown than any other Cow Pea, probably because of its long vines, usually about 6 feet, and because of its large yield. Packet, 10c; lb., 20c; 2 lbs., 35c; postpaid. Write for quantity prices.

Mixed Peas (No. 288) A great many Southern farmers prefer to sow Cow Peas in mixtures, as they grow thicker and produce a better crop of vines and forage. Packet, 10 cents; pound, 20 cents; 2 lbs., 35 cents; postpaid. Write for quantity prices.

Large Black-Eye (No. 289) The Black-Eye stock peas commonly grown in this vicinity are used mostly for cooking and table use. They have an excellent flavor and command ready sale in all stores. Packet, 10 cents; pound, 25 cents; 2 pounds, 40 cents; postpaid. Write for quantity prices.

Special Plant Offers at Bargain Prices

SPECIAL COMBINATION OFFERS

- No. 1—6 Charming "Monthly Roses," all different, 98c
- No. 2—2 Tea Roses, "Hardy Roses," 2 Climbing Roses, 98c
- No. 3—6 Beautiful Climbing Roses, our selection, 98c.
- No. 4—6 Geraniums, all different, 98c.
- No. 5—6 Fragrant Carnations, our selection of varieties 98c.
- No. 6—6 Choice Begonias, our selection of varieties, 98c.
- No. 7—6 Prize Winning Exhibition Chrysanthemums, 84c.
- No. 8—20 Tea and "Monthly" Roses, our selection, \$2.48.
- No. 9—20 Geraniums, double and single, all kinds, \$2.48.
- No. 10—20 Carnations, Chrysanthemums, Fuchsias, Geraniums, \$2.48.

SPECIAL GERANIUM OFFER

A full collection of 12 European and American novelties in Geraniums for \$2.75.

SPECIAL PORCH BOX COLLECTION

For porch box, 8 inches wide, 2 feet long. A wonderfully popular collection, 12 plants, all different, including Ferns, Begonias, Vincas, Geraniums, etc. Twelve in all, postpaid, \$1.85.

SPECIAL YARD PLANTING OFFER

One each of the following seven shrubs for \$1.48; large plants, by express, \$3.42: Bridal Wreath, Weigela Rosea, Summer Lilac (Buddleia), Snowball, Spirea Billardii, Hydrangea paniculata, Althea. These seven will give a succession of flowers from April until frost, flowering in the order named.

LEE'S CHOICE SEED OATS

Fulghum Early Oats (No. 278) This is comparatively a new variety which has taken most of the Southern states by storm during the past two years and especially the year just passed. It is an early oat, very hardy, perfectly suitable for fall sowing in all parts of the South, and is rapidly taking the place of the Winter Turf variety, which has been so universally sown through the South for a winter oat for years past. There are several advantages that the Fulghum oat possesses. One especially, that it is not one so liable to produce cheat as the Tennessee winter oat. It is also a very heavy yielder. First it was thought the Fulghum oat would not withstand the winter. It has been demonstrated beyond a doubt that it will stand as much cold weather as any other variety in this section and besides produces a much larger crop yield in the spring. This new oat will, I believe, fill a distinct place with southern planters. The Fulghum is the best early oat I have seen for the south. It is a clean, vigorous growing, heavy variety for early crops and has practically superceded the Burt or 90-day oat in the cotton belt. Write for prices in quantity. The seed I offer you is thoroughly re-cleaned, tested and is not to be compared with cheap varieties of feed oats offered for seed. Prices, freight rates and samples sent on request. **Pound, 25 cents; 5 lbs., \$1.00; postpaid. Not prepaid: Bushel, \$1.50; 10 bushels or over \$1.25 per bushel.**

Texas Red Rust Proof Oats (No. 279) This standard oat for the South for spring planting. This variety seems especially adapted to our climate and not inclined to rust as other varieties. It is an oat for spring planting, although it is often sown in parts of Louisiana and Texas in the fall and seems in some localities to withstand the winter. This variety is being rapidly replaced in this section by the Fulghum oat. It can be planted either in the fall or spring. I offer you a very careful selection of Texas Red Rust Proof oats free from Johnson Grass which are thoroughly tested in our laboratory for germination. This variety is especially adapted to the South, on account of its rust resisting qualities. Sow $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 bushels per acre. **Pound, 20 cents; 5 lbs., 60 cents; postpaid. Not prepaid, bushel, \$1.25; 10 bushels or over, \$1.20 per bushel.**

Early Burt or May Oats (No. 280) Very early maturing, being ready to cut in about 90 days. Grows well on thin or rich land making a good, smooth straw. Is an abundant yielder of bright, clean, heavy grain and is free from rust. Planters who are desirous of making a good crop of oats on thin land can do no better than plant a few acres of these oats each season. The seed I offer you has been grown for me in this vicinity, being thoroughly acclimated, re-cleaned and tested as to germination and purity. I am sure that you can secure no better oats for the money than I am offering you. **Prices, freight rates and samples sent on request. Pound, 25 cents; 5 lbs., \$1.00; postpaid. Not prepaid: Bushel, \$1.50; 10 bushels or over, \$1.25 per bushel.**

Spring Barley (No. 281) This is a bearded variety for spring planting, producing a large quantity of sweet feed very much relished by stock. This variety must not be confused with the winter variety, which is much harder being sown in the fall for winter and early spring pasture. If you are a stock raiser or operate a dairy and wish to produce a feed, you will find that there is scarcely anything that you can plant that will be as well relished by your stock as barley. **Price, per pound, 25 cents; 5 pounds, 75 cents; postpaid. Not prepaid, Peck, 45 cents; Bushel, \$1.40. Write for quantity prices when ready to buy.**

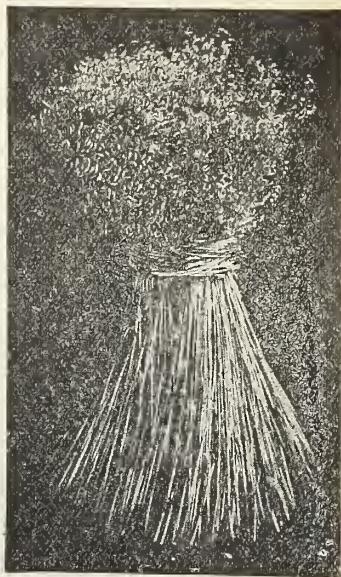
Japanese Buckwheat (No. 282) The fertility of the soil can be retained by sowing Japanese Buckwheat which is equally valuable as a cover crop. It is liked as a food for cattle, hogs and poultry as a part ration. Stock relish, thrive and grow on it. It is a long bloomer, the kernel almost doubles the size of other varieties for buckwheat flour. The blooms produce excellent honey. It requires 15 to 20 pounds to seed an acre. **Pound, postpaid, 20 cents; not prepaid, 10-pound lots, 12 cents per pound. Write for quantity prices.**

TOBACCO A clean piece of land is best for tobacco plant beds. It is customary to burn a piece of land in the woods for same. This destroys grass, weeds and insects, and fertilizes the soil through the action of wood ashes. Sow seeds in February and protect by plant bed-cloth. When plants are large enough, set out in highly fertilized soil in $3\frac{1}{2}$ -foot rows, 3 feet between the plants.

Hester (No. 290) For Smoking Ripens early and is of good size, shape, texture and yellow color. **Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce, 30c; ounce, 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, \$1.50; pound, \$5.00; postpaid.**

Sweet Oronoco (No. 291) For Chewing This variety when sun cured makes the best natural chewing leaf. **Packet, 10 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce, 30 cents; ounce, 50 cents; $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, \$1.50; pound, \$5.00; postpaid.**

Lee's Tennessee Golden Millet (No. 285) This is the best variety of Millet grown in the South. Our seed is grown for us on contract by one of the largest and most successful Millet growers in Tennessee, therefore we are in position to supply you with high grade seed the same that we have been supplying you for the past 20 years. Lee's Tennessee Golden Millet stands alone in its class as a millet in this section where we have thousands of satisfied customers who have been procuring this seed from us for years. If you grow millet, buy the best. Why experiment with common or Fox Tail millet which is so unsatisfactory in quality and yield? Several of our customers who years ago on account of the high price of Lee's Tennessee Golden Millet bought elsewhere, but one season was enough. The past year our trade on this variety of millet was up to an unusual standard, although millet seed was not generally planted in this section this year. Lee's Tennessee Golden Millet produces important and nutritious hay crops relished by horses and cattle. Sow thickly not less than one bushel per acre in or from the middle of May through July, but not too early because it does not grow very nicely until the soil and weather get warm. It matures in from 6 to 8 weeks. For hay, cut while in bloom, before the seed hardens in the head, as after that the hay quality decreases. Plant in rich highly fertilized ground. Be sure to use Lee's Tennessee Golden Millet. **Pound, 25c; postpaid. Not prepaid, 10-pound lots or over, about 8 cents per pound. Subject to market change. Write for larger quantity prices when ready to buy.**



Fulghum Oats



Lee's Tennessee Golden Millet

Write for Quantity Prices On Field Seed

I sell these seeds according to market prices the day you buy. As soon as you are ready to buy, write me what you want and I will quote lowest prices and give freight or express rates to your station. Use special Quotation Sheet in back of catalog.

LEE'S SYRUP CANE SEED

(No. 253) Since I introduced this variety several years ago, no new sorghum has been brought up that can compare with it in yield of forage nor the amount of syrup. The syrup is clear, easy to make, requires less cooking and skimming than common kind, and the quality is delicious.

I recommend planting Lee's Syrup Cane in April or May in drills in rows 4 feet apart at the rate of 12 to 15 pounds per acre. Cultivate like corn and chop out like cotton, leaving plant about 10 to 12 inches apart in the row. Cut for syrup just before the seed ripens, as the stalks at that time contain more saccharine than at any other time of development. If, however, you desire to save seed, cut when fully ripe, allowing the plant to fully mature. One seed will produce 3 to 5 stalks, usually from 10 to 12 feet tall, and under favorable conditions this variety will usually produce from 40 to 45 bushels of seed and 150 to 200 gallons of syrup per acre.

Syrup can be produced from Orange, Amber and Red Top varieties, but these are not dependable and the color is not usually good nor the yield heavy. I recommend Orange, Amber and Red Top cane seed for hay and pasture purposes only. The seed that I offer you has been grown and inspected by my field agent and I believe them to be the best obtainable. Grown in isolated fields. I have endeavored to produce this seed as pure as possible. It takes only a small amount of cane seed to produce syrup enough for an average family. I recommend most highly this variety of seed and will appreciate at least a trial order.

PRICES: Pound, 30 cents; 5 pounds for \$1.25; postpaid. Not prepaid, 10-lb. lots, 15 cents per pound; 100-lb. lots, 12 cents per pound. Order early.

Lee's Recleaned Sorghum Or Cane Seed for Forage

Plant when the ground becomes thoroughly warm, say two weeks from corn planting, on a rich, well drained clay loam in rows $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 feet apart, cultivating as you would corn. After the flowering stage is past, but not too early, it may be pastured or cut for fodder. Sorghum may be grown with Cow Peas and Soy Beans either in rows or broadcast.

Early Orange (No. 254) For fodder, larger than Amber and about ten days later. On account of its heavy stalk is sometimes preferred by many to the Amber for hay. Pound, 20 cents; 5 pounds, 75 cents; postpaid. Ten-pound lots, not prepaid, about 10 cents a pound. Write for prices. Not good for syrup.

Early Amber (No. 255) This variety usually sown for fodder; one of the earliest types in cultivation; black hull. Grown almost exclusively for fodder crops alone, or broadcast with peas. Pound, 20 cents; 5 pounds, 75 cents; postpaid. Ten-lb. lots, not prepaid, about 10c a lb. Write for prices. Not good for syrup.

Red Top Sorghum (No. 256) Somewhat similar to Amber. One of the earliest types. Pound, 20c; 5 lbs., 75c; postpaid. Ten-lb lots, not prepaid, about 10c per lb. Write for prices. Not good for syrup.

PLANT PLENTY OF PEANUTS

Lee's Dependable Syrup Cane

Plant from one to two bushels per acre. The Spanish or bush sorts should be planted thicker or closer than the running varieties. I offer you this season an improved Spanish peanut, which I believe you will find to be a heavy yielder and produce more hay than any of the varieties that you may have planted before. While the price is slightly higher than the common variety, I believe that you should try at least a few acres of Lee's Improved Spanish variety this season.

Lee's Improved Spanish (No. 292) This is a new variety of Spanish peanuts grown for us this season. It has been bred for the purpose of increasing the size of the nut to a marked degree, yet keeping the fine quality and productiveness of the standard Spanish peanut. Our grower advises us that the yield of nuts or hay is much larger from the improved variety than the standard variety which has been raised in this vicinity for several years. This variety resembles the standard Spanish peanut in the manner of being easily harvested which is the objection of many other varieties of peanuts, making the Spanish the most popular of all varieties for farm use. Pound, 30 cents; 4 pounds, \$1.00; postpaid. Write for quantity prices.

Tennessee Red (No. 293) This variety is grown most successfully in Tennessee and Virginia, where the soil seems especially adapted to them. They should be grown on sandy soil located especially for peanuts, otherwise they will produce many pops. They are probably the richest and best flavored peanut that grows and are especially valuable for eating either raw or parched. The color of the nut is red, slightly blunt at the end, growing 3 to 4 in a pod. Pound 30c; 4 pounds, 95c; postpaid. 10-lb. lots, not prepaid, 25c per lb.; 50-lb. lots at 20c; 100-lb. lots at 18c. Write for quantity prices when ready to buy.

Virginia Jumbo (No. 294) This variety is grown in a limited way in this section and is used mostly for parching. This section seems to be quite well adapted for producing this variety. I would advise your planting a small acreage for home. Pound, 30 cents; 4 pounds, 95 cents; postpaid. 10-lb. lots, not prepaid, 25 cents per lb.; 50-lb. lots at 20 cents; 100-lb. lots at 18c. Write for quantity prices when ready to buy.

Spanish Peanuts (No. 300) While not as large as other kinds, there is no peanut grown that so completely fills the pod or can compare with it in sweetness and flavor. They can be grown closer than most varieties and are more easily cultivated and gathered, as the nuts, which are clustered around the base of the plant, cling firmly to the roots. Pound, 30c; 4 pounds, 95c; postpaid. Ten-pound lots, not prepaid, 20c; 50-lb. lots at 17c; 100-lb. lots at \$15.00. Write for quantity prices when ready to buy.



Lee's Improved Spanish Peanuts

ALFALFA (No. 245)

Most of the failures to secure a good stand of Alfalfa are directly traceable to worthless seed, sold at low enticing prices.

Whether it is courage or discretion that is lacking in so many farmers when it comes to buying the very best seed, would be difficult to state. It nevertheless remains a fact that many thousand farmers annually lose their stands or secure a poor catch by using questionable or southern grown seed. Alfalfa will grow and flourish in every state in the Union, producing from two to four cuts per acre. This I consider a most valuable clover. It is especially productive in the south and if you have failed in Alfalfa in the past, it is either from the fact that you have planted poor seed or at the wrong time, however, Alfalfa Clover does not do well on all varieties of land.

The plant has a deep root and does especially well on bottom land, but will not thrive on hillside land where the land is thin and the roots are unable to secure sufficient moisture to produce a good crop. The fact that Alfalfa is a deep rooted clover, puts it in position to withstand excessive heat, that is the reason the crops in the South are so successful and sure. Once established it lasts for years. Requires but little attention and is one of the farm's most profitable crops. It thrives well where the soil is deep enough for the feeding roots to penetrate. Can be sown in the fall or spring. Should be sown on land that has already been inoculated for Alfalfa or the seed should be inoculated before sown. Alfalfa is just about as nutritious hay as you can grow, and once well established and cared for it's there to stay, that is, on land where water is not too near the surface.

We have known in this section where Alfalfa Clover has furnished four cuttings a year and sometimes five, producing 5 tons per acre. The hay usually brings more on the market than any other variety. Do you know any better paying farming than this?

Alfalfa roots penetrate the ground to 10, 12, even 30 feet. They bring up plant food that no other crop can ever reach. These are the reasons why Alfalfa is permanent. Most of our Alfalfa seed runs 99.60 pure and about 98 per cent germination. If you are offered Alfalfa seed at a low price, would advise you to send sample to Washington for testing. The Department of Agriculture will tell you the quality from the small sample you send them. Grasses and clovers fluctuate and change prices from time to time. We sell only the highest grade Alfalfa seed on the market. Sow broadcast in February or September at the rate of 20 to 25 lbs. per acre. You can depend upon my seed. **Pound, postpaid, 45 cents. Ten pounds or over, not prepaid, about 30 cents per pound. Write for special prices when ready to buy.**

Alsike Clover (No. 246)

Alsike is exceptionally leafy, frequently producing as much hay as Mammoth Clover. It is admirably suited to the cold as well as the hot climate. On many soils it produces good crops, on which Red Clover will not grow. Alsike is the most hardy, of all Clovers. It withstands the severest cold and does not readily winter-kill or heave out of the ground with frost, and readily reseeds itself. It is apparently the only Clover that will thrive on moist soil. It grows about 2 or 3 feet high. The stems are thinner than those of Red Clover, the leaves are numerous, making hay of a finer texture. The blossoms are purplish pink. The feeding value of the hay fairly equals that of Alfalfa.

This Clover prefers damp, moist, loamy soil, but grows fairly well on stiff clays. It is often mixed with Red Top as a permanent pasture for damp soils. We have sold Alsike Clover seed in this section for 10 years without a single complaint. It is steadily becoming more popular. **Pound, postpaid, 45 cents. Write for special prices on quantity lots. Present price, about 25 cents per pound.**

White Clover (No. 247)

Most all permanent lawn and pasture mixtures contain some White Clover and make good grazing for cattle and sheep. It is a creeping clover, blooms early in the spring, very suitable for lawns. It succeeds best on moist ground. If sown alone use 10 lbs. per acre, or one-half that amount with other grasses or clovers. **Best grade seed, 80 cents per pound, postpaid. Write for quantity prices.**

Red Clover (No. 248)

A perennial clover lasting for several years. Would not advise sowing this variety on low Southern land, however, it seems admirably adapted to hill land. Makes two or more cuttings of hay each season and is fine for pasture and planting in orchards. Sow seeds either in fall or spring using 12 to 15 pounds per acre. The seed I offer you is new crop, re-cleaned and of high germination and purity. **Pound, postpaid, 40 cents. Write for quantity prices when ready to buy. Present price, above 30 cents per pound.**

Alfalfa Clover

Japan Clover or Lespedeza (No. 249)

One of the most valuable Southern clovers, growing well on either rich or poor soil. On poor land it has a creeping habit: on better quality of land is hush form, making a vigorous plant, growing 12 to 18 inches high. Sow in either spring or fall about 25 pounds per acre. Harrow in, to the depth of 1½ to 2 inches, according to character of soil, then roll or firm the soil in the most convenient way. Makes good grazing. Well adapted for use as green manure by turning it under; it enriches the soil, and prevents "washing" of hill lands. Its abundant taproots and laterals decaying make the soil porous and leave in it much valuable nitrogen matter to be used by the following crops. Roots penetrate deeply, enabling the plant to bear severe dry spells, also bring up valuable plant food from the subsoil. The demand for this valuable clover is increasing. There is probably at present more of this variety of clover produced in Louisiana than any other state. It does well in this section. The seed I offer you is the highest grade. Plant in March or April. **Four-ounce packet, 20 cents; pound, 45 cents; postpaid. Write for quantity prices.**

Sweet Clover or Melilotus (No. 250)

Also known as Bokhara Clover. As a land-builder it has few equals. It resembles Alfalfa both as to appearance and habit of growth when young, however, it grows much larger than Alfalfa, often 4 to 6 feet high. It is valuable in the bringing up of old, waste and worn out soils, and thrives well even on extremely poor soil. If plowed under it adds humus and nitrogen to the soil, or if simply left to grow up and drop back for a few years the decaying stalks and roots will do wonders for the land.

The deep roots break up, aerate and drain stiff subsoils and add humus. Its feeding value is high, about equal to Alfalfa. Valuable as a pasture and in spite of its bitter taste, stock soon learn to like it. Sow early in the spring or fall at the rate of 15 to 25 lbs. per acre. **Pound, hulled or cleaned seed, postpaid, 35 cents. Write for quantity prices.**

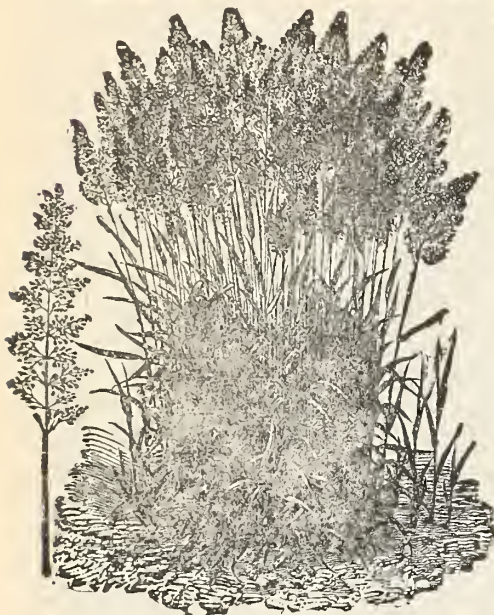
Burr Clover (No. 251)

An annual Clover much prized in the South for winter pastures. It is also used largely to inoculate fields intended for Alfalfa, as the same bacteria inhabit the roots of both plants. The greatest mission of Burr Clover, however, is to prolong the green period of Bermuda Grass. The use of Burr Clover is principally a soil improver and for pasture as there is not much to be derived from cutting and curing the hay. **Prices: Pound, 40 cents; 3 pounds for \$1.10; postpaid. Write for special market quotations on quantity lots when ready to buy.**

Crimson Clover (No. 252)

Most valuable crop for green fertilizer and ensilage. It is an annual and must be sown every year. Improves worn-out and poor soils. Should be sown in August and September. Sow it in your corn and cotton at the last working and you will have bigger crops next year. The seed I offer you is the best obtainable. **Pound, postpaid, 50 cents; 4 pounds, \$1.50. Not prepaid: 10-lb. lots, about 26 cents a lb.; 100-lb. lots, about 27 cents a lb. Write for quantity prices.**

LEE'S RELIABLE GRASS SEEDS



Red Top or Herd's Grass

Timothy (No. 260) The most valuable of all the grasses for hay, especially in the North. Thrives best on moist, light soil. It should be cut just when the blossom falls. It does not make such good pastures, but the hay crop is great where it is well adapted. Red Top or Herd's Grass and Meadow Fescue matures the same time as Timothy and do well for mixing. Sow early in the spring or fall 15 pounds per acre if alone but less if mixed with other grasses. I do not recommend this grass as a success in the Southern states. **Pound, postpaid, 25 cents. In quantity, not prepaid, about 15 cents per pound. Write for prices.**

Johnson Grass (No. 261) While considered a pest in many parts of the South, it is coming to be recognized as one of the most valuable hay and forage plants. In places where its growth can be controlled and kept from spreading into cultivated fields, there is no other grass that makes such an enormous yield of hay. It should be cut just when seed heads begin to form and furnishes about three cuttings per season. There is a great demand for the hay as it is eagerly relished by all kinds of stock and especially horses. Frost kills it in the north during winter. The feeding value of the hay is claimed to be better than Timothy. The seed may be planted in early spring or in early fall at the rate of 15 pounds per acre. Will give you permanent summer pasturage and hay crop forever. It is very hardy and no matter how close it is grazed, it will give you an excellent quality of hay on most any kind of soil. **Pound, postpaid, 30 cents. In quantity, not prepaid, about 20 cents per pound.**

Tall Meadow Oat Grass (No. 262) Grass of a rapid luxuriant growth. Grows on rich soil to the height of four feet. It withstands the heat and drought of mid-summer and the cold winter. Can be cut twice for hay in a season and will yield double as much as timothy. It is more nourishing than timothy, but not quite so fattening. Ripens same time as Orchard Grass and can be sown with Red Top. For hay, should be cut as soon as it blooms. Sow at the rate of 33 pounds per acre either in fall or spring. **Pound, postpaid, 60 cents. 10-lb. lots, at present, about 40 cents a pound, not prepaid... Write for quantity prices.**

English or Perennial Rye Grass (No. 263) This variety of grass flourishes on all kinds of soil and produces heavy crops on rich, moist land for which it is best suited. It grows rapidly, producing heavy crops the first year. It is exceptionally valuable for permanent pastures, stands close cropping, shoots up quickly. It remains green and luxuriant from very early spring until after severe frosts. Cut for hay when in bloom. A field of English Rye will last for years. Sow 40 pounds per acre. **Prices: Pound, postpaid, 35 cents. Not prepaid, 10-lb. lots, about 20 cents a pound. Write for quantity prices.**

Lee's Bermuda Grass (No. 257) Its great drought resisting ability to withstand our extreme summer heat makes this the most desirable grass for lawns in the south. It is also very valuable for pasture, succeeds well on dry arid lands where other grasses fail. It is the most valuable pasture grass in my opinion that I sell. There is probably more land seeded to Bermuda in the Southern states than any other grass. It is very fattening and liked by stock. Will not thrive in the shade and is not usually found growing in places where cotton cannot be grown successfully, in other words it winter-kills when grown north of the cotton belt. The seed is somewhat slow to germinate, takes about three weeks to come up after planted, but once up grows very rapidly and perfectly satisfactory lawns can be obtained by mid-summer if the seed is sown in the early spring. Bermuda is not an experiment, try it. One pound will sow a plot 50 by 50; 5 lbs. will seed an acre. $\frac{1}{4}$ pound packet, 25 cents; pound, 60 cents; postpaid. **Ten pounds or over, not prepaid, about 50 cents per pound.**

Red Top or Herd's Grass (No. 258) Red Top is sometimes known as Herd's Grass. It makes excellent pasturage and good crops of fine quality hay. Is especially valuable as a mixture with Clover, Timothy or Blue Grass, it flourishes everywhere. A very hardy maturing grass, probably the most permanent grass we have. I regard Red Top as the best of all tame grasses for the South. There are few farms but that have some land adapted to this grass, and you will find it a big investment to have a few acres on your farm. It thrives best on moist land, attaining a height of from 2 to 2½ feet. It is of slender growth, rather fine foliage and throws out slender, spreading heads. Sow ten pounds per acre. **Pound, postpaid, 40 cents (fancy re-cleaned seed). In quantity, about 30 cents per pound, not prepaid. Write for prices.**

Orchard Grass (No. 259) An exceptionally valuable grass for pastures or hay lands and on account of its earliness, very valuable for permanent pastures. It furnishes green grass very early in the spring until late in the fall. When closely cropped it grows up quickly and is ready for grazing in a short time. When grown for hay, more than one crop can be obtained in one season, and when only one crop is cut the after growth is very heavy and gives splendid and rich pasture until late in the fall. It is very hardy and will withstand drought better than most varieties. It succeeds well in shady places, such as orchards and groves. Height, 3 feet. Blooms three weeks earlier than Timothy. Sow 28 lbs. per acre. **Pound, postpaid, 35 cents. Ten-pound lots or over, not prepaid, highest grade seed, about 25 cents per pound. Write for prices when ready to buy.**

Kentucky Blue Grass (No. 264) Kentucky Blue Grass known the world over for its rich verdure which is the basis of all good lawn grasses. Where Blue Grass can be sown successfully, the hay crop is of such excellent quality that all cattle relish it and fatten. It carries its verdure into winter longer than most grasses and is out very early in the spring.

It grows best on good rich, light and dry land and is especially valuable as a pasture grass. It remains small the first year but becomes fully established the second year. It is a hardy perennial, improving every year. If sown by itself for a meadow or pasture use 28 lbs. per acre. **Pound, postpaid, 60 cents. In quantity, not prepaid, about 40 cents per pound. Write for prices.**

Italian Rye Grass (No. 265) Recommended particularly for fall planting, but can be planted in the spring. When sown in the fall, two or three cuttings can be made. It is one of the quickest growing of all grasses, has tender stalks and leaves in abundance. When mixed with Bermuda it is a valuable addition to winter lawns. Sow about 45 lbs. per acre. **Price: 30 cents per pound, postpaid. Not prepaid, 10-lb. lots, about 15 cents a pound. Write for quantity prices.**

Meadow Fescue (No. 266) A valuable grass for planting in the Southern Central and Western states. Well adapted for permanent pastures and meadows. Sow 20 to 30 pounds per acre. **Pound, postpaid, 40 cents. In quantity, about 25 cents per pound, not prepaid.**

Lee's Evergreen Lawn Grass (No. 267) The essentials for a fine lawn: First, a light, well drained soil; second, careful preparation of the ground, making it as fine and smooth as possible; third, good seed; fourth, sow at such a time as to give the young plants the chance to become well started before dry weather. No lawn can be beautiful without frequent mowing, which makes the surface fine and smooth. **Pound, 50 cents; 5 pounds, \$2.25; postpaid. Not prepaid: 10-lb. lots or over, about 50c a pound. Write for quantity prices on this fine lawn mixture.**

Lee's Permanent Pasture Mixture (No. 268) Only by testing for several years have I been able to determine the variety of the best permanent pasture grasses for this section. With this in mind, I have composed a mixture of Blue Grass, Orchard Grass, Meadow Fescue, Red Top, Tall Meadow, Italian Rye, Red Fescue, Crested Dog's Tail and English or Perennial Rye Grasses, carefully proportioned to give the best results. No Bermuda or Johnson Grass in this mixture. Sow 35 pounds to the acre. One pound of Red Clover and one pound of Alsike Clover with every 10 pounds of this mixture is sometimes beneficial. Clover seed cannot well be mixed in the grass seed evenly, so buy it separately. **Pound, 40 cents; 5 pounds, \$1.75; postpaid. Not prepaid, 10-lb. lots or over, 30 cents per pound. Write for quantity prices when ready to buy.**

Mammoth Yellow Soy Beans

(No. 269) Soy bean hay contains a high per cent of protein, is superior to cow-peas in feeding value and as a milk and butter producer is equal to alfalfa and superior to cotton seed meal. The beans and the bean meal contain about 35 percent of digestible protein and stock eat them with relish and thrive on them. Hogs fed on soy beans in combination with corn fatten much more economically than on corn alone—a bushel of soy beans is worth at least double as much for feed as a bushel of corn. Experiments have proven that soy beans for fattening cattle to be about 50 per cent greater value than cow-peas. They make an excellent winter feed for young cattle, sheep and horses when fed with roughage.

Soy beans may be planted with other crops, yielding a larger crop of forage. Planted with cow-peas makes a good combination, the beans supporting the pea-vines. Plant half-bushel soy beans to one bushel cow-peas to the acre. Soy beans and corn is another well recommended combination, the beans being planted in the hill with the corn, or in every other hill or every other row, depending on the proportion wanted in the feed.

Be sure to inoculate the seeds with soy bean bacteria. Not only will you have assurance of a surer stand but a better crop and the succeeding crop will have the benefit of the nitrogen stored in the bean roots.

Soy beans will grow on all kinds of soils. As a milk and butter producer they are equal to alfalfa and superior to cotton seed meal. Drought and excessive rainfall affect them less than cow-peas. It is one of the easiest crops to grow and harvest. They make a rich and nutritious hay and one of the cheapest. They require no fertilizers except acid phosphate. On heavy soil they should not be planted more than 1½ inches deep except in dry seasons. On light sandy soils plant deeper, but not more than 3 inches. When sown broadcast sow 1 to 1½ bushels to the acre; in drills about a peck to the acre. Plant in April, May or June. Packet, 10c; lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 45c; postpaid, 10-lb. lots or over, not prepaid, about 8c per lb. Write for quantity prices.

Write for Quantity Prices on Field Seed

I sell these seeds according to market prices the day you buy. As soon as you are ready to buy, write me what you want and I will quote lowest prices and give freight or express rates to your station. Use special Quotation Sheet in back of catalog.



Mammoth Yellow Soy Beans

Dwarf Essex Rape (No. 270) The economical pasture crop, fattens sheep without grain. A thick and cheaply grown pasture for sheep, hogs, cattle and poultry. Ready in 6 to 8 weeks from sowing. Formerly rape was grown especially for sheep and lambs, but in recent years it has been found equally good for providing pasture for all kinds of stock. It has been estimated to yield more than 10 tons of green forage per acre that, for fattening is claimed to be worth, pound for pound, double the value of clover. It is often recommended sown in corn at the rate of 3 to 4 lbs. of seed per acre at the last working. An acre of rape will easily pasture twenty hogs for two months. Do not turn stock into a rape pasture when they are hungry, nor when the rape is wet, as it may induce bloating; allow them to remain a short while the first day, and increase the time each succeeding day. Give stock access to salt while feeding on rape; they should also have hay or straw convenient in case of bloat.

Sow as early as the land can be made ready, the earlier the better, but sowings as late as April have been very successful. Sow either broadcast or in drills 18 inches to 2 feet apart; when grown in drills and cultivated occasionally, the leaves will cover the intervening space; this method is a fine weed killer. Allow 8 to 10 weeks for it to attain its maximum growth. I consider rape one of the most inexpensive and most profitable crops that can be raised. The seed I offer is the Dwarf Essex, which I import direct from England where rape seed of this variety is best produced. Pound, postpaid, 30 cents. Not prepaid, 10-pound lots, 16 cents a pound; 100 pounds at 14 cents per pound.



Dwarf Essex Rape—The Quick Green Forage and Grazing Plant

Vetch (No. 271) The planting of vetch in the south is growing rapidly, as its merits and value are becoming better known. The fact that it can be sown in corn and cotton at the last working; covers the ground during the winter, preventing the leaching of valuable plant food; affords splendid grazing in the early spring, and can then be cut for hay or turned under in time to put in another crop on the same land, should commend it to every farmer in the south. It is eagerly relished by all kinds of stock. It furnishes splendid grazing during the early spring, and if not grazed too long, will produce a heavy crop of hay. When in bloom bees make more than double as much honey as at any other time in the year. Vetch honey is white and clear and of excellent quality.

Vetch reseeds itself, coming year after year from a single sowing. Grows surprisingly well on poor, thin land, and will stand extremes of cold, heat and drought. It may be sown in the fall or spring. It never winter-kills. When sown with oats, plant 20 lbs. of Vetch seed to the acre, with 1 to 1½ bushels Rust-Proof Oats to hold the vines off the ground and make the cutting easier. Genuine Winter or Hairy Vetch, by mail, postpaid, 40 cents per pound. Quantity prices, not prepaid, about 28 cents a pound. Write for prices when ready to buy.

Incubators and Brooders

I carry a complete stock of Buckeye Incubators and Brooders. If you are interested, please write for special Incubator and Brooder Catalog. I have sold these Incubators for years, and if you are going to buy an Incubator you should investigate this make. This Incubator is fully guaranteed to give satisfaction.

Iowa Silver Mine (No. 237)

There is no variety of corn that will grow so well and so generally make a good crop under favorable conditions as the Silver Mine. The change of location seems in no way to diminish the yield or impair the quality of this variety when grown from good seed. For 20 years I have sold this variety through the different Southern States without a single complaint. Every section has produced good crops and proven its value.

So general is the distribution of this variety and so universal the success of planters that without hesitancy, I recommend the Iowa Silver Mine variety for all corn planters, except possibly the extreme North of the cotton belt. My stock is procured from a grower from whom I have purchased this variety for the past 20 years. It is tested for germination and in first class condition for seed before being shipped, that is the reason I have made such a wonderful success in this variety. There is a prejudice in the minds of some farmers against white corn. In the markets, however, usually white corn sells at a premium. The stalk grows to a height of about 7 to 8 feet and sets the ears about $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 feet from the ground, just the right height for easy pulling. Every one has an ear, many stalks having two or three ears. Ears measure from 10 to 12 inches in length and weighing $1\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. are often found. The ears are uniform in size and shape with usually 18 rows of deep, pure white kernels set on a small, white cob, well filled out over the tips. It is early, maturing in 95 days. The cob dries so rapidly that it is ready for market earlier than any other large white field corn. **Packet, 10 cents; pound, 25 cents; 2 lbs., 45 cents; postpaid. Not prepaid: 14 lbs. (peck), 80 cents; 56 lbs. (bushel), \$2.50.**

Champion White Pearl (No. 238)

An early, pure white variety maturing about 10 days earlier than the Iowa Silver Mine. It is the most productive of any of the extra early varieties of corn. The cob is white, medium size, heavy and long with rows set close together. Under unfavorable conditions, however, it will not produce as heavily as the Iowa Silver Mine, but its earliness makes it a very desirable corn, it is also used extensively for roasting ears. I have sold this variety for the past 15 years with excellent success. The kernels are somewhat rounder at the top than those of the Silver Mine, also the corn is more of a flinty nature, however, as above stated it is an excellent variety to plant for an early crop as it is almost sure to mature before a drought in the arid sections. **Packet, 10c; pound, 25c; 2 lbs., 45c; postpaid. Not prepaid: 14 lbs. (peck), 80c; 56 lbs., (bushel), \$2.50.**

Legal Tender (No. 239)

The deepest and purest yellow extra early corn in existence, maturing in about 95 days. The Legal Tender corn can be planted in almost any section where corn is grown successfully. Ears of good size and symmetrical. Color is a bright, golden yellow; grain is very deep red, cob therefore matures quickly in the field.

If you want a good top market price for corn, just shell a load of Legal Tender with a machine that will clean out the trash and cobs and you will have number one yellow corn. It has color, depth of grain, and soundness necessary to pass the closest inspection. Twenty pounds of ear corn of this variety usually make 62 to 63 lbs. of shelled corn. The appearance being so attractive, the color so beautiful and so fine in depth and quality of grain, it is a favorite with all farmers who desire an early yellow corn. In the past 20 years that I have been selling corn in this section, I have probably sold more of this variety than any other with the possible exception of the Iowa Silver Mine. I have no hesitancy in recommending this variety to the most critical planters in any of the Southern States. **Packet, 10 cents; pound, 25 cents; 2 lbs., 45 cents; postpaid. Not prepaid: 14 lbs. (peck), 80 cents; 56 lbs. (bushel), \$2.50.**

Hickory King (No. 240)

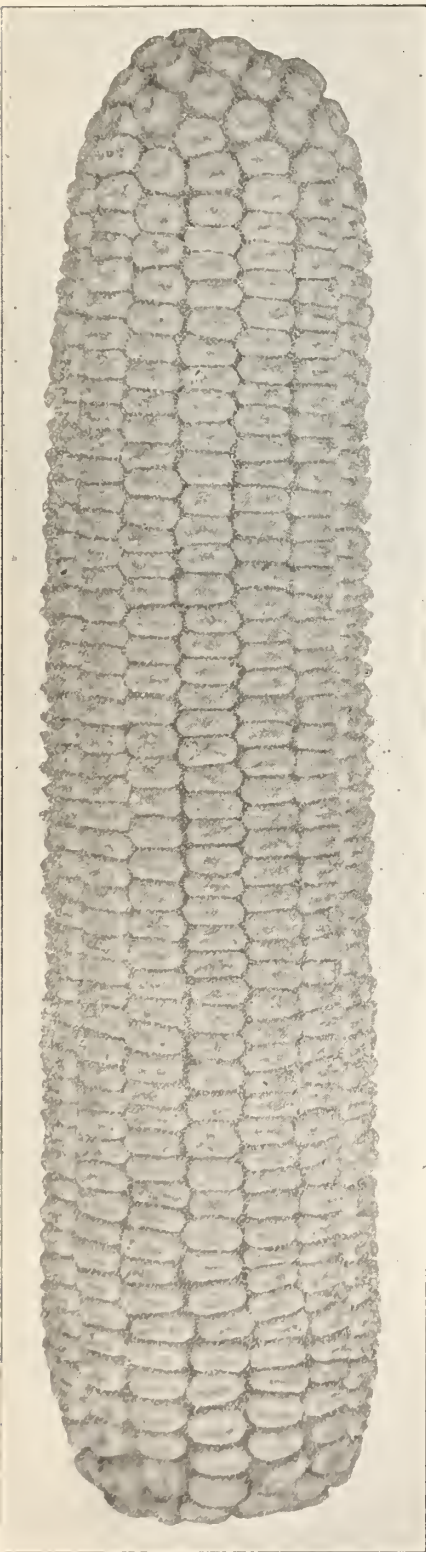
If you have thin up-land, there is no corn that will give you as good results as Hickory King. Agricultural Experiment Stations highly recommend Hickory King for thin up-land. No other corn will produce anything like the number of bushels to the acre on this kind of land as the true stock Hickory King. I carefully select this corn for seed purposes and it is one of the best varieties of corn grown in this section. The ears are small, having eight rows firmly set upon a very small cob. In true stock, the grain will about cover the cob in its largest place. Owing to the small cob, the yield per acre exceeds what one would expect. The stalk grows rather small and thus permits a thick stand. For early purposes this corn has no equal. **Packet, 10c; lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 45c, postpaid. Not prepaid: 14 lbs. (peck), \$1.00; 56 lbs. (bushel), \$3.50.**

Trucker's Favorite (No. 80)

This variety is increasing in demand in this section and I recommend it as the best variety of its kind of for roasting ears. It is earlier than the White Pearl, maturing in about 75 days. It is a universal favorite among large truckers. Trucker's Favorite evidently is a cross between the White Pearl and Early Adams and really produces the first early roasting ears of good size that are marketed by market gardeners, consequently a valuable corn for the market gardener or farmer if he wishes to produce a crop earlier than the White Pearl and slightly later than the Early Adams where real corn of good size is wanted. The fact that roasting ears can be marketed from Trucker's Favorite early and from the fact that the ears commercially are about as large as White Pearl, it therefore places the market gardener in position whereby he can secure the highest price for early corn before the late varieties mature and flood the market. **Packet, 10c; pound, 30c; 2 lbs., 50c; postpaid. Not prepaid: 14 lbs. (peck), \$1.25; 56 lbs. (bushel), \$4.50.**

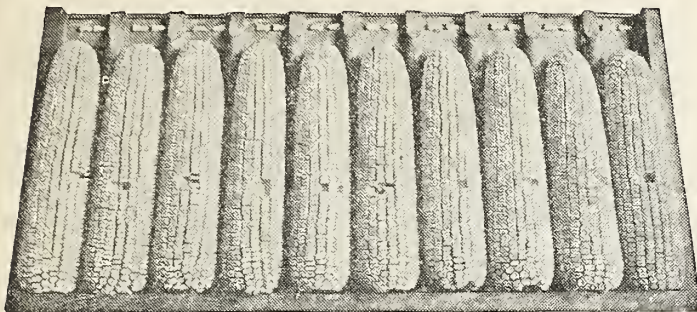
LEE'S BIG YELLOW DENT (No. 242)

This variety was introduced by me some 12 years ago from Missouri. It has given better satisfaction as a main crop corn than any I have sold. It matures in about 110 days; cob is long, red, and rather small, the kernel being long, narrow, deep yellow, rather soft and much liked by stock. This variety is the heaviest yielder of any corn that I have ever sold. I have endeavored to keep it pure and in so doing have created a demand among corn planters in this section. It is a perfectly safe corn to plant and may be grown anywhere that Iowa Silver Mine will produce. It will produce good crops in unfavorable seasons when other corn will fail. Don't let your prejudice prevent you from planting some of this seed on account of late maturity, however, I do not recommend that this corn be planted on thin up-land where the early varieties might mature more quickly, thereby escaping a possible drought. To produce a good crop of matured corn it usually requires heavy bottom land sufficient to carry moisture enough to mature the corn through a dry season. **Packet, 10 cents; pound, 25 cents; 2 lbs., 45 cents; postpaid. Not prepaid: 14 lbs. (peck), \$1.00; 56 lbs. (bushel), \$3.50.**



Iowa Silver Mine Corn

LEE'S ST. CHARLES WHITE CORN



THE
FINEST
LARGE
WHITE
HEAVY
LAND
CORN
FOR THE
SOUTH

Lee's Improved St. Charles White Corn

(No. 243) Lee's Improved St. Charles White Corn is known throughout the South as a standard large red cob corn. It is a good yielder and especially adapted to bottom land. The stalks are large and tall growing, bearing from one to two large ears. This corn was introduced by us in 1912. It gained popularity from the first and is now considered to be the best heavy land white corn. It has made yields not exceeded by any other variety. From many sections customers reporting as high as 80 to 85 bushels to the acre. While not recommended for thin land, I believe it to be the best corn for a general crop on bottom or heavy unland. This variety of corn has succeeded admirably in Northern Arkansas where our seed stocks are produced. This variety seems to succeed especially well in that section, it is also grown in large quantities in the Mississippi valley bottom and the section extending from Cairo, Illinois, to New Orleans, Louisiana. The grains are long and white and set on a long red cob. Ears are remarkably large. I recommend this variety as being superior to any other variety of white corn for heavy bottom land. It withstands drought remarkably well. **Packet, 10c; pound 25c; 2 lbs., 45c; postpaid. Not prepaid: 14 lbs. (peck), \$1.00; 56 lbs. (bushel), \$3.50.**

Lee's Mexican June Corn (No. 244)

I can recall when the planting of June Corn was somewhat of an experiment and was planted only in a limited way, but of late years I have had a very large sale of this variety of corn.

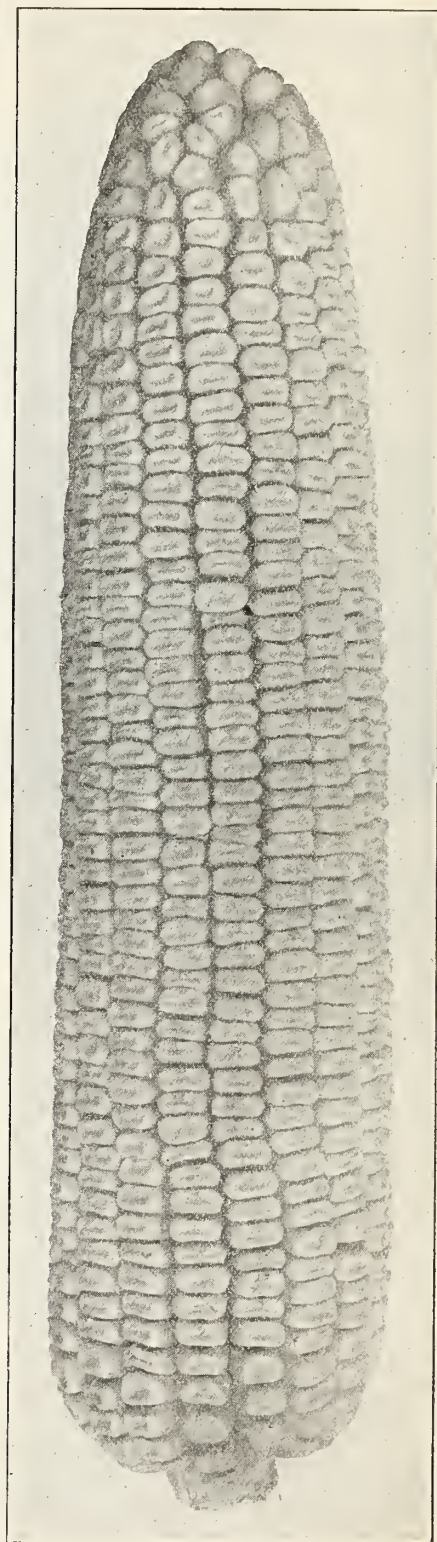
Very seldom it misses making a crop, which in itself is valuable, but large returns are frequently received when sold for roasting ears, being especially adapted for this purpose. I feel very much encouraged to know that I was one of the first to introduce the original stock from Mexico. You can depend on my stock being of the very best type of this corn. I do not advise planting before June 1st. It is filling a distinct place in the cotton states as a general corn crop, and one to fill in, on late planting.

It is a great drought resister and usually if there is enough moisture to sprout the seed, the crop is assured. If wanted mostly for forage or ensilage, plant in April or May. Early planting makes stalks 12 to 15 feet high; leaves 4 to 6 feet long; ears 8 to 9 inches long; grains short to medium and cobs medium in size.

Ears of Mexican June Corn have mostly white grains, but dark blue and red grains often number sometimes only one or three to the ear. This apparent mixture of color is peculiar to many varieties of Mexican corn. I offer my trade two varieties: the White Mexican June, also the White and Blue, but as above stated there is very little or any difference in these two varieties and when I do not have the White in stock, I fill my orders with the White and Blue which we consider identical. Apparently, there are two varieties of Mexican June Corn. Originally when I imported Mexican June Corn from Mexico, I received one shipment of seed corn, some of the stalks from which grew to a height of 20 feet and more. This lot of seed was very unsatisfactory to my trade and I found upon investigation through our broker at El Paso that there were two varieties of Mexican June Seed Corn produced in Mexico and the tall growing variety was not satisfactory in the United States for seed crops. This variety might do for ensilage, but as very little of our Mexican seed is grown for ensilage purposes, therefore we proceeded to select and raise our own Mexican June Seed Corn, which is now produced in Oklahoma being the dwarf variety such as my trade requires. My seed of this variety of seed corn, has been sold in all the Southern States from which I have an extensive demand and has given entire satisfaction. Acclimated and grown in this section, it will make a crop without rain provided it is not so dry that the seed will not come up. In other words I usually advise my customers that if they can get a stand of Lee's Mexican June Seed Corn they are almost sure to produce a good crop without any additional rain, irrespective of how hot and dry the season may be. I recommend Lee's Mexican June Seed Corn to my trade generally through the Southern States for late planting in June or July for a corn crop or earlier if ensilage is wanted. **Packet, 10 cents; pound, 25 cents; 2 lbs., 45 cents; postpaid. Not prepaid: 14 lbs. (peck), 90 cents; 56 lbs. (bushel), \$3.00.**

Write for Quantity Prices on Field Seeds

I sell these seeds according to market prices the day you buy. As soon as you are ready to buy, write me what you want and I will quote you lowest prices and give you freight or express rates to your station. Use Special Quotation Sheet in back of catalog.



Lee's Mexican June Corn



Sudan Grass

Lee's Sudan Grass

(No. 272) Sudan has perhaps more sterling merit than any annual grass known. The foliage and hay is greatly relished by stock and it has an exceptional high feeding value. It withstands and flourishes in extreme drought and adapts itself to most all soils. It is a great stooler, upwards of one hundred stems frequently shoot up from one seed. Sudan sometimes grows as high as nine feet when planted in rows and cultivated and four to five feet when sown broadcast exceeding all other grass in yield, often five to seven tons are cut per acre, seldom running less than four tons. Two to three crops are cut per season and as a catch crop Sudan is fully equal to millet. My customers are pleased with the vigor of my Sudan Grass seed which is free from Johnson Grass. It has a shallow root system similar to corn and as the name implies, originally came from Sudan Central Africa. The hay grows strictly erect, the quality is exceptionally high, chemical analysis showing it to be the same feeding value as timothy, Johnson Grass and millet. It is nutritious, palatable and highly relished by stock. It is easily cut with a mower and cures readily. It should be cut after full bloom. After cutting it resumes growing promptly and in about 40 to 45 days another cutting is ready. It has everything in the way of a forage crop I have ever seen in this section backed clear off the boards. Sudan should not be planted until the soil becomes warm in spring. It can be sown anytime in summer 70 to 75 days ahead of frost. If sown in rows it should be planted 18 inches apart and this way it requires 3 to 5 pounds to plant an acre. On good soil where there is plenty of moisture it can be sown broadcast at from 15 to 20 pounds of seed per acre. If sown in drills it can be cultivated and should be if the crop is being wanted for seed. I can best describe it by saying that it has all the good qualities of Johnson Grass with more of its own added and while it looks like a tall growing strain of Johnson Grass it does not have the bad quality as it is an annual the same as any of the tame grasses and must be planted every year. My trade on this seed has doubled for the past three years and on account of the ease with which a crop can be produced and the ease with which this enormous amount of feed can be raised I look for a very heavy demand this season. Try at least a few acres this year, you will plant more next. Price, $\frac{1}{4}$ pound, 15c; pound, 40c; postpaid. By Express or Freight, not prepaid, 10 pounds at 25c per pound; in 100-lb. lots at 20c per pound. Prices subject to change without notice. Write for prices.

FETERITA --- The Drought Resister

(No. 273) Feterita has proven the best foliage crop for dry lands known today. It produces a stalk of medium height and size, bearing 10 to 12 leaves of medium size and a large head well filled with pure white or bluish white seeds. The grain is larger than milo and as soft and much whiter than kaffir. Its feeding value is equal to either milo or kaffir and does not contain the dust that accompany the other two. It has been known to produce excellent crops without receiving any rain from the day it was planted until harvested. It stands erect, matures about 25 days earlier than kaffir and yields from 40 to 60 bushels per acre. Two crops per year can be produced in this section. Feterita is used extensively for poultry feeding and is considered the best of its class. Packet, 10c; pound, 25c; postpaid. In lots of 10 pounds or over, not prepaid, about 10 cents a pound. Write for quantity prices.

Yellow Milo Maize (No. 274) Yellow Milo Maize produces large quantities of good green fodder, stools from the seed is an excellent fattener and relished by cattle, hogs and poultry. It is a species of kaffir corn and is planted, cultivated and harvested in the same manner. Pound, 25c; 5 pounds, \$1.00; postpaid. In ten-pound lots or over, not prepaid, about 10c per pound.

Lee's Early White Seeded Kaffir Corn (No. 275) This grain matures in about 130 days, grows 5 to 7 feet high making a straight upward growth. It has a strong stem with wide leaves, remaining green until the heads are full matured. The stalk contains considerable sweet sap. It does well everywhere and is enormously productive. It is especially liked by horses, cattle and poultry and produces seed in great abundance which is rich, nutritious and fattening as corn. Kaffir Corn is especially valuable for dry land farming. For grain sow in rows $3\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart using 6 to 8 pounds per acre. For hay or pasture sow 25 to 50 pounds to the acre in drills or 75 pounds broadcast. Packet, 10c; pound, 25c; 5 pounds, \$1.00; postpaid. In quantity, not prepaid, about 10c per pound. Write for quantity prices.

Broom Corn (No. 276) Broom corn can be grown where corn grows and requires the same cultivation. The seed makes good feed the same as corn. The stalk is of little feeding value. It is never planted for forage and does fairly well in this section when planted for brooms. Plant in drills 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart, the plants 2 to 3 inches apart in the rows. Ten pounds of the seed will plant an acre. Packet 10 cents; pound, 30 cents; postpaid. In 10-pound lots or over, not prepaid, about 15 cents per pound. Write for quantity prices.

Mammoth Russian Sunflower (No. 277) Sunflower is peculiarly suited to dry seasons producing immense tonnage under favorable conditions. Especially valuable for poultry and parrot feed. Plant at corn planting time with ordinary grain drill in 36 inch rows, 4 to 5 inches apart, 5 pounds of seed to the acre. Packet, 10 cents; pound, 25 cents; postpaid. Ten pounds or over, not prepaid, 13 cents per pound.



Feterita—The Drought Resister

My Acala No. 5 Cotton Seed

Acala No. 5, the standard variety for this section, has large five lock bolls; fifty will make a pound; produces $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches staple, is "storm proof" and does not drop out of the boll; gives a good "turn out," 1,450 pounds of seed cotton makes a 500-pound bale; produces a strong staple of excellent texture and good drag, for which it is especially desirable and the best of all demands a better price on the market than the same grade of other varieties generally grown. During the present season, when there was little or no demand for medium or short staple cotton, the Acala was selling readily to foreign buyers and eastern spinners, and during the recent sudden advance Acala No. 5 commanded a premium of from 2 to 3 cents a pound. In this vicinity it has displaced nearly all the standard varieties for the above reasons. Acala No. 5 cotton is not an experiment in this section, the cotton having been sold for a premium the past three years. Then why not stop experimenting and plant Acala No. 5 cotton seed, a variety that has been tested out beyond any experimental stage. After my 21 years of experience in supplying cotton seed in this vicinity, I unhesitatingly recommend my Acala No. 5 as the best for you to plant on bottom land.

In the shape of the plant, in the type of the boll, and especially in the quality of the lint, Acala No. 5 is distinct from all other varieties. It meets a distinct agricultural need in maturing, somewhat earlier than Lone Star or other big-boll cottons. I regard Acala as one of the best of the Semi-Long Staple varieties. The original stock was obtained by the United States Department of Agriculture in Southern Mexico in 1906. The preliminary development was carried on in Southern Texas between 1907 and 1911. The present strain, adapted to Northern conditions, is from the original field. Probably the largest single acreage (1,100 acres) of Acala cotton in the Northern Cotton Belt was grown on the breeding farms of Mr. James M. Littlefield at Braden, Oklahoma (near Fort Smith), which Cotton Seed I offer. This seed has been grown with the greatest care, ginned by special machinery, exclusively used, owned and operated by Mr. Littlefield on his farm for the ginning of this seed. I have visited Mr. Littlefield's farms, noted carefully the method in which he selects his seed, and recommend it as being first quality and dependable in every respect. Lint $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches, usually $1\frac{1}{2}$ full, with good drag and extra strong; clear white, without creamy tint. Percentage of lint 32 to 35.

Prices Acala No. 5 Cotton, pound, postpaid, 20 cents; 3 pounds, postpaid, 50 cents; 10 pounds, not prepaid, \$1.00; single bushel (thirty-two pounds), not prepaid, \$2.50. In lots of two bushels or over, not prepaid, \$2.25 per bushel. Write for quantity prices.

The Cotton Seed Outlook for 1923

From all indications it seems that first class cotton seed for planting this season will be short. This is accounted for by the extreme dry weather and the destruction by the army worm, the past season. While there will probably be enough seed for everybody I would suggest that you place your order as soon as you know the quantity of seed you will need.

Mebane Triumph Cotton

Owing to the scarcity of good cotton seed this year, I have only a limited amount of this variety to offer. This seed was grown in the vicinity of Fort Smith and has not been exposed to boll weevil or army worm. It has been grown by two of our best cotton growers and carefully ginned. The seed that I offer produced a bale of cotton to the acre, the staple averaging from $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches. I find that the Improved Mebane cotton has become very popular with our planters on account of its earliness and staple, combining all the good qualities of the early varieties and at the same time producing a staple which is very acceptable to buyers. It is especially adapted for this section and can be planted successfully on all lands except heavy bottom land. The Improved Mebane Triumph cotton seed was first offered by Mr. Mebane three years ago in a very limited way. Last

year we were fortunate in securing a carload and from this carload of original seed I have secured my planting seed this season. The originator has been breeding up the original Mebane variety for the past eight years, endeavoring to retain the earliness of maturity and at the same time perfecting a longer staple, which he has succeeded in doing. Mebane Triumph cotton is becoming more popular each year and I would advise anybody who is not satisfied with the cotton they are growing at the present time to give this excellent variety a trial. If you are going to plant this variety I would advise you placing your order early, as my stocks are limited. Pound, 20 cents; 3 pounds, 50 cents; postpaid. Not prepaid: 10 pounds, \$1.25; one bushel (32 lbs.), \$3.00. In lots of two bushels or over, \$2.75 per bushel.

Lee's Northern Grown Big Boll Rowden

One of the best varieties that has been developed is the famous Rowden cotton, which has been developed to such an extent that quality is economy. This cotton is not only being kept up to its present high standard, but is being improved each year by the latest and most scientific methods of plant breeding. The staple is strong and silky, the length running from 1 to $1\frac{1}{4}$ inches, governed by the soil and climatic conditions. It is of early growth and maturity and can exist on as little rainfall as any known variety.

The stalk being deep rooted, the stalks and bolls are large, five pods and storm proof, and this feature of large bolls is a decided help in getting cotton pickers. Although the cotton crop of Arkansas is generally good, many planters have failed on account of poor seed. This condition is due in part

to poor development of this seed and to the effects of unfavorable weather in some localities. However, the most serious condition is due to the mixture of inferior varieties of cotton grown in many sections, which causes heavy losses to farmers annually. The Rowden cotton seed that I offer was grown near Fort Smith by an expert cotton grower, saved, ginned and cleaned under the most improved methods.

Rowden cotton brings a good price in the market and you are taking no chances in planting this well known variety. The last few years I have been unable to obtain enough seed of this variety of cotton seed to supply my customers. If you are going to plant Rowden this year, order early so you will not be disappointed.

Prices Pound, 20 cents; 3 pounds, 45 cents; postpaid. Not prepaid: 10 pounds, \$1.00; one bushel (32 lbs.), \$2.25. In lots of two bushels or over, \$2.00 per bushel.



Acala Cotton Picked Over Once

Insect Destroyers and Fungus Remedies

BUG DEATH

The finest preparation of its kind on the market. I listed Bug Death for the first time last year and I sold more of it than all the other bug killing preparations of its kind. In fact it was so satisfactory that I have decided to list it only this year. It is sure death to chewing insects on potatoes, tomatoes, squash, cucumbers, melons, cabbage, celery, strawberries, carrots and other plants. It does not injure the plant or its regular growth as does Paris Green, Arsenate of Lead or other poisons that are sold for bug killing. In fact, it acts as a fertilizer when applied right, something that cannot be said of any other bug killing preparation. It can be used without harm to plants, trees, birds, stock or human beings. It does not "burn" the plants like Paris Green or similar preparations. Many of my customers wrote me last season stating that they had tried a great many bug killing preparations but that Bug Death was the best they had ever used. Don't wait until the bugs have settled upon your garden before you order Bug Death. Have it on hand so you will be ready for the bug family when they arrive. Postpaid Prices on Bug Death. Pound, 35 cents; 3 pounds, 75 cents; 5 pounds, \$1.00; 12½ pounds, \$2.10; postpaid. By express or freight, not prepaid: pound, 20c; 3 pounds, 55c; 5 pounds, 70 cents; 12½ pounds, \$1.30; 100-pound keg, \$9.00.



Dry Bordeaux Mixture The best preparation on the market for blight, mildew, rust and fungus diseases. It used to be sold in paste form up until a few years ago but now it is made almost exclusively in the dry powdered form. It can be applied in the powdered form or by mixing with water. Use 4 to 6 lbs. to 50 gallons of water when a spray is desired. One-pound box, 60 cents; 5-pound box, \$2.25; postpaid.

Dry Lime-Sulphur Lime-Sulphur is a scale and fungus destroyer for fall, winter and early spring spray. It destroys San Jose Scale, Peach Leaf Curl, Bud Moth, Apple Aphis, Blister Mite and any scale insect or bark lice. It dissolves immediately in cold water, making a solution that adheres to foliage for the longest possible time. For spraying when the trees are dormant, 12 to 15 pounds dry lime-sulphur should be used to 50 gallons of water. Pound box, 50 cents; 5-lb. box, \$1.75; postpaid. Not prepaid: 10-lb. box, \$2.50; 25-lb. keg, \$5.00; 100-lb. keg, \$19.00.

Tobacco Dust Powdered tobacco is used on cucumbers, squash and melons to repel the striped beetle and the flea-beetles. It is often used in connection with Whale Oil Soap and Bordeaux Mixtures. Pound box, with directions, 25 cents; postpaid.

Whale Oil Soap Whale Oil Soap is an excellent wash for keeping the trunks of trees free from insects. It penetrates in the creases and destroys the eggs, also acts against any other variety of the louse family both on out-door and in-door plants. Fine for trees, shrubs, plants, vines, rose bushes, etc. Dissolve ¼ lb. in 2 gallons of water. Pound box, 45 cents; postpaid.

Phenola Phenola is a combined disinfectant and paint or whitewash. It kills lice, mites, fly eggs, etc., and is a preventative of many contagious diseases that effect poultry and live stock. When it becomes dry it is white, which makes poultry houses, stables, cellars, etc., brighter and better looking and at the same time, disinfects them. Ready for use just as soon as it is mixed with cold or hot water. Does not spoil by standing, so it can be kept on hand ready for use when wanted. Does not blister, flake or peel off as whitewash does, and it has no disagreeable odor to taint milk or other food products. One pound mixed with one gallon of water has a germicidal strength about three times stronger than a five percent solution of pure carbolic acid, which is the standard for general disinfecting purposes, but is neither poisonous nor caustic. One pound makes one gallon of paint. Pound box, 35 cents; 10-lb. box, \$2.25; postpaid.

GARDEN TOOLS

I have a complete stock of the celebrated Planet, Jr., garden tools. They are the recognized standard all over the world and guaranteed to do perfectly the work for which they are intended. The Planet, Jr., garden tools will insure results and lighten your labor. Take no risks but buy the best. If you are interested, I will be pleased to mail you a complete Planet Jr. catalog on request.

Calcium Arsenate for Boll Weevils

This preparation is a poison and cannot be sent by parcel post. Calcium Arsenate will kill boll weevils by the "dusting" method which is the only known method of killing them. It has been thoroughly tested and is recommended and endorsed by the United States Government. I have the highest grade Calcium Arsenate made and guaranteed as to government requirements for boll weevils. I have special booklets treating on the cotton boll weevil and how to apply Calcium Arsenate, free on request. Calcium Arsenate is also a standard poison for spraying apples, pears, grapes, potatoes, etc. By express or freight not prepaid: Pound box, 50 cents; 5-lb. box, \$1.75; 25-lb. keg, \$6.75.

Paris Green This preparation is a poison and cannot be sent by parcel post. Paris Green is used for potato bugs and other leaf-eating insects. While it is nearly always used as a spray it can be used as a powder by mixing with Land Plaster. One pound makes 50 gallons of spray. By Express or Freight, not prepaid: pound box, 65 cents; 2 pound box, \$1.25 cents; 5-lb. box, \$3.00; 25-lb. keg, \$15.00.

Dry Arsenate of Lead This preparation is a poison and cannot be sent by parcel post. Arsenate of Lead kills leaf-eating insects, such as attack trees, shrubbery, flowers and vegetables. It can be used as a powder or mixed with water and used as a spray. By Express or Freight, not prepaid: pound box, 60 cents; 5-lb. box, \$2.25; 25-lb. keg, \$7.50.

Plant Food (V.-C.) A fine plant food for vegetables, lawns, flowers and house plants. It promotes quick and luxuriant growth, giving to the flowers, rich, brilliant colors and to the foliage, a rich, deep, green color. It is highly concentrated and contains the three essential plant foods, Nitrogen, Phosphoric Acid, and Potash in a thoroughly soluble and assimilable form. It contains also a liberal percentage of humus, which loosens the soil, enables it to retain moisture, and yields prolifically. Can be used dry or dissolved in water. It is odorless. Comes in cans with sifter tops. Full directions on every can. Pound can, 35 cents; 2-lb. can, 55 cents; 5-lb. can, \$1.00; postpaid.

"Acre-An-Hour" Sifter For applying Bug Death and other insecticides evenly and economically in the dry powdered form. It will cover instantly and perfectly a plant 3 inches or 3 feet in diameter as fast as a man can walk. This sifter is very simple, with nothing about it to wear out or get out of order. Each, 75 cents; postpaid.

Dickey Duster A splendid little duster for applying Bug Death and other insecticides in powder form. Just the thing for small gardens. Price, 50 cents; postpaid.

Cyclone Seed Sower A seed sower every farmer can afford. It has proven thousands of times that it is the most accurate, most convenient to operate and economical machine for sowing Clover, Timothy, Alfalfa and all other farm seeds that can be sown broadcast. It runs easily and will distribute any desired quantity of seed per acre. The slope feed-board, an important feature found only in the Cyclone Seeder, gives the seed a gravity flow and always keeps the hopper outlet properly filled without tilting the machine. The Cyclone Seeder also has an automatic feed adjustment, adjustable gears, and many other good points which make it a very desirable seeder. It will quickly repay the owner its original cost in the saving of seed and labor and no farmer, knowing its great value, would he without one for many times the price asked for it. Price, \$2.40; postpaid.



SPRAY PUMPS

I have a complete line of the famous Myer's spray pumps in stock. They are positively the highest grade spray pumps on the market today. They are perfectly made with brass bearings and fittings throughout and with reasonable care should last for many years. There is a spray pump for every purpose, one to suit your exact needs. If you are interested, I will take pleasure in mailing you a complete Myer's spray pump catalog on request.

Mulford Cultures

FOR LEGUMES

Inoculate your Alfalfa, Clovers, Cow Peas, Soy Beans, Vetches, Peanuts and other legume crops with Mulford Culture. Small cost; large returns; easy to use and no labor expense. Mulford Culture contains pure, tested strains of active, vigorous nitrogen-fixing bacteria, for inoculating seeds of legumes or soil. Enormous numbers of these very valuable and desirable bacteria are thus available to you in every package of Mulford Culture and may readily be applied to your seed. The sealed bottle insures purity. Increase your crops; improve your soil. Legumes offer the best-known means of maintaining soil fertility and rebuilding overcropped and worn-out fields. They add both humus and nitrogen to your soil and thus increase your yield.

Mulford Cultures are scientifically prepared and tested by experts with the utmost care and skill. The use of Mulford Culture on any leguminous crop, means 50 to 100 per cent more of that particular crop per acre. It also means a storage in your soil of the highest priced element of plant food for successful crops. Is it not worth your while to use this culture? I have sold it here for years without a single complaint. As soon as you have tested this wonderful culture and have found what it would be for you with little or no labor, you will then be numbered with thousands of your friends who are using it.

I have selected Mulford's Culture from among the many that are offered as I believe it to be the best culture on the market today, being manufactured in the biological laboratories of H. K. Mulford Co., of Philadelphia, one of the best if not the biggest laboratory of its kind in America. Why not buy the best? Mulford Cultures costs you more than some; they are worth more than most. The nodules that form on the roots of legume crops are store houses of nitrogen, that costly element of plant food, that these bacteria have gathered from the air. Some of this goes to feed the plant while growing, but the larger part remains stored in the roots. After harvesting, the roots decay, leaving in the soil a store of nitrogen for other crops.

NOTE—There is a different kind of culture for each kind of legume, and you must tell what "kind of crop" you want to use it on when ordering. Culture for alfalfa, for instance, is not for any other crop. I have Mulford Cultures for the inoculation of Alfalfa, Crimson Clover, White Clover, Red Clover, Alsike Clover, Bur Clover, Cow-Peas, Soy Beans, Peanuts, Vetch, Velvet Beans, Japan Clover, Sweet Peas, Garden Peas, Garden Beans, Lima Beans.

PRICE—One-acre size bottle, \$1.50; 5-acre size bottle, \$5.00; ¼-acre size bottle, 75 cents; Small Garden size, for Garden Peas, Garden Beans, Lima Beans and Sweet Peas only, 35 cents; postpaid. Specify the crop you want to use it on, sure.



Alfalfa plant on left not inoculated—Plant on right inoculated with Mulford Culture for Alfalfa—All other conditions the same—The contrast speaks for itself.

Use My Special Quotation Sheet

Make out a list of your wants on the other side of this sheet and send it to me. I will then make you my very best prices and tell you what the express or freight charges will be to your station. I will return this sheet promptly with all information and prices and you can then decide whether or not I get the order. There is absolutely no obligation on your part to buy from me. I simply use this method of furnishing prices instead of issuing price lists. As you know, the price on some field seed changes almost every day and I am unable to price field seeds definitely in my catalog. The thing you are mostly interested in when you buy seeds is quality. When seeds come from Lee's you know they are of the highest quality. You next want to know the price of seeds in Fort Smith and what they will cost you delivered to your station. This special quotation sheet is to give you the latest prices on the seeds you want and what it will cost to deliver them by freight or express to your station. If you are a trucker, this sheet will save you money. It is often the case where a considerable quantity of farm or truck crop seed is wanted, I can make you lower prices than in the catalog. Make out a list of your wants and mail it to me today.

THIS SHEET IS NOT FOR FAMILY GARDEN LISTS

Please do not use this sheet in asking special quotations on family garden orders, such as seeds in packets and ounces, pounds and two pounds or special collections. Prices on packets and ounces, pound and two pounds, or special collections are clearly stated in the catalog and which prices include the postage paid by me. With these offers standing open to every seed buyer I can not and will not make special quotations on family garden lists.

Lee's Special Quotation Sheet

S-1923

PLEASE DO NOT WRITE IN THIS SPACE.

ARTHUR G. LEE, Fort Smith, Ark.,

Dear Sir:—

Please name me your lowest prices on the list of seed given below, at the same time advising me about what the Express or Freight charges would be delivered to my address. It is distinctly understood that in asking for this special quotation I am under no obligation to purchase same, and that this is entirely for my own information as to prices and Express or Freight rates.

Please Do Not Write in This Space

Name

P. O.

R. F. D. Box No. State

Express or Freight Office

(If Different from Your Post Office)

Received

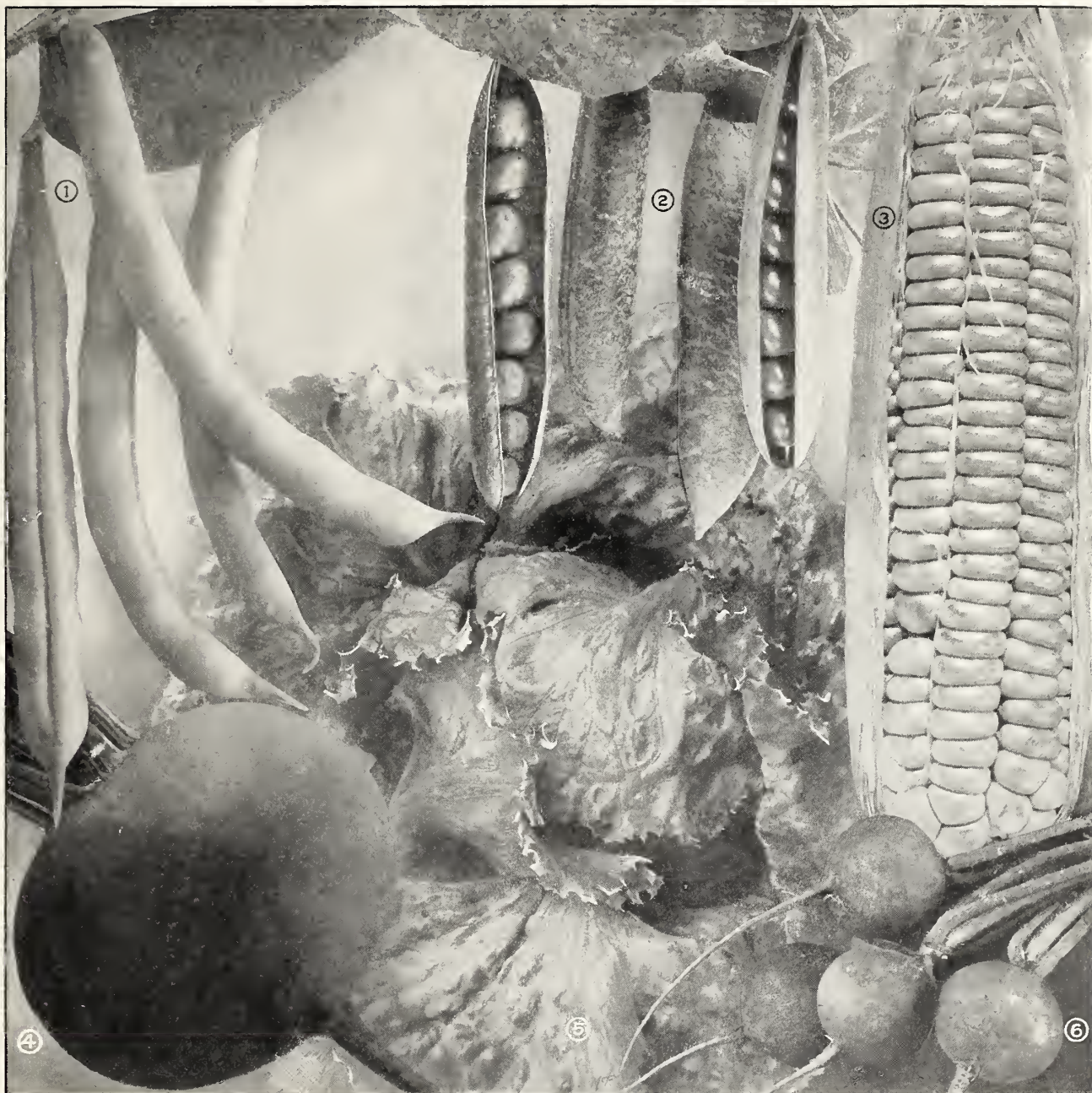
Quoted

QUANTITY	VARIETY	Please Do Not Write in These Spaces	

Give The Number of Bushels or Pounds Here

TEAR OFF ALONG THIS LINE

Fill out this sheet, send it to me now and I will make you my best prices.



Lee's Dollar Collection (No. 2) \$1.00, Postpaid

LEE'S DOLLAR COLLECTION	1 Pkt. Beans, Lee's Stringless Green Pod	\$0 10	1 Pkt. Lettuce, Hanson (Head)	\$0 10	TWENTY STANDARD VARIETIES
	1 Pkt. Beans, Kentucky Wonder	10	1 Pkt. Okra, Long Green Pod	05	
	1 Pkt. Sweet Corn, Golden Bantam	10	1 Pkt. Radish, Scarlet Turnip White-Tip	10	
	1 Pkt. Peas, Lee's Extra Early	10	1 Pkt. Radish, Long White Icicle	10	
	1 Pkt. Beet, Early Blood Turnip	10	1 Pkt. Tomato, Ponderosa	10	
	1 Pkt. Onion, Red Wethersfield	10	1 Pkt. Pepper, Royal King	10	
	1 Pkt. Cabbage, Early Jersey Wakefield	10	1 Pkt. Squash, White Bush Scallop	10	
	1 Pkt. Collards, True Georgia	05	1 Pkt. Carrots, Danvers Half-Long	05	
	1 Pkt. Mustard, Giant Curled	05	1 Pkt. Watermelon, Tom Watson	10	
	1 Pkt. Cucumber, Long Green	10	1 Pkt. Turnip, White Flat Dutch	05	

\$1 75

This dollar collection, I think is the ideal assortment for a first-class home-garden. It contains a complete assortment of vegetable seeds of the best varieties and has just the right amount of seed of each kind. If you want a good home-garden that will produce a variety of vegetables throughout the season, I recommend this collection. For \$1.00 I will send you postpaid this collection which contains twenty varieties of seeds. No change will be allowed in this collection. No others will be sold at this reduced price.



Lee's Dixie Rose Collection

\$2, POSTPAID

12 of the finest Everblooming Roses that grow, offered as Lee's Dixie Rose Collection, postpaid for \$2—3 Red, 3 Yellow, 3 Pink, and 3 White. This is truly a bargain for anyone.

If you prefer to order them separate from the collection, they are 30 cts. each, \$3 per dozen, postpaid.

- (7) My Maryland, clear glowing pink; (4) Lady Hillington, intense deep yellow; (8) La France, peach-blossom-pink; (5) Etoile de Lyon, bright sulphur-yellow; (2) White Maman Cochet, pure snow-white; (1) Kaiserin Augusta Victoria, soft pearly-white, lemon center; (9) Radiance, brilliant carmine-pink; (10) Rhea Reid, richest deep crimson; (6) Perle des Jardins, clear golden yellow; (11) Etoile de France, brilliant crimson; (3) Madison, pure white; (12) Gruss an Teplitz, fiery red.